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## NEW SWEET PEAS FOR 1912

In response to the demand made by Sweet Pea enthusiasts for Novelty Sweet Peas, we have arranged to devote a page of our catalog to a collection of the BEST Novelties of the season. The following list has been selected only after careful investigation, and we have no hesitancy in saying that the following Ten Sterling Novelties are a decided acquisition, and any one desiring to have the best cannot afford to miss growing this collection.

## Vermilion Brilliant. "Burpee 1911. brilliant, iridescent scarlet Spencer "Easily the produced." The above description given by its originator, Mr Hugh Dickson, is well taken, and describes this wonderful variety in a convincing way. All those who saw this Sweet Pea at the National Sweet Pea Society's show in Philadelphia, on June 29 and 30, where it was awarded the silver cup given by the Philadelphia

 North American, will doubtless recall it as a most striking variety. Vermilion Brilliant produces vines that are strong, short-jointed and very floriferous, bearing on stout stems, twelve to fifteen inches in length, three and four artistically placed flowers. When well grown, the plants are noteworthy in that, unlike all other Scarlet Spencers, the stems frequently produce FOURS. The flowers are of perfect form. The bold, erect standard is well waved and fluted in true Spencer style, of large size, beautifully rounded and finishing well below the keel. The wings are of the same intense pure scarlet as the standard, making a uniform self-color throughout and absolutely sunproof. For exhibition or garden decoration we are confident that this sterling novelty will take a prominent and lasting place in the esteem of all lovers, growers and exhibitors of Sweet Peas. Pkt. (25 seeds) 25 cts, 5 ptts. 8 s .
## "Duplex Spencer." (Burpee

 duces uniformly large, waved flowers of true Spencer type. In color both the standard and wings are a rich cream-pink, and practically all the plants give flowers with double or triple standards. On the sprays of four blooms each ( of which there is a great number) the two lower flowers are double, whilesometimes three of the flowers are double. The three-bloom sprays give the one or two lower flowers with twin or triple standards. Pkt. (25 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$I.

## Irish Belle Spencer. (Dream.) (Burpee cer. 1911.) A superbly beau-

 new shade in Sweet Peas. The coloring is uniform in both standard and wings,-a lovely rich lilac, flushed with pink, which gives a very distinct and soft tone throughout the entire flower. Of finest Spencer type, waved in both standard and wings, the flowers are of large size and well placed on long stems. Throughout the season, the flowers came invariably three and four to a stem. Certificated by the National Sweet Pea Society of America, June 29, 1911. Pkt. ( 25 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$.
## "Rainbow Spencer."

In this striking novelty we have a great advance in the striped section. The flowers are of giant proportions, generally produced three and four on a stem. They are nicely placed, with wings coming well up in front of the standard; in fact, the flower proportions are perfect. The ground color is ivory-white, flaked and lightly streaked with rose. Pkt. ( 25 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$r.
Edrom Beauty. $\begin{gathered}\text { This grand } \\ \text { variety is a }\end{gathered}$ fine orange-salmon-colored flower-a glorified "Helen Lewis;" it is an excellent doer, producing fours in abundance. A.M., N.S.P.S., 1909. Pkt. ( 25 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$ I.

## Mrs. Cuthbertson.

(Dobbie 1911.) A flower most perfect in form and outline. Standard clear rosepink in color, wings white, with slightest flushing of pale rose Clear away in front of every thing in its class; four flowers on nearly every stem, sometimes five. Much admired last season by the keenest exhibitors when the N.S.P.S. visited ourtrials at Marks Tey. Pkt. ( 20 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$
Mrs. Heslington. (Dobbie 1911.) the finest type of lavender flower yet introduced. It was raised by Mr. Heslington. It is a grand grower, producing fours in abundance. The color is lavender shaded with mauve. The difference between this and other lavenders is in the form and contour of the flower; the standard is full and perfectly waved. Pkt. (20 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$ r.
Nubian. This variety, a deep chocolate self, is considered to be one of the best in its color, and has been placed on top of the maroon section by the N.S.P.S.A.M., R.H.S., this vear. We have every reason to believe that all those desiring this shade, will find it a distinct acquisition and can be classed in the front rank as an exhibition bloom. Pkt. ( 20 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$ r.

## Pearl-Gray Spencer. $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { (Burpee } \\ 1911\end{array}\right)$

Pearl-Gray is truly a descriptive name. The nearest to this same color that has existed heretofore is the Grandiflora Lady Nina Balfour. It is certainly a most lovely and distinct shade that might be described as a pearl- or dove-gray, suffused with light rose, showing a trifle more of the delicate rose shading in the standard. The flowers, borne in clusters of three and four, are of the largest size and uniformly of true Spencer type, being well waved in both standard and wings. Pkt. ( 25 seeds) 25 c ., 5 pkts. $\$ \mathrm{i}$.

Lady Knox. A most distinct flower, the ground color of which is cream. The unique feature of this variety is a beautiful edging of fours. Award of Merit, R.H.S., I9II. Pkt. ( 20 seeds) 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.


## Your 1912 Garden

## Dear Reader:

In presenting our Spring Catalogue to you, we do so with the firm confidence which the steady growth in the number of customers and amount of business done justly warrants. We do not attempt to exploit that which we do not know the decided merits of; and where we have listed novelties of this year's introduction, they are from most reliable sources, and in many instances have been seen or tried out by ourselves.

While we attribute our continued increased business to a selection and study of quality, efficient and prompt service, we are also glad to note the continued interest in gardening. Even our large cities have realized the importance of this, the first work of man, and have instituted the School Garden, where children learn to know and love flowers and vegetables.

That eminent authority, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry for the Department of Agriculture, in a recent article, said: "No man, woman or child should live in any place where it is impossible to possess an individual plot of earth. A garden is one of the natural and inalienable rights of every human being. It is all very well to have a city house or apartment for a few months in the year, but you are greatly to be pitied if you must spend all your time in it. . . . I firmly believe that the way to solve the pure food problem, the congestion problem, the child problem, the labor problem-not to mention a few others-is simply to 'get back to the land.' '

Permit us to take this opportunity of thanking our many customers for their generous patronage in the past and of asking their continuance of the same.

## TERMS

FREE DELIVERY.-We deliver free of cost to you, via express or freight, our option, anywhere within 100 miles of New York, all seeds and bulbs when order amounts to $\$ 3$ or more. Vegetable and flower seeds ordered by packet, ounce, z-ounce, quarter-pound and pound are delivered free anywhere in the United States.

NOT DELIVERED.-Grass, clover and all farm seed, plants, except where otherwise noted, shrubs, trees, garden supplies, sprayers, lawn requisites, farm implements, insecticides and fertilizers are shipped via express or freight, purchaser paying charges. Postage should be added to all peas, beans and corn, when wanted by mail, at the rate of so cents per quart, otherwise same will be sent by express collect.

PACKING.-We make no charge for cases or packing, only for bags for timothy and clover ; these bags cost 25 cents extra for each two bushels.

REMITTANCES should be made by Draft on Bank, Post-office Order, Registered Letter or Express Money Order. Small sums may be sent in postage stamps of small denominations. Particular care is essential in having name, post-office, county and state distinctly written. We are in receipt of many orders deficient in these important particulars, often causing a delay of weeks in executing them, to the great inconvenience of both parties. Charge accounts are readily opened to all persons of approved credit.

NON WARRANTY. -While we exercise the greatest care to have all seeds pure and reliable, and all bulbs and plants true to name and of the best quality, we give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, production, or any other matter, of any Seeds, Bulbs or Plants we send out, and we will not be responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned. All claims must be made within 5 days after receipt of goods.

Julian H. Walter, President
George G. Stumpp, Treasurer
William A. Sperling, Secretary

Stumpp \& Walter Company
50 BARCLAY STREET, NEW YORK

## S. \& W. Co.'s Novelties and Specialties in Flower Seeds

The descriptions given on the following Novelties are those of the introducer, and in this connection we desire to say that all are from the best possible source of supply, and have been selected by us with every regard for the reliability of the introducer.

## THREE KINGS OF THE ASTER FAMILY



Giant Aster White King (Peer of the Grandest Chrysanthemum)
WHITE KING. Many people have doubtless grown Violet and Rose King, and their increasing popularity proves they were white. In habit, form of flowhty named. White King is an exact counterpart of Violet King except in color, which is a pure ghistening VIOLET KING. Perhaps one of the most extensively-grown Asters of its color. As a cut-flower; the florist has found it much in demand. Habit,-similar to popular Vick' s Branching. Form,-distimet from every other variety; petals violet-lilac. Pkt. ro cts., $1 / 8$ oz. 50 cts.
ROSE KING Possesses all the characteristics of a good Aster; vigorous in habit, with stems frequently two feet in length. flowers large, crowns completely covered. Pkt. 15 cts ., 1/8oz. \$1.

Collection one packet each three varieties, 40 ets.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## TEN CHOICE AMERICAN ASTERS

The ten Asters listed are in every way the finest varieties of American origin to date, and should be grown in every garden.

## Royal Pink

Possessing all the characteristics of our famous Late Branching and identical in habit with Royal Purple, except in color which is a beautiful shell-pink, with the added advantage of blooming several weeks earlier than the Late Branching. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for $\$ \mathrm{r}$.

## Royal Purple

Considered by most people who have grown this variety as the best medium early branching Aster of its color. It has all the advantages of vigor and productiveness and a color very striking. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Early Snowdrift

The earliest white Aster in existence. When planted early the plants will grow quickly and send out from eight to fifteen long, slender stems, crowned with immense feathery flowers. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz}$. 50 cts .

## Cardinal

This Aster is considered as the best bedding variety in its color, a rich cardinal, and makes as brilliant a showing as the scarlet salvia. Pkt. 10c., I/8Oz. 50 cts.

## Lavender Gem

Truly a gem and easily the finest early Lavender. Full double flower, the feathery effect of the ostrich-feathered type, to which it belongs, is enhanced by the fact that it bears a large proportion of long, partly tubular florets that are irregularly cut and slashed, so that the flowers resembled ragged Clirysanthemums. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.


Royal Pink Aster

## Improved Crego Pink

The plants are vigorous and productive of from ten to fifteen strong flower-stems frequently two feet or more in length. The really distinctive feature of this Aster is its color, which is a beautiful pure shell-pink, flowers rarely less than 4 to 5 inches, in bloom from mid-August on through September. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz}$. 50 cts .


Improved Crego Pink Aster

## Early Upright White

One of the best selling novelties of last season. Plants grow compactly, with long, erect, flower-stems, which are quite free from side shoots. Plants yield eight to twelve flowers. For an early variety the flowers are unusually large and have a solid, compact ball-shaped appearance. The crown is completely covered; petals of medium length. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## White King

Many people have doubtless grown Violet and Rose King, and their increasing popularity proves they were rightly named. White King is an exact counterpart of Violet King except in color which is a pure glistening white. In habit, form of flower, they are the same; and speaking of size, they may easily be had 5 inches in diameter. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.

## Violet King

Perhaps one of the most extensively grown Asters of its color. As a cut-flower the florist has found it much in demand. Habit,similar to popular Vick's Branching. Form,-distinct from every other variety; petals resembling somewhat the quilled varieties. Shape and size,-many of the flowers measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Color,-a soft violet-lilac. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .50$ cts.

## Rose King

Possesses all the characteristics of a good Aster; vigorous in habit, with stems frequently two teet in length, flowers large, crowns completely covered. Pkt. I5 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.


SPENCER SWEET PEAS, ETTA DYKE

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## S. \& W. CO.'S EXHIBITION SPENCER COLLECTION

The Sweet Pea enthusiast will find the following twenty-five varieties of unusual merit, and where a collection is desired for exhibition purposes, we can strongly recommend same. Our Novelty Collection, on second page of cover, is also recommended.

## White

ETTA DYKE. A grand white of fine form, and unquestionably the finest white Sweet Pea in existence. Pkt. I5c., oz. 35c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.
NEW WHITE SPENCER. Considered by many to rank as being among the best white for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{r}$.

## Primrose

PRIMROSE SPENCER. Best primrose to date; almost as large as the White Spencer and a fitting companion to it. Pkt. ro cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Scarlet

GEORGE STARK. This variety is considered to be the finest Scarlet Pea as yet introduced. The flower is bold and of extraordinary substance. The standards are nicely waved and upright. As an exhibition variety this Pea is sure to rank high. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.

## Cream Pink

MRS. HUGH DICKSON. Pale salmon-pink on cream ground. The best cream-pink Sweet Pea, and admittedly the best novelty sent out in 1910. Put at the top of the cream-pink section by N. S. P. S., 1910 (British). Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.

## Deep Cream Pink

MIRIAM BEAVER. In shape, size, graceful arrangement on the stems, free-blooming and seedless nature, it is in all respects the same as Countess Spencer. Its novelty is its color-a glowing but soft apricot, tinted, shaded and suffused with lemon. Any one growing this grand variety must not expect to obtain but a small proportion true. At present the best type has been unfixable. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

## Pink and Salmon-Pink

COUNTESS SPENCER. The coloring of this grand variety is a soft pink, which deepens to the outer edges and becomes still richer and more heavily suffused in cool weather. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.

## Orange-Pink

HELEN LEWIS. Very large, bright orange-salmon flowers usually four. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Rose and Carmine

MARIE CORELLI. Both in England and America it has been pronounced by Sweet Pea experts as being in fore rank of the distinct Spencer Novelties. The large flowers are brilliant rose-carmine on red, and uniformly of true Spencer type. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
GEORGE HERBERT SPENCER. An excellent bright rosy carmine and particularly fine when seen under artificial light. The flowers are generally borne four on a stem; of the largest size, wings and standard well fluted. Pkt. Ioc., oz. 20c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{c}$.

## Blush

W. T. HUTCHINS. Soft buff, primrose and blush, shading to apricot-pink at the margin. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 / \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.
LOVELY SPENCER. Standard light blush-pink with blotch of rose at the base, wings same; all suffused with soft buff. The mid-rib on the standard is a little deeper. Pkt. o cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4 1b. 75 cts .
MRS. ROUTZAHN SPENCER. A beautiful blending of soft straw color, tinted with blush-pink and shading to apricot and rose at the edges, with quite a distinct rose margin. Pkt. Io cts., $\mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Crimson

KING EDWARD SPENCER. This sterling novelty is the nearest approach in color to the popular King Edward VII in the waved and Spencer type. Bright crimson. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Lavender

MASTERPIECE. A very fine lavender Spencer; absolutely true and fixed. In addition to receiving the A. M. of the N. S. P. S., in 1910 (British), it stands at the top of the lavenders for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 15 cts , oz. 50 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{r} .50$.
ASTA OHN. This is considered the first lavender of the true Spencer type that has originated in America. The flowers are of large size. Color throughout both standard and wings is a charming soft lavender, suffused with mauve. Pkt. io cts, oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Mauve

TENNANT SPENCER. Purplish mauve, this variety is much larger and finer than the popular Romolo Prazzani of the grandiflora type. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.

## Blue

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES SPENCER. The name we have adopted fully describes this variety. A bright, striking variety, and decidedly new in Spencer varieties. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts .

## Maroon

OTHELLO SPENCER. The best of the dark varieties, being very large and of the finest type. It is a deep maroon and particularly of rich velvet effect. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Picotee-edged-White Ground

DAINTY SPENCER. Is the most beautiful pink-edged variety; and ground color is pure white with a very distinct margin of rosepink. The edging on the standard is considerably heavier than on the wings. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.

## Picotee-edged-Cream Ground

MRS. C. W. BREADMORE. A lovely new picotee of true Spencer type. The large flowers are borne profusely three and four to a stem, and are distinctly pink-edged on a cream ground. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Bicolor

APPLE BLOSSOM SPENCER. This variety somewhat resembles the long-time popular Apple Blossom, but of enlarged size and true Spencer type. The petals are waved and crinkled to a remarkable degree, with distinct serrations on the edges of the standard. Like the original Apple Blossom, some flowers are deeper in color than others on the same vine. A very free bloomer. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4b. 75 cts.

## Striped and Flaked

AURORA SPENCER. As to color, this is an exact counterpart of Aurora Sweet Pea. The ground color of the flower is a creamwhite, and this is exquisitely flaked and mottled with rich orangesalmon. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. \$1.
RAMONA SPENCER. Like our well-known Ramona, this variety is clear white, with soft, delicate lines and flakes of blushpink. It is of the very finest form and immense size. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts . $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
SENATOR SPENCER. One of the largest Spencers and an excellent waved form. The ground color is wavy and the stripes. flakes and splashes are of seal brown, chocolate and heliotrope. The general effect of the blossom is brown, and a bunch is very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{r}$.

## THREE SELECT BEGONIAS

 Begonia Gracilis Mignon $\begin{gathered}\text { (Benary). Mignon is a } \\ \text { dwart }\end{gathered}$ growing variety of Begonia gracilis, and ranks in size between it and the Dwarf Vernon. Not exceeding 7 or 8 inches in height, the plants branch so freely that they form almost globalar bushes 8 to Io inches across, which are profusely covered with brilliant blooms of a fiery scarlet-red, the effect of which is considerably heightened by the prominent yellow anthers. The foliage, of a soft, dark green, spotted and bordered with bronzy red, forms an effective background to the scarlet of the flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.Begonia, Salmon Queen. This is a most brilliant perflorens type; grows about 12 inches high, and as a bedding variety is most desirable. When Dwarf Ageratum is used for border, this variety makes a delightful contrast. Pkt. 25 cts.
Begonia Triumph This Begonia of the semperflorens
 the Salmon Queen will prove most effective. Pkt. 25 cts.

Bellis perennis, fl. pl., Giant White. riety vasimilar to one above, only color is pure white. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Chrysanthemum inodorum, Bridal Robe.

This new introduction received an Award of Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society, of London. The plant is compact with double flowers of the purest white, carried well above the dark green, finely cut foliage. The cut-flowers are admirably adapted for all kinds of floral work. Hardy annual; I foot. Pkt. 25 cts.
Clarkia fl. pl., Pink Beauty. This is a distinct adias, which has resulted from careful selection of the tall-growing varieties. The variety we offer is quite fixed in character; the color is


Dimorphotheca aurantiaca

CLARKIA FL. PL., PINK BEAUTY, continued
beautiful salmon-pink. Plants grow about 2 feet high, which makes them a good subject for pots or open-ground culture. A grand acquisition to the hardy annual section. Pkt. 25 cts.
Double Blue Cornflower. $\begin{aligned} & \text { This variet } \text { is identical } \\ & \text { in color with the popu- }\end{aligned}$ lar Single Blue variety which is so much in demand for cutting. especially for boutonnieres, but being a full double flower it takes fewer of them to make a bunch and is better in every way. Pkt. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Dimorphotheca aurantiaca. $\begin{gathered}\text { Orange } \\ \text { Annual. } \\ \text { This is by fy }\end{gathered}$, the best introduction in recent years, the plants are of branching habit, growing about 15 inches high; the flowers are a rich golden orange with a dark center; being an annual, it is easily cultivated and will give a magnificent display all summer. Very highly recommended. Pkt. 10 cts., 3 pkts. 25 cts ., $1-16 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Dimorphotheca aurantiaca hybrida. New se.

hybrids in splendid mixture. We are pleased to be able to offer this charming novelty. In habit, growth and foliage, as well as in height and size of bloom, the new hybrids are similar to the parent, $D$. aurantiaca. The flowers vary in color from the purest white to red, bluish white tints, sulphur-lemon, bright golden-yellow, light orange, beautiful salmon shades from tender salmon to deep salmony orange. Even varieties with different colored zones, such as white with a broad sulphur-yellow zone around the black disc, or soft salmon with a deep salmony red inner circle, are frequent, and thus enhance the beauty of these new hybrids. They are very easily grown, and we feel sure will become very popular. Pkt. 35 cts .
Francoa glabrata. A new half-hardy Francoa from Chili, green, entirely smooth leaves. forming dense tufts of broad, ight white, are very freely produced on large-branched spikes, and will be found invaluable for bouquets. Pkt. 35 cts ., 3 pkts . $\$ \mathrm{I}$.
Gerbera Jamesonii. Transvaal Dassy. The scarlet Gerera Jamesoni. Marguerite: Very distinct; fine either for outdoor or indoor growing. Half:hardy perennial. Pkt. $(25$ seeds 25 tis.
Gerbera Jamesonii hybrida. This beantiul noveby Mr. Lynch, curator of the Boanaicic Girdens, at at Cam: bridge, England. Mr. Lynch added to the brilliant orange-scarlet of the type a series of fine new colors, including rose, pure yellow, orange, salmon, cerise and ruby-red to violet. This variety is somewhat hardier than the parent form, and their beautiful starry flowers are borne on long, rigid stalks, rendering them most admirably suited to all kinds of floral decoration. It is recommended when sowing to place seed with pointed end upwards and just peeping over the surface of the soil. Pkt. 50 cts .

## Gaillardia Lorenziana, The Bride.

The annual Gaillardias have always been very popular, more e eppecilly the double Lorernzians, and we feef that the variety that we now ofer as "The Bride" will be much sought ater. The fower is white very double and borne on very long tallks, making it an ideal plant either for bediding or cut bloms. Ptt. 25c., 5 ptts. sL .
Godetia, Sunset. Dwarf con pa ate; the rosy crimson, and by fat the most compact, forming perfect bushes of bloom. 9 inches in height. Pkt. to cts, \%oz. 25 cts, 02,90 cts.

## Godetia, Carter's Double Pink.

Hardy annual, quite distinct, producing long spikes with eighteen to twenty beautiful double pink blooms. They make an excellent cut-flower, a spike of halfopened buds continuing to develop for a long time if fresh supplies of water be given daily. It also makes an effective pot-plant for the conservatory stage when sown at end of summer and kept growing through the winter in a cool house. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.
Godetia, New Lavender. During the it is trailing; when commencing to blom the phe plants are urieht, attaining a height of 2 feet; otherwise the habit is tike most of present species. The fowers are nearly 2 inches across and are produced in roval abundance. Pkt. 15 cts, 2 pkts. 25 cts.

Gypsophila elegans carminea. A carmine-flowmuch brighter than the old variety G. elegans rosea; a great improvement. The plants grow from 10 to 12 inches in height and are covered with bloom. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Helenium, Riverton Gem. $\begin{gathered}\text { Of strong growth, } 2 / 3 / \\ \text { to } \\ 3\end{gathered}$ erally covered from the middle of August till the end of October with brilliant flowers, opening oid gold, changing as they mature to wallflower-red. Pkt. 15 cts., 2 pkts. 25 cts.
Helenium, Riverton Beauty. $\begin{gathered}\text { Similar to the pre- } \\ \text { ceding } \\ \text { in }\end{gathered}$ way except color, the petals being a rich lemon-yellow, surrounding a large cone of purplish hlack; a striking combination. Pkt. is cts., 2 pkts. 25 cts.

## Helianthus cucumerifolius purpureus.

The Real Red Sunflower. A real Helianthus whose flowers show the red colors so much desired and sought for. The whole scale of colors from the light pink to the deepest purple is already to be found with these new hybrids, and it is only a question of time that also the blood-red, the copper-red and other red tints will adorn these true Sunflowers. The richness of forms of these Red Sunflowers is as interesting as beautiful. Straight and flat petals vary with twisted and pointed ones, which, on their part, appear colored in the various shades of purple, forming often a distinct circle, on yellow ground around the dark blue. Pkt. 35 cts ., 5 pkts. \$1.50.
Marigold, Giant-flowered African. This strain of Marigold has African. been brought about by careful selection on the part of our growers, and those wishing unusually large flowers of this very charming annual will not be disappointed by giving these a trial.
Giant Show Lemon. Pkt. 25 cts.
Giant Show Orange. Pkt. 25 cts.
Myosotis alpestris stricta grandiflora. Large- tiowering Piil me-not. The Stricta class has been welcomed as a great favorite with the public, distinguishing itself by the most striking and very charming structure of the plant. All the branches that form the plants grow straight, without ever bending aside, and take on a very beautiful pyramidal form. Its habit mades it a very desirable pot-plant variety, or as an edging for flower beds.
Grandiflora, Fair Maiden. Excellent light pink.
Grandiflora, Royal Blue. Dark blue Grandiflora, White. Excellent white.

Pkt. 10 ets., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50$ ets.


Pyrethrum, Comet-flowered

Petunia, Single Pink Beauty. This is a grand Bedding Petunias. Beautiful brilliant rose-pink, throat suffused yellow. This Petunia, if planted in beds or rockeries, will prove very effective. Pkt. 25 cts .

## THREE SINGLE ANNUAL POPPIES

These three varieties of annual Poppies are well worthy of a trial, being very easy to grow; succeeding very well under varied

KING EDWARD. With this beautiful novelty we have another splendid addition to the rich collection of single annual Poppies and a worthy companion to such fine sorts as Admiral, Charles Darwin, Miss Sherwood and Dainty Lady, which have been sent out during the last few years. The plants of this new variety, $21 / 2$ feet in height, bring forth in great profusion large flowers of a deep scarlet red, of gorgeous effect, which is heightened by the large black blotch adorning each petal for half its length from the base. From this sable hue the yellow anthers stand out in appropriate contrast. With this new and strikingly handsome Poppy, which comes quite true from seed, highly ornamental and most effective groups for border decoration can be made. Pkt. 15 cts.
VIRGINIA. A large-flowering, annual Poppy, with single, white - fringed flowers, edged with delicate rose, charming for vases and lasting a long time when cut at an early stage of the flowering. Cultivate same as other annual Poppies. Pkt. 15 cts.
CHARLES DARWIN. Remarkable for the unique color of its large, smooth-edged flowers, being a striking rich, dark purple, with a velvety black spot at the base of each petal. A dense wreath of white anthers produces a fine contrast with the extraordinary color of the flower. Pkt. Io cts
Collection 1 pkt. ea. of 3 varieties, 25c.

## Pyrethrum, Comet-Flow-

 ered. A selection of the useful and exered. tremely free-blooming perennial Py rethrums. The flowers are large ( 2 to 3 inches across), either single or semi-double, and of the most bizarre form, the petals being rolled, twisted, or sometimes tangled together. A similar range of color will be found in these fine comet-flowered Pyrethrums as among the ordinary type, i. e., from pure white through flesh color and rose to brilliant carmine and blood-red. They will certainly furnish excellent material for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.Salvia patens compacta nana. New Dwarf Blue Salvia. A new about a dwarf form of the popular plant flower spikes which stand well clear of the foliage and hear blooms larger and of a deeper hue that the older variety. Pkt. 25 cts .

## New Giant-flowered Verbena Mixture.

Introducer's description. If I bring under this name a new class of Verbenas before the public, I am aware that it has to be of extraordinary beauty in order to surpass all best varieties and strains in existence. I can assert that my new giant-flowered Verbenas excel all other varieties hitherto known by the size and noble shape of the flower, its rich display of colors and shades, and by the fact that seedlings come quite true, not varying as some older valuable varieties do, but keeping quite up to the standard. This novelty here offered contains a large percentage of red colors of various shades, such as Tyrian-Rose, Purple-Garnet, Turkey-Red, Geranium-Red, bright rosy Scarlet and others, colorations of highest value, especially as most Verbena mixtures decline to the blue shades. The flowerets are enormously large and have, without exception, a large, brilliant, white eye, which gives to the flower a most effective appearance. Pkt. 25 cts.
Zinnia Haageana Stellata. The Zinnia Haageana miniature cactus dahlia, so truly does it render the character of the cactus form with its pointed petals twisted downward. The plant forms a low, compact bush with strong green foliage. Flowers from July until frost. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Recent Novelties and Specialties in Vegetable Seeds

New Dark-Leaved Globe Beet
THE DARK-FLESHED ROUND BEET
Hitherto, the improved selections of turniprooted Beet have been wanting in that important essential, a dark leaf. The novelty we offer has not only a dark leaf like the best decorative strains, but is equal in the color of the flesh to the Dell's type. These two important features, coupled with its handsome form, place this variety in the front rank of this class of Beet. Per pkt. Ioc., oz. 25 cts., I/ $/ \mathrm{lb}$. 65 cts ., 1b. $\$ 2.25$.

## The New Burpee Improved Bush Lima

## Bean

Earliest, largest and the best of all large Limas! The sturdy bushe: are loaded with pods that are truly enormous in size! The luscious green beans are larger than any Limas ever known before! It differs from the best strains of Burpee's Bush Lima in having uniformly much latger pods producing more beans, while both pods and beans are not only larger in size but also considerably thicker. The stiffly erect upright bushes are more vigorous in growth with heavier foliage. Full-grown bushes measure thirty inches in height and twenty-four inches across the top, producing magnificent crops of pods which measure from five to six inches long by one and onequarter inches wide. The blossom-bearing stalks are thrown well out from the foliage, and the pods are borne in what might be called "clusters" of from five to eight. It is fully eight to ten days earlier than any other Large Lima, either bush or pole. This one feature alone would suffice quickly to make it the most popular of all Large Limas. Per $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .20 \mathrm{cts} .$, pt. 30 cts ., qt. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 4$ qts. $\$ 1.60$.

## Brussels Sprouts, S. \& W. Co.'s Favorite <br> LONG ISLAND GROWN

A very fine strain, the result of many years' careful selection; for color, hardiness and productiveness it cannot be equaled.

An extra-fine variety for either private- or market-garden trade. It has a thin, smooth skin, fine flavor, and we do not know of a variety that will give such general satisfaction. Price, pkt. Io cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 3.50$.


Cabbage, Danish Drumhead

## Cabbage Goliath

This Cabbage resembles the Filder or Pomeranian, but the heads are much larger, firmer and broader at the base. They are of a deep, dark green color with rosy ribs. It is a late variety and can be highly recommended for large establishments and for preserving purposes. Where the production of considerrable quantities is required, Goliath has no equal, producing under normal conditions heads averaging Io to 12 lbs . in weight, while single specimens often turn the scale at 14 or 15 lbs . It is far superior in this respect even to the Brunswick, the variety generally used up till now for these purposes. Pkt. ro cts., 3 pkts. 25 cts.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Large Late Solid Dutch Cabbage

This is without a doubt the best of all the late Cabbages, either for home use or market; large, solid and of a crisp, fine flavor. It is one of the best Cabbages we have ever known for keeping during the winter, is an excellent kraut cabbage, and should be grown and known by every one who raises Cabbages. Per pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts.. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 2.50$.

## Danish Drumhead Cabbage

Averages much larger in size than the Ballhead, is about two weeks earlier, fine-grained, sweet-flavored, and the best Cabbage for winter use. Per pkt. Io cts., $1 / 202.20 \mathrm{cts} .$, oz. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{lb} . \$ 3 \cdot 50$.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Improved Long Red Surrey Carrot

A great improvement on the various types of Long Orange Carrot, obtained by a careful selection for successive years of the bestformed and deepest-colored roots; it is larger, better flavored, of a deeper orange color, and more certain to produce a crop than any type of long carrot; flesh very sweet and tender; very productive, and never becomes hard or woody at the heart. The roots grow very regular and smooth; they are of good size, being from six to eight inches in length and two inches in diameter at the top, tapering gradually from the shoulder to the tip of the roots. In color, shape or size this is the ideal sort for a market gardener's late crop. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.

## Sutton's New Red Intermediate

## Carrot

This excellent Carrot needs no recommendation. It is handsome in form, and as it is of fine color and texture it is well suited for exhibition. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $75 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.

## New Curled Swiss Chard

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## Early White Albino Potato

This wonderful new, early Potato is a good cropper. The skin and flesh are extremely white, of exceptionally good cooking quality and very prolific, fully as early as the old Early Rose in maturing, and particularly valuable for the early market by reason of its fine shape and early maturity. The vines grow erect, and is one of the best early varieties to withstand blight and disease. Plant this Potato early in good soil and give it good cultivation, and pleasing results are sure at harvest time. One grand thing in favor of this early Potato is its great keeping quality. Pk. $\$ 1,1 / 2$ bus. $\$ 1.75$, bus. $\$ 3$, bbl. $\$ 7$.

## Potato, Green Mountain, Jr.

## NEW WHITE SEEDLING

It is practically thorough-bred or pure bred. It has all the parents' good qualities and in general appearance is the same, except it is a trifle


Early White Albino Potato whiter in color and the skin more netted. It grows round to oblong, somewhat flattened; eyes shallow. The sprouts in spring are white and stubby and do not grow very long. Soon after the stalks appear above the surface they branch very much, the broad, dark green leaves lying close to and completely covering the ground, which will kill weeds and grass and have a tendency to hold moisture. It will make a vigorous, rapid growth, set a large number in the hill and mature to the best marketable size a few days earlier than its parents. Blossom is white, with yellow center stalks. Cooking quality excellent. The past season on our trial grounds it gave a yield at the rate of 640 bushels per acre. Per 4 qts. 50 cts., 8 qts. 90 cts., $1 / 2$ bus. $\$ \mathrm{I} .60$. bus. $\$ 2.75$, bbl. $\$ 7$.

## Spinach, New Zealand

This plant is grown to supply the place of the ordinary Spinach during the hottest months of the year, or in dry, arid localities where ordinary spinach does badly. The seed is sown either in a hotbed or open ground during May, where the plants are to stand, and the plants will continue to yield a supply of leaves during the entire summer, requiring hardly any attention. The leaves are eaten boiled and minced like ordinary Spinach. This grand vegetable is not well enough known, and should be grown in every garden. In fact, it can be called cut-and-come-again Spinach, as it is a continuous bearer. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts ., lb. $\$ \mathrm{r}$.

## Spinach, "Triumph." Hardy, Long-Standing

A new, distinct and very hardy round-seeded Spinach, with large thick fleshy dark green leaves, which are produced in great abundance even in the coldest season.

While hardiness is one of its most meritorious features, it is equally valuable for Summer use, both on account of the good qualities of the leaves and the fact that the plant is slower in running to seed than any variety now in commerce.

This Spinach has been submitted to the most severe tests at the Witham Seed Farms during the past three years, and we confidently recommend it as a novelty of sterling merit. Pkt. Io cts., oz. i $5 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$., $\mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{r} .25$.


Potato, Green Mountain, Jr.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Sunrise Tomato

As the name properly infers this is an extremely early Tomato and from our trials proved to be of exceptional quality. A large majority of the vines produced excellent fruit early in July.

The chief points in Sunrise are
Its earliness. It ripens several days earlier than most varieties.

Its prolific character.
Its robust constitution. No trace of disease.
Its solid but delicate flesh. Contains very few seeds and practically no eye.

Its evenness of size as a dessert fruit.
Its bright scarlet color and rich acid flavor.
Its equal value for indoor or outdoor cultivation.

Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$I.

## WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTY DAHLIAS

Our list contains the cream of this year's introductions from a famous English Dahlia grower.


Field of Improved Black Was Beans

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Vegetable Seeds

It has always been our endeavor to list only such sorts of Vegetable Seeds which, from our tests at our "Brookside" Trial Grounds, we have found to be of superior merit, and while we have in many instances not listed certain varieties, which have been stricken out on account of being out of date, we have in every instance listed a superior sort.

WE Strongly Recommend all varieties listed in bold type

## ARTICHOKE

One ounce will pro-
duce 500 plants

Large Green Globe. The well-known French vegetable. The undeveloped flowerheads when properly prepared make a most delicious dish. Pkt. io cts., ounce $3 \overline{5} \mathrm{c}$., 1/4 lb . $\$ 1$.<br>Jerusalem. Roots, see page 35 .

## ASPARAGUS

One ounce will plant about 50 feet of drill
Conover's Colossal. A mammoth green sort of the largest size and of good quality. lb. 40 cts .
Columbian Mammoth White. A sport from Conover's Colossal. It proartificial blanching. Pkt 5 cts , oz iocts, artificial blanching. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Culture. The demand for Asparagus as an early spring vegetable is becoming quite popular. An Asparagus bed intended for family use can be quickly established by the planting of our Mammoth Roots, which should be set out in the spring in rich soil. Dig a trench about 2 feet deep and $x^{1 / 2}$ feet wide, and fill in to about one foot from the surface with well-rotted manure. On this put about six inches of good garden soil and lay the roots is inches apart, then fill up, leaving the crown about 4 inches below the surface. In placing the crown in the ground be sure to see that the roots are well separated, thus permitting them to become feeders in every direction. A good plan to follow is to have the rows about 4 to 5 feet apart, thus permitting of easy cultivation as soon as the Asparagus shows above the soil. To get best results, Asparagus should not be cut until the second year. A yood method of cultivation is to work in a liberal supply of manure after the first spring cutting.

## Conover's Colossal, Columbian Mammoth White and Palmetto



## LIMA BEANS (Pole)

One quart will plant 100 hills

Culture-Lima, or Shell Beans are not to be planted too early or they will rot; May 20 to June i in the latitude of New York is about right. Put five or six seeds in hills three to four feet apart each way, placing them edgewise with the eye downward and covering two inches deep. They require a pole seven feet high, and a nice warm loam. Pinch back when the vine reaches the top of the pole and the yield will be increased. They may be started early under glass in small boxes, and transplanted about the time the seeds are usually planted. Limas are the most popular table bean; surplus stock may be ripened and dried for winter use.
S. Eg W. Co.'s Green-Seeded. The vine is very strong, of vigorners or branches, producing a great many fine pods which are closely filled with large beans. In shape these beans are similar to Burpee's Improved. The pods contain from three to four beans, a large proportion containing four This is a broadseeded Bean, much thicker than the ordinary Pole Lima. It is a plump, well. developed seed and comes nearer to having every bean perfect than any other Pole Lima. The green tint is a distinctive feature of this Bean, for it retains this tint in the dry state to a greater extent than usual, which indicates the fine qualities which it possesses, being fine-flavored and more tender when conked than white-seeded Beans, and making it more pleasing to gardeners and housekeepers. It is the most perfect Pole Lima. 1/4lb. 15 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{c}$., lb. 40 cts., 5 lbs. \$1. 75 .
Challenger, or Potato. Early and ductive. Quality the best. Pkt. io cts., pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} .$, qt. 35 c ., pk. $\$ 2$. Large White. Large, greenish white beans, of finest flavor, shelled green and also good dried for winter use. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pt} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt}$. 35 cts., pk. \$2.

## Ford's Mammoth.

 Without exception, the largest-podded, finest-flavored and most productive of all Lima Beans. 1/2 pt, $15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pt} .25 \mathrm{cts}$, qt. 45 cts., pk. $\$ 3$.Early Leviathan. One week than. earlier than any, two weeks earlier than most. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{c}$., pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts .

## LIMA BEANS (Dwarf Bush)

## One quart will plant 100 feet of drill

Plant in light, rich soil, in drills two feet apart, dropping the seeds about one foot apart in the row and cover two inches.
Fordhook. "This bean is of the type of Dreer's Bush Lima, which it most bears its beans in clusters of two to five well out from the plant on long spikes. There are from three to five beans in each pod with an average of four. The beans are round and thick like those of Dreer's Bush and have the same mild delicious flavor. This Bean (like illustration) is far ahead of anything which anybody has known in Lima Beans up the present. Its productiveness is far ahead of Dreer's Bush,-is earlier by four or five days and is better all round." We have made extensive trials of this Bush Lima Bean in the past season on our Trial Grounds, and consider it the very best of all Bush Lima Beans, in productiveness, size, and the flavor cannot be equaled by any other Lima Bean. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 15 cts., pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. $\$ 2.75$.
Henderson's Bush Lima. Early and very productive. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} .$, pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} .$, qt. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ 2.25$.
Burpee's Bush Lima. A bush form of the large Pole Lima, the beans being large and flat like those of that variety. Productive and good. Pkt. 10c., pt. 20c., qt. 35c., pk. \$2.25.
Dreer's Bush Lima. The bush form of Dreer's Improved Lima, the beans growing close together in the pods. Pkt. 1oc., pt. 20 cts., qt. 35 cts., pk. $\$ 2.25$.


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## 

CULTURE.-About the first of May select a warm, dry, sheltered spot, dig and manure slightly, make drills 2 inches deep and 18 inches apart; place the beans 3 inches apart in the drills and cover about 2 inches deep; use the hoe frequently to keep down weeds. Sow every two weeks for succession.

## GREEN-PODDED

The following varieties, packets or half-pints, 10 cts. each, postpaid Black Valentine. The finest of all the green-podded Bush Beans; tender, stringless, of the finest flavor, and retains the fresh green appearance after being cooked; this Bean can be planted for succession from the earliest planting until August 15, giving a continuous supply during the entire season. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25$, pk. \$2.
Black Valentine Forcing. Same as above, only selected for forcing in greenhouse or frames. 1/2pt. 15 cts., pt. 25 cts., qt. 45 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.50$.
Bountiful. To this Bean belongs the distinction of being one of the best flat, green podded Bush Beans; very prolific and a continuous bearer from early spring, as well as to late fall. It is absolutely stringless, tender and of delicious flavor. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts., 1/2 pk. \$1.15, pk. \$2.25.
Giant Stringless Green-pod. An extremely large Bean; very early, producing handsome pods, some of which measure 6 inches in length. This variety has been grown quite extensively by some of our most critical customers, who have sent us very favorable reports. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ \mathrm{r} .25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2$.
Early Red Valentine. This variety is valuable not only on account of its earliness, yielding qualities. Pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt}$. 30 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.15, \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ 2$.
Burpee's Stringless. A very excellent stringless green-podded bush Bean, as well as a very early variety. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Dwarf Horticultural. A late and very productive variety. Stringless and of excellent flavor. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 30 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$, pk. $\$ \mathrm{r} .75$.

Bountitul Beans


## Early Long Yellow Six-

Weeks. An early variety; flat and - full pods. Pt. 20 cts., qt. $35 \mathrm{cts} .1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Early Mohawk. Early flat-podded variety of sturdy and hardy form ; an excellent variety for early planting. Pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., q t .30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. \$1.10, pk. \$2.
Full Measure. Large, round pods, tender and stringless. A very good keeper and shipper. Pt. 20c., qt. 35c., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. \$1.25, pk. \$2.25.
Large White Kidney. An excellent shell variety; fine for baking. Pt . 15 cts., qt. 30 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.75$
Longfellow. Remarkably prolific variety; pods round, long and straight; fine flavor. Pt. 20 cts . qt. 35 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Refugee Extra-Early. This sort has the qualities of the famous late variety; but is considerably earlier in podding. Pt. I 5 cts ., qt. 30 cts. 1/2 pk, \$1.25, pk. \$2.25.
Refugee Late ( 1,000 to 1). Medium to late; very productive and tender; largely grown for maincrop. Pt. 15 cts ., qt. 30 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. \$1.25, pk. \$2.25.
Triumph of the Frames.


A good variety for forcing or early outdoor work. Produces a mass of pale green pods, tender and delicious. Pt. 25 cts., qt. 45 cts., $3 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$, pk. $\$ 2.75$.
French Forcing Dwarf Emerald. Very dwarf variety prolific; ture. Pt. 40 cts ., qt. $75 \mathrm{cts} ., 8 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.50, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 4.50$.
Our prices on Beans remain same as last year, notwithstanding crop conditions.
On Beans add 5 cts . per pint, and 10 cts . per quart, to cover postage. Our packages of Beans contain a full balf-pint

## DWARF, or BUSH WAX-PODDED

## BE ANS ${ }^{\text {One o wart will latat }}$

 I 00 feet of drillBurpee's New Kidney Wax. More robust in growth, and Wardwell Kidney Wax. The plants are of erect bush habit, reaching 18 to 20 inches in height. Pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{pk} . \$ \mathrm{r} .75$.
New Hodson Wax. A distinct type of excellent quality, bearing of a creamy yellow color. The plant is vigorous, and comes into crop about two weeks later than the early sorts. The pods of this variety often measure 7 to 8 inches in length, and are remarkably free from spot or rust. Pt. 20 cts., qt. 35 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ 1.20$, pk. $\$ 2$.
Pencil-Pod Black Wax. Extremely productive, magnificent golden yellow in color; beautifully rounded; flesh brittle, solid and entirely stringless. One of the best varieties to grow for the private or market-gardener. Pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt} .30 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Improved Black Wax. Perfectly round pods; very early and a good yielder. A Bean that is extensively grown and does not leave much to be desired in an early wax-podded variety. Pt. 20 cts., qt. 30 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1$, pk. $\$ \mathrm{r} .75$
Flageolet Wax. An improved variety of the Dwarf Flageolet Beans, unsurpassed in flavor. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} . \$ \mathrm{r} .25, \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ 2$.
Improved Golden Wax. Very early ; flat, golden pods. Pkt. Io cts., pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2$.
Valentine Wax. It is handsome in appearance, and while it is fair to say that we have not yet seen it exposed to conditions conducive to the development of rust, yet we think it will prove to be almost rustless. Pt. 20 cts., qt. $30 \mathrm{cts} ., \quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. \$1.25, pk. \$2.

## Wardwell Kindey



New Hodson Wax Bean

Wax. Extraearly, long, flat, purely wax pods. Pkt. io cts., pt. 20 cts., qt. 30 cts ., pk. $\$ 2$.

## ENGLISH BROAD BEANS

Broad Windsor. The largest of the English Broad Beans, very tender and delicious. Pt. 20 cts., qt. 40 cts., $3 / 2$ pk. $\$ \mathrm{r} .25, \mathrm{pk}$. $\$ 2$.

## POLE, or RUNNING BEANS

One quart will plant 100 hills

## Wax- and Green-Pod Varieties

## All packets contain half-pint, at 15 cents, postpaid

Improved Kentucky Wonder. (Old Homestead.) An improved sort of this well-known Bean. The pods are entirely stringless and of silvery green color, hanging in large clusters from top to the bottom of the pole. Pt. 25 cts., qt. $40 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 / \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25$, pk. $\$ 2.25$.
Golden Champion. This is certain to be the leading Early Wax Pole Bean, as it is fully two weeks earlier than Golden Cluster Wax. Pt. 25 cts ., qt. 40 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. \$1.25, pk. \$2.25.
Horticultural, or Spreckled Cranberry. Pods are tender and of excellent quality; good as a snap as well as a shell Bean. Pt. 25c., qt. 4oc., $1 / 2$ pk. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25, \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Lazy Wife's. The best late green-podded pole Bean The pods are of a medium dark green color, broad, thick, very fleshy and entirely stringless. Pt. 25 cts ., qt. 35 cts ., 1/2pk. \$1.15, pk. \$2.
Scarlet Runner. Bright scarlet flowers. Both used as a string and a shell Bean. Pt. 20 cts ., qt. 30 cts ., $3 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$., \$1, pk. \$1.75.
White Dutch Runner. Beans large; flat pods. Pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts.. ½pk. \$1.25, pk. \$2.25.

A good rule to follow in selecting STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS is to grow varieties listed in heavy type, and you will enjoy having the "Garden Bounteous," as well as the finest vegetables procurable.

Culture.-Sow as soon as the ground is free from frost and dry, in the spring, in drills 2 inches deep and 18 inches apart; thin out to 6 iaches. For family use, in winter, sow in July or August.
S. \& W. Co.'s Early Model Red Globe. $\begin{gathered}\text { A distinct new table } \\ \text { Beet of remarkably }\end{gathered}$ uniform shape, very deep colored flesh, and has a fine, sweet flavor. In our tests, at our Brookside Trial Grounds, we found this a very desirable variety. Both skin and flesh are of an unusually deep, rich, blood crimson color, retaining its color when cooked. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., lb . $\$_{2}$.

## Detroit Dark Red Turnip.

Extended experience has shown this variety to be the best deep red turnip Beet, not only for market-gardeners, but for the home garden. Its small, upright-growing tops, early maturing, and the splendid shape and color of the roots, make it popular with every one who plants it. Tops small, upright-growing, so that the rows may be close together; leaf-stems and vines dark red, blades green; roots globular or ovoid, peculiarly smooth; color of skin dark blood-red; flesh bright red, zoned with a lighter shade, very crisp, tender and sweet, and remaining so for a long time. We believe that the stock of this variety which we offer will produce a crop more uniform in shape, color and quality than any other Beet seed obtainable. Per pkt. Io cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., 1b. $\$ 1.50$.
Crosby's Egyptian. An excellent first early variety-it produces roots Crosby's Egyptian. of marketable size in shorter time than any other sort. This feature alone places it at the head of the list for growing in coldframes or greenhouses. In selecting this variety, we aim to keep it as uniform in shape and as dark in color as is possible without retarding its earliness. We also use great care to have its tops small, yet plenty large enough to bunch easily. After repeated comparative trials, we know that our type of Crosby's Egyptian Beet more nearly fills every requirement for the market-gardener's use than any other stock. Per pkt. 10 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ .50$.
Bassano. Early, flat, of very light color. Sweetest of all the turnip varieties Per pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 40 cts ., lb. $\$ 1$.
Crimson Globe. One of the finest globe Beets; fine globular shape, deep crimson flesh; fine quality, tender and sweet. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.,

S. \& W. Co.'s Early Model Red Globe Beet 1b. \$1.50.
Eclipse. Almost as early as the Egyptian, but of much finer quality. Per pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts ., 1 b . $\$ 1.50$.
Extra-early Egyptian. Earliest of all the round sorts. Deep blood color. Per pkt. 5 cts., oz. I5 cts., 1/4 1b. 50 cts ., lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$.
Edmand's Blood Turnip. Very regular in shape; deep bloodred color and exceedingly sweet. Per pkt. 5 cts ., oz, 15 cts ., 1/4 1 b . 50 cts ., 1b. \$1.50.
Half-long Blood. The top is medium in size and of a very rich, glossy crimson. The bulb is 3 inches in diameter at shoulder, tapering in pear-shaped form to the slender root, and is entirely free from roughness. Per pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} .6 \mathrm{cc}$.
New Dark-leaved Globe. For description, see page io. Pkt. Ic cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2$.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants

Culture.-Sow in May, in shallow drills, i inch deep and 12 inches apart. Transplant in July. When the crown, or top, sprout is beginning to head, pinch it out, to admit of the whole strength being thrown into the side shoots. Very hardy. This is a delicious vegetable and should find a place in every garden ; greatly improved by hard frosts.
Improved Dwarf. Compact heads of best quality. Per pkt. 5 cts . oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2$.
S. \& W. Co.'s Favorite. New semi-dwarf, thickly covered with sprouts by the end of September; excellent. Per pkt. 1o cts., $3 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts ., oz. 35 cts .

## CRESS, OR PEPPER GRASS

## One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill

Culture.-This popular salad should be sown early in the spring. Sow at short intervals for succession, as it soon runs to seed.

See Root Crops, page 35


S. \& W. Co.'s Favorite Brussels Sprouts Curled, or Pepper Grass. Per pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., \pi / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$., lb . $\$ \mathrm{r}$.
True Eríurt Water Cress. Per pkt. io cts., oz. 35 cts ., 3/4b. $\$ \mathrm{r}$.

## CHERVIL $\begin{gathered}\text { One ounce will sow } \\ \text { too feet of drill }\end{gathered}$

Culture. - The curled Chervil is cultivated like parsley and used for garnishing and flavoring soups and salads.
Moss Curled Extra. Per pkt. io cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts ., lb. $\$ 1.25$
Turnip-rooted. Per pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 35 cts .

## CHICORY

Culture.- Chicory is used chiefly for its roots, which are dried and used as a substitute for coffee. Cultivate the same as carrots.
Witloof. Valuable as a salad as well as a vegetable. Pkt. 1oc., oz. 20c., 1/4 lb. 60c., lb. \$2 Wild (Barbe de Capucin). Per pkt. io cts., oz. 30 cts .
Giant Silesian. Per pkt. io cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{t} .50$.

# STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS 

## CABBAGE One anace will poratue about 3,000 Dlants

Culture.-Sow the early kinds in September, in shallow drills, 6 or 8 inches apart. When large enough to handle, transplant into a coldframe. Sow also in hotbeds in February and March, and in the open ground in April and May. The late varieties for fall and winter use sow in May, and transplant from the 8th to the 25 th of July. Plant the early sorts 20 inches distant in a row and 2 feet between the rows; the later sorts $2^{2 / 2}$ feet each way. To be well grown, Cabbages require a deep, rich loamy soil. Our Cabbage seed is especially grown for us on Long Island, and we offer it as being of superior quality.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Famous Early Conical. $\begin{gathered}\text { An } \begin{array}{c}\text { ex } \\ t r e m e l y ~\end{array}, ~\end{gathered}$

 early variety of conical form, quite distinct from any variety on the market. An ideal variety for private garden, producing solid hearts sooner than other varieties and requiring less space than most kinds. Pkt. Io cts., $3 / 2 \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., oz. 40 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.Early Spring. A new extra-early Cabbage, with a round, Wariy Dield, and yielding one-third more on with the Early Jersey than any other extra early. Heads are of uniform size and are very solid when young. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.20$.
Improved Early Jersey Wakefield. While this vaquite so early as S. \& W. Co.'s Famous Early Conical y is not quite so early as $S$. \& W. Co.'s Famous Early Conical, it has been have. The heads are hard and solid with just a few outside leaves which are unusually thick, enabling them to stand cold weather when wintered in the coldframe. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Charleston, or Large Type Wakefield. This type

bage retains all the characteristics of the Improved Early Jersey Wakefield with the added advantage of greater size, and where large-size Cabbage is wanted in this type, either for market or private use. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.
Autumn King. We believe this to be one of the finest strains of Cabbage ever offered. It produces regular, even heads of enormous size; a magnificent cropper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{c}$. Early Flat Dutch. A valuable early market variety; heads weighing about ro pounds. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

Early Summer. A superior second early variety; produces solid heads of fine quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Late Drumhead. Very large, solid heads; standard variety for winter use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts . $5 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Late Flat Dutch. Without exception, the best variety in cultivation for winter use; produces immense heads of the finest quality; splendid keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.

## Red Cabbage

Mammoth Rock Red. This is by far the best, largest and surest heading red Cabbage ever introduced. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid, and of a decp red color. The best Cabbage on the market. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$.
Red Dutch. Used almost exclusively for pickling. It is one of the hardiest of all cabbages, and when preserved will keep later in the season than any of them. It is slow to mature, however, and requires a rich soil for its perfect development. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 60 cts ., lb. \$2.

## Savoy Cabbage

American Drumhead Savoy. None of the late-growing varieties can begin to equal in flavor this sort for family use; heads large, solid and a splendid keeper. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$. , 1b. \$2.25.
Early Dwarf Ulm Savoy. A very early and superior dwarf variety of fine quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



Selected Chantenay Carrots

## CARROT

Culture.-To produce the finest crop, the land should be thoroughly manured the previous season; forked roots will result if the seed is sown on freshly manured soil. Sow the early sorts in March and April, in drills 1 inch deep and 14 inches apart; thin out to 6 inches. For main crop sow in May or beginning of June. Care should be taken, at all times, to see that soil is firm over the seeds, either by means of the feet, roller, or garden drill.
Selected Chantenay. A very splendid type of the halfages 6 to 7 inches in length, broad at the neck, narrowing gradually to a blunt end. The flesh is rich orange-red, free from core, tender, fine flavored, and of excellent table quality. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts ., 1/4b. 75 cts., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.
Selected Danvers. A handsome, cylindrical-shaped Carrot a rich, dark orange color grood size and stump-rooted. It is of tle core. It is a first-class Carrot for all soils, yields a greater weight per acre than any other variety, and is more easily harvested than the old long varieties. This selected stock we are now offering has been specially grown for market-gardeners and is sure to give satisfaction. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., 1/4b. 75 cts ., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.

## S. E W. Co.'s Improved Long Red Surrey.

A great improvement on the various types of Long Orange Carrot obtained by a careful selection, for successive years, of the bestformed and deepest-colored roots. It is larger, better-flavored, of a deeper orange color, and more certain to produce a crop than any type of long Carrot; flesh very sweet and tender; very productive, and never becomes hard or woody at the heart. The roots grow very regular and smooth; they are of good size, being from 6 to 8 inches in length and 2 inches in diameter at the top, tapering gradually from the shoulder to the tip of the roots. In color, shape or size, this is the ideal sort for a market-gardener's late crop. Pkt. 10 cts., oz .25 cts ., 3 / 1 lb .75 cts ., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.
Sutton's New Red Intermediate. This excellent recommendation. It is handsome in form, and as it is of fine color and texture, it is well suited for exhibition. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$., 1/4b. \$1, lb. \$3.50.
Early Scarlet Horn. Favorite for early crop but not large. Sold largely in New York markets, bunched. It matures eight to ten
days earlier than the Long Orange, and is sometimes used for forcing. Per pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50$ cts., $\mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{r} .75$.
Early French Forcing. The earliest variety and the one largely grown for forcing purposes. It makes a small, almost globe-shaped root of an orange-red color. Per pkt. 15c., oz. $30 \mathrm{c} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{lb} . \$ 3.50$.
Early Half-Long Scarlet Nantes. The skin is smooth, flesh red, and without any core or heart. It is excellent for forcing, and for fine quality and perfect shape can hardly be surpassed. Per pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 20 cts ., 1/4 Ib. 60 cts., lb. $\$ 2.25$
James' Intermediate. This is certainly the best main crop Carrot. It is one of the most uniform in shape that we know, and where the soil is favorable, it will always grow clean and free from side roots. The core is small and very tender, and there is no indication of woody character at any stage of its growth. It is also entirely free from any coarse, rank flavor so common with many sorts. For private purposes it is ideal, and its yielding capacity is enormous, which, with its handsome color and fine appearance, makes it invaluable to truckers. Per pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts., 1b. $\$ 2.50$
Long Orange Improved. One of the most desirable for either garden or field culture. Per pkt. ioc., oz. 25c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{c}$., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.
Oxheart, or Guerande. A French variety of recent introduction and a decided acquisition. It is intermediate between Half-long and Horn varieties, and perfectly distinct. The shape is nearly oval and the color and quality all that can be desired. Per pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2.50$.
Selected Long Orange Improved. One of the most desirable for either garden or field culture; it grows to a large size, fair specimens averaging 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter at the top. All who have cattle should raise a surplus of this Carrot for feeding milch cows during winter. It increases the flow of milk and imparts to the butter a delicious flavor and a rich golden color. Per pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $\mathrm{k} / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 80 cts ., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 3$.

S. \& W. Co.'s Best of All Cauliflower

## CAULIFLOWER

One ounce will produce
about 3,000 plants
Culture.- Sow the first week in May and prick out on a rich piece of ground, transplant in July. For wintering under glass sow in the second and last weeks in September; transplant thickly into a cold pit or frame; give plenty of air in mild weather, and cover up well in very severe. Again sow in February in a hotbed and transplant in April. For Caulifiower the ground should be well prepared by trenching, incorporating at the same time a good share of rotten manure. Select new ground, if possible, as Cauliflower rarely succeeds on ground which has been cropped year after year with other kinds of vegetables. Plant in rows 20 inches apart and 2 feet between the rows.
S. \& W. Co.'s Best of All. Earliest of All. Easiest grown, surest header. It is of very dwarf, erect habit, with It is a sure header, every plant forming a large, solid, perfect head of shortouter leaves. Can be planted less than two feet apart each way.
Danish Dry Weather. This new variety of Cauliflower is specially adapted for sections subject to long dry seasons, as it will sorts. The heads grow to a large size, are very solid, pure white and of delicious flavor. It will prove valuable for growing in the southern states, where the climate is hot and long seasons of dry weather are experienced. Pkt. 20 cts . $1 / 1 / \mathrm{Oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

Early Dwarf Erfurt. Pkt. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ \mathrm{r}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.75, \mathrm{oz} . \$ 3$.
Early Paris. An old and favorite sort, excellent for family use. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts., 1/4b. $\$ 2$.
Veitch's Autumn Giant. Pkt. io cts., oz. \$2.

Selected Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 4$ oz. $\$ 1.75$, y/2oz. \$3, oz. \$5.50.
Selected Early Snowball. One of the best for general use; medium size, but sure to head. Pkt. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.50$, oz. $\$ 4.50$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## CELERY One ounce will produce $\mathbf{3 , 0 0 0}$ plants

Culture.-Sow the seed in a coldframe or dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart, covering the seed $1 / 4$ inch deep. When fairly out of the seed-leaf, they may be transplanted to another bed or thinned out to 5 or 6 inches apart, and let them grow until wanted for transplanting out into the beds or trenches. Early in July is the proper time to set out the plants in the trenches, or as soon after early July as possible; best results generally are obtained by setting out immediately after a rain. The trenches should be shallow, and wide enough to hold one or two rows. These rows should be I foot apart and the plants set about 8 inches apart in the row. As the plants grow, they should be earthed up to blanch them, care being taken not to let the earth get into the heart of the plant. For keeping over the winter, they can be either banked up with earth and covered over with litter to protect from frost where they have grown, placing boards on top to keep out the rain; or they may be taken up and blanched in a box in the cellar for winter use.

## BEST 4 CELERIES GROWN

Paris Golden Self-Blanching.
(Grown in France by the originator.) This strain of Celery somewhat resembles the White Plume variety,


Paris Golden Self-Blanching Celery but is much superior. It is entirely free from the green type and does not grow soft or pithy as most strains of Self-Blanching do. Rich golden yellow, solid, and a splendid Celery for family or market-gardener's use. A very early variety and is acknowledged to be the best and most profitable Celery grown. Pkt. 20 cts ., $1 / 40$. 40 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .65 \mathrm{cts}$., oz. $\$ 1.25$, $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 4.5 \mathrm{o}$, lb . $\$ 16$.
Improved White Plume Celery is the most popular, as it is not necessary to bank up as is the case with other Celeries. the table. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 2$ oz. 20 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}, 1 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 3.50$.
Perfection Heartwell.
The finest and largest of the winter sorts, either for the family or market-garden. The heart is golden yellow, and its crisp tenderness and delicious flavor are unequaled. Pkt. 5c., oz. 20c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c}$., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.

Winter Queen. This is without doubt the most valuable variety duced, even excelling the celebrated Perfection Heartwell as a late winter keeper. It is also much stouter, thicker and heavier, with double the amount of heart of any known Celery. The plant is beautiful in appearance, of close habit and compact growth, and blanches to a beautiful creamwhite. Ribs perfectly solid, crisp and of a delicious nutty flavor. It is worthy of first place as a late Celery, and will keep longer than any other variety. Pkt. Io cts., $5 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 3.50$.

## General List of Standard Celeries

Boston Market. Dwarf, branching habit; solid, crisp; a favorite variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .75$.
Crawford's Half-Dwarf. Vigorous growth and excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., ib. $\$ 2$.
Fin de Siecle. Very large, hardy, crisp and fine flavor. Pkt. yo cts, oz. 35 cts , $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25, \mathrm{lb} . \$ 4.50$.
Giant Pascal. A desirable long-keeping green winter Celery. Pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4b. 75 cts., lb. $\$ 2.50$.
Golden Heart. A highly recommended variety. Full golden heart. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.
Kalamazoo. Large-ribbed. A good, half-dwarf, white, solid Celery. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\mathrm{I} / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. \$2.50.
Pink Plume. The same as White Plume, except stalks are tinged with pink. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
CELERY SEED. For flavoring pickles, etc. Fresh and clean. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CELERIAC (Turnip-Rooted Celery)

Culture.-A variety of celery with turnip-shaped roots, which are white-fleshed, tender and possess the flavor of celery stalks. Sow the seed in the open ground in April and treat the young plants the same way as celery.
Large Smooth Prague. Very large and fine; roots of superior quality. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts}^{2}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 b . $\$ 2$.
Erfurt Giant. Very large and smooth root. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.


Sweet Corn, Metropolitan


Add 5 cents per pint and 10 cents per quart, if wanted by mail

Culture.-Plant for succession of crops every three weeks, from April to July, in hills three feet apart each way, and six seeds in a hill; cover about half an inch; thin out to three plants.

## EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES

Golden Bantam.
One of the sweetest Corns grown; the plant attains a height of only 3 to 4 feet, usually bearing two or more ears to the sialk. The ears are compactly filled with kernels which when ready for the table are cream yellow. Golden Bantam is one of the hardiest Cornsgrown, therefore can be planted earlier with safety than other varieties. This characteristic also adapts it to localities having cool summer weather, a continuous supply being maintained by successive plantings. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts., pt. 20 cts., qt. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$.
Peep-O'Day. One of the earliest of Sweet Corns. Grows ears on a stalk, which measure about $31 / 2$ feet high. Bears nearly always two ears on a stalk, which measure about 5 inches in length and are well filled. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts ., pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts ., pk. $\$ 2.25$.
Howling Mob Is ready for use only three to five days later planted at the same time, but the ears are much larger in size, while the grains are much whiter and sweeter. As an early variety of large size, we cannot too highly praise Howling Mob. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} .$, pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., q t .30 \mathrm{cts}$., pk. $\$ 2.25$.
Metropolitan. It is safe to say that there never has been on the market any one variety of Corn that combined the essential features of earliness and good flavor in a satisfactory degree. In these important characteristics, Metropolitan certainly outclasses any other variety. 1/2pt. 15c., pt. 25c., qt. $40 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2$. Extra-Early Evergreen. Ten days earlier than the standard variety. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts ., pt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{qt} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.50$.
Minnesota. One of the earliest; ears small, but of fine quality 1/2pt. 10 cts ., pt. 15 cts ., qt. 25 cts ., pk. $\$ 1.25$.
Cory Early (Red Cob). The Cory is undoubtedly the earliest of all, and the very best extra-early Sweet Corn. Those desiring a first-early variety can make no mistake in planting the Cory. 1/2pt. 10 cts ., pt $15 \mathrm{cts} ., q t .25 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 1.25$.
Perry's Hybrid. Very early; ears of large size; valuable for market purposes. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., qt. 25 cts ., pk. \$1.25.

White Cob Cory. An extremely early variety, usually fit to use in from fifty to sixty days from seed sowing. A sport or selection from the famous "Red Cob Cory" which for years held popular favor as the best first early. "White Cob" Cory retains all of the qualities of its parent, with the added merit of having a white cob and white kernels. $\sqrt[z]{2}$ pt. $10 \mathrm{cts} .$, pt. 20 cts ., qt. $30 \mathrm{cts} .$, pk. $\$ 1.75$.

## MEDIUM-EARLY VARIETIES

Stowell's Evergreen. Now recognized everywhere as a standard variety, both for home use and market, and is the general favorite. The ears are of large size, grains deep, exceptiona!ly tender and sugary, and has the advantage of remaining longer in the green state than any other. Our stock has been carefully grown and selected to avoid the tendency to a shorter grain and deterioration in the evergreen character of this best of all medium sorts. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. $10 \mathrm{cts} .$, pt. $20 \mathrm{cts} .$, qt. $30 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2$. Crosby's Early Sugar. Standard early sort; ears good size; fine quality. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts ., pt. 15 cts ., qt. 25 cts ., pk. $\$ \mathrm{t} .25$.
Early Mammoth. Very large and tender; similar to the Standard Mammoth variety, but much earlier. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. Io cts., pt. 15 cts ., qt. 25 cts., pk. $\$ 1.50$.

## LATE VARIETIES

Black Mexican. Very sweet and of fine flavor; grains black. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts ., pt. 15 cts ., qt. 25 cts ., pk. $\$ 1.50$.
Late Mammoth. Immense ears and very sweet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. Io cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. $\$ 1.50$.
Country Gentleman. The Country Gentleman Corn reflavor even when a little old, as the ears are encased in a heavy husk, which tends to keep the ear "in the milk" for several days longer than other corns. The cob is unusually small and the pearly white kernels of great depth. x/2pt. 10c., pt. 20c., qt. $40 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2$.

Cultural Directions.-The first planting should be made early in May, on partly spent hotbeds; inverted sods form an excellent medium for both planting on and carrying the young plants to their permanent location, or small paper pots can be used. Such plantings are usually ready for transplanting to the open ground in from three to four weeks, and are seldom troubled with the striped bug. Transplanting, when practical, should be done in the evening, into hills 4 feet apart each way. Thin out to about four plants to a hill when established. The seed may be planted in hills late in May, thus giving a succession. For pickles, plant during the last two weeks of June. Plaster dust, or an infusion of hellebore powder in water, will destroy the striped bug.

## New Klondyke. $\begin{gathered}\text { This is a } \\ \text { hybrid }\end{gathered}$ sort of the White Spine type, which

 holds its dark green color longer than most other sorts. Averages 6 to 7 inches in size; ends are quite square and it is about 2 inches thick. Its extreme earliness, combined with its prolific and hardy qualities, makes it a very desirable variety for either market or private use. An excellent sort for slicing. When small, this variety is also an excellent pickling sort. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 l . $\$ 2.50$.Fordhook Pickling. One of the best and most prolific Fordhook Pickling. varieties for producing pickles of medium size for both home or market use. Vines are very vigorous, yielding a large number of fruits; remaining in strong, healthy, growing condition longer than any other known variety.' The skin is very tender and remains so when pickled. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts., I/4lb. 50 cts . lb. $\$ 1.50$.

## New Davis Perfect Cucumber.

In color, a dark, slim and symmetrical, with an average length of io to 12 inches. The quality is fine, as the seeds are very soft when the Cucumber is fit for table use. The flesh is very tender and brittle, and of exceptionally good flavor. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 20 cts ., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$, 5 lbs. \$8.
Cumberland. The best pickling sort yet introduced, being very handsome and productive, with flesh firm, but very crisp and tender. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2.50$.


## New Klondyke Cucumber

Cool and Crisp. An excellent pickling or slicing Cucumber of good size and exceeding tender and crisp. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Early Green Cluster. Fruit small ; very prolific. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., 1/4b. 40 cts.
Extra Long Green. Very long; most excellent quality, and one of the best for family use. Pkt. Io cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Green Prolific. The best variety for pickling; deep, rich green, very productive and of uniform small size. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., 1/416. 75 cts.
Improved Early White Spine. Standard market variety; of medium size, deep green, flesh crisp and of good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts .
Japanese Climbing. Well adapted for pickling, as well as for slicing for salads. The great advantage of this variety lies in the fact that it can be trained on a pole or fence. Pkt. Io cts., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
New Everbearing. Small sized; very early and enormously productive. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 02.20 \mathrm{cts} .$, , $/ / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts .
White Wonder. The best white sort; it ripens early and is very productive. Pkt. Io cts., 02.20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts .

## English Forcing Varieties

## S. \& W. Co.'s Improved Telegraph. A very dark

 of Telegraph Cucumber, which we have found, from our trials, to be superior of all other Telegraph varieties. Pkt. 25 cts .Royal Osborne. Very prolific and of deep, rich green color. Pkt. 25 cts.


Cool and Crisp Cucumbers

Carter's Model. A very handsome variety, of fine form, with general characteristics of Tender and True, with the prolific habit and strong constitution of the Telegraph. Pkt. 25 cts.
Lord Kenyon's Favorite. A very fine variety. Pkt. 25 cts.

## CORN SALAD

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill
CULTURE.-Sow early in the spring, in drills, I inch deep and ro inches apart. For main crop sow in August and September.
Large-seeded. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\pi / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{l}$.


One ounce will sow about roo feet of drill
Culture.-Sow in May, in drills io inches apart; thin out to 3 inches apart; cultivate during the season, and in the following spring the plants will be fit for use.
French Garden. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## 

Culture.-Garlic is used for a variety of flavoring purposes. Plant the sets 6 inches apart in rows I foot apart. As soon as the leaves have turned, the crop is matured, and may be harvested like the onion.
Garlic Sets. Lb. 30 cts.

## EGGPLANT

One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants
Culture.-Sow in a hotbed in February and March; when the plants are 1 and 2 inches high, transplant, or thin out, to 2 or 3 inches apart. When the weather is warm and settled, they may be planted out in a warm situation, 2 feet apart each way.
Black Beauty. Very much on the style of New York, only darker and smoother. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts., oz. 45 cts. 1/4b. \$1.50.
Black Pekin. Produces very handsome jet-black fruit of superior quality. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
New York Improved Spineless. Extensively cultivated for both market and family use; it grows to a large size; very prolific and fine flavored. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{Oz} .35 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.

## ENDIVE <br> One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill

Culture.- One of the most attractive of all autumn and winter salads. It is commonly known in restaurants as Chicorée, and is especially refreshing when served with lettuce with plain French dressing. Sow seed from middle of June till last of August. When the plants are fully grown, tie all the outside leaves together, over the heart, to blanch the inner leaves, which will take about a week. Do not tie up when the leaves are wet, as they will then decay.
Green Curled. Very ornamental curled dark green leaves, which blanch white and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$. Broad-leaved (Escarolle). Produces heads of broad, thick leaves; blanches easily. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., 1/4 lb. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
White Curled. For early use. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts. French Moss Curled. An exceedingly crisp, tender and highly flavored salad. Pkt. 1o cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## KALE

One ounce will produce about 300 plants
Culture.-Sow in May in shallow drills, io or 12 inches apart ; when large enough, transplant singly in rows 24 inches apart each way.
Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Very dwarf and spreading; one of the best. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts., 1 lb .75 cts .
Siberian Kale, or Sprouts. Should be sown in September and treated like spinach ; it is fit to cut early in spring. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts., lb. 75 cts.
Dwarf Brown Kale. A beautiful curled variety, with spreading foliage; very hardy and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 1o cts., $/ / 1 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts., lb. 75 cts.

## MARTYNIA

The seed-pods are used for pickling, when gathered young and tender. Sow in open ground in May, in hills 3 feet apart each way, or in a hotbed and afterwards transplant.
Martynia Proboscides. Pkt. xo cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$.

Don't fail to include in your order our New Dark-leaved Globe Beet, see page 8.


Black Beauty Eggolant

## KOHLRABI

One ounce will sow about 200 feet of drill
Culture.-This is a very delicious vegetable, and is increasing in popularity rapidly; combines the good qualities of the turnip and cabbage, but excels both in nutritive and productive qualities. Cook the same as turnips; they will be found very tender and palatable. Sow in spring in rows 18 inches apart, afterward thin away the plants to 8 inches.
Early White Vienna. The earliest and best for either market or family use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{c}$., 1 lb . $\$ 2.50$.
Early Purple Vienna. Similar to the preceding, except in color, which is of a bluish purple. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 30 cts ., 1/4 lb. 85 cts., lb. $\$ 3$.
Earliest Selected (for frames). A variety with few and small leaves; can be planted very closely; very useful for general culture and indispensable for forcing. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4b. $\$ 1.25$.

## LEEK

One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill

Culture.-Sow the seed very early in a seedbed in a sheltered place, if possible. When plants are about 6 inches long transplant them to trenches 6 inches deep, with very rich soil at the bottom. Fill up the trenches as the plants grow, and later draw soil up to them. As a result, you will have fine, large Leeks blanched half a foot long, which may be kept all winter if dug up with the roots on and stored in moist sand in the cellar.
S. \& W. Co.'s Giant. A very attractive variety; stems pure white and of fine flavor. A great exhibition variety. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30c., y/4b. 75c., lb. $\$ 2.50$. Large Carentan. (Winter.) A very hardy variety of extralarge size; the leaves are fan-shaped, of a dark green color, the edible stem is 6 to 8 inches long and 3 inches in diameter. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
Large American Flag. The largest and most desirable, either
for market or family use. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 c ., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.
Large Rouen. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $\mathrm{I} / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts ., lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

S. \& W. Co.'s Giant Leek

MUSTARD
One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill

Culture. - As an ingredient, the green Mustard imparts a delightfully pungent flavor to the various forms of prepared salads. For early crops the seed maybe sown in a hotbed, in March, and for general crop at frequent intervals though the spring, in drills from 8 to I2 inches apart.
White London. The best variety for salads; the seed is used also medicinally and as a seasoning for pickles. Oz. 5 cts., 1/4 lb. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts.
Black, or Brown. An esteemed sort for culinary use. Oz. 5 cts., 1/4 lb . 10 cts., 1b. 25 c . Giant Southern Curled. Very large leaves. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{cts}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$. 1 lb .50 cts . New Chinese. Leaves twice the size of the ordinary white Mustard; stems more succulent, of deeper green; flavor pleasantly sweet and pungent. Pkt. 5 cts., oż. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20$ cts., lb. 60 cts.

Our selected stock of Early White Albino Potato is unapproachable, see page 9.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## LETTUCE

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill

Culture.-Sow early in spring in a hotbed; transplant in April for summer use. Again, sow from April at intervals in the open ground, and for winter and spring use in August and September. Protect by means of a coldframe during winter. When sown for cutting, the seed may be put in rather thick, in rows or broadcast; but to have finer heads, it should be sown thinly in rows, and transplanted a foot apart into rich soil.
Early Dumont. This Lettuce is undoubtedly one of the best early rapid in development, varieties for planting in the open ground. It is heads are of a clear light green, the outer leaves slightly tinged brown and the heart clear yellow; delicately flavored. A capital variety for either the private or market-gardener. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 25 cts., , //4 1 lb .75 c ., 1 lb . $\$ 2.50$.
Golden Queen. A very fine early head Lettuce for either open dium size, solid, golden yellow heads, crisp and tender. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
Big Boston. This well-known Lettuce continues to gain in popularity. Is extensively grown for summer or fall use or in frames for spring and early summer, and is also intensively forced in greenhouses for winter use, invariably giving good satisfaction. Large


Early Dumont Lettuce heads, crisp and tender, stands the sun remarkably well and is an excellent variety for the gentleman's garden. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 20 cts., $\mathrm{I} / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts ., $\mathrm{lb}, \$ \mathrm{r} .50$.
Hittinger's Belmont Forcing. An improvement on the Boston Market; larger in size; crisp and tender quality and one that will give satisfaction. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$. 50 , 1b. $\$ 5$.
Grand Rapids Forcing. An excellent loose-headed variety of superior table quality. Adapted to open-air culture or forcing in frames or greenhouses. The leaves are finely cut and of a beautiful pale green. Plants may be set quite closely together, making this a very valuable variety where the greatest amount of Lettuce is wanted on the least amount of space. Large heads and of delicate flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 40 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$.
Trianon Self-Closing Cos. One of the finest and largest of the Self-Closing Cos Lettuces. An excellent sort for the garden, standing hot weather very well; the heart is a beautiful creamy white, deliciously flavored. Pkt.

5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 2/41b. 50 cts., 1b. \$1.50.
American Gathering. Twisted and curled leaves; fine for early or late sowing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts. , $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Blonde Blockhead, or Sunset. This is a large-growing head Lettuce, resisting the heat for a long time before running to seed. The heads are large, solid and crisp, of a golden yellow color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4b. 40 cts., 1b. $\$ 1.25$.
Black-Seeded Simpson. Nearly double the size of the ordinary Curled Simpson; stands the summer well. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts . 1/41b. 30 cts ., 1b. \$1.
Boston Market. Solid, crisp and compact; one of the best for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts. , 1 b . $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$.
Curled Simpson. An old standard variety, very early and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts ., lb. \$i.


Trianon Self-Closing Cos Lettuce

Denver Market. The heads are large, solid, light green, beautifully curled like a Savoy cabbage, very crisp and tender. The heads are a little after the style of the Hanson, but more oblong. Delicate, tender and very superior. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., ~ \mathrm{z} / \mathrm{l} \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts. , lb. \$I.
Golden Stone Head. Produces heads of medium size, of the best quality, as a forcing variety it is unequaled. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $\frac{1}{4} 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts., 1b. $\$ 1.50$.
Glasshouse. Excellent variety for forcing under glass. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 3$.
Salamander Perfected. An excellent summer variety, forming large-sized beads tiat stand the heat without injury longer than any other sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$. $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
Hanson Improved. Very large and solid; withstands the hot sun well. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 友 1 b . 35 cts ., lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .35$.
Improved Deacon. Large, solid summer cabbage; variegated. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts ., 1 b . $\$ \mathrm{~s}$.
Immensity. The largest head Lettuce, best for late summer and

Mammoth Black-Seeded Butter Lettuce. A large head Lettuce of splendid quality; much lighter in color than the Big Boston. For early or late crop it has no equal; splendid market sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $/ 4 / \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., $\mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
New York. This variety blanches itself naturally, is crisp, tender, and of excellent flavor, and always free from bitterness. The outside color is distinct, being a clear, deep apple green, while on the inside the color is yellowish white. Pkt. to cts., oz. 25 cts ., ${ }^{1 / 4} / \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts ., 1 lb . $\$ 2.50$.
Romaine White Cos. It is of upright growth and possesses a distinct crisp and very refreshing taste. Pkt. 5 cts. , oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} .$, I/4 lb. 40 cts., 1b. $\$ 1.25$.
Trianon Self-Closing Cos. The finest of all the Cos sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 41 \mathrm{~b} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., 1b. $\$ 1.50$.
Express Cos. A fine new dwarf variety. Pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts., x/41 1b. 75 cts ., lt. \$2.50.

## We Deliver Free

all Vegetable and Flower Seed ordered by packet, ounce, two ounces, quarter-pound, pound, and all Summer-flowering Bulbs at dozen rates, to your express office, postoffice, or railroad station anywhere in the United States.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS



Muskmelon Admiral Togo

## MUSKMELON <br> One ounce will sow about 80 hills

Culture.-Sow the seed in April under hand glasses, and in the open air in May in hills six feet apart each way. Plant in each hill from 8 to 10 seeds, covering half an inch deep. When the plants have produced their rough leaves, thin out to three plants. The hills should be prepared by trenching in rotten manure and sand. As soon as the plants make their appearance above ground, dust them with soot, charcoal dust or wood ashes, to prevent the ravages of the bug.

Admiral Togo. This is an orange-fleshed Netted Gem, or Admiral Togo a small muskmelon with the very thick, orange flesh and splendid quality of the Lefender, and possessing the characteristic netting, shape, size and shipping quality of Netted Gem or Rocky Ford. Combining all the good qualities of these two fine varieties we believe the Admiral Togo is an ideal table and basket melon. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 lb . $\$ 2.50$.
Selected Emerald Gem. The skin is a rich deep green smooth, flesh salmon-color and very extensively grown for family use. Pkt variety and one that 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Stock, Rocky Ford.

This famous variety is the finest early green-fleshed Melon in cultivation. The fruits are remarkably uniform in size, weighing from one and a quarter to one and a half pounds each. They are quite thick meated, with very thin rinds; skin light green, regularly ribbed and heavilv netted, turning to a golden yellow as the Melon ripens. Flesh light green in color, firm but melting, of uniformly fine flavor. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I}$.
Delmonico. Oval ; deeply netted; large size; orange flesh. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{t}$.
Extra-Early Hackensack. Large, round and of fine quality; a standard variety. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$
Jenny Lind. Sma:1, but very early; green flesh. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

Long Island Beauty. On style of Hackensack, but earlier and finer in quality, and the most beautiful Muskmelon. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts ., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.
Hoodoo. A new orange-fleshed variety, ideal as a shipping remarkably blight-resisting and very productive. Fruits uniformly of medium size. Netting exceptionally fine and dense, extending practically over the entire surface. Rind thin yet very firm, so that the Melons arrive in perfect condition in distant markets. Flesh very thick, firm, highly colored, of fine texture and delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 40 cts., lb. $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$.
Paul Rose. This new red-fleshed Melon is exceedingly sweet and highly flavored, and in it are combined all the good qualities of the Netted Gem and Osage, the varieties from which it originated. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 20 cts , $1 / 4 / \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Tip Top Melon. The most productive melon known; good for early or late, having a sweet, juicy fine flavor; solid flesh (but not hard) and eatable to the outside coating. The fruit is of large size, nearly round, evenly ribbed and moderately netted. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## English Frame Varieties (Imported Seed)

Sutton's Invincible Scarlet Flesh

Blenheim Orange

Eastnor Castle Green Flesh................................................ 25
Sutton's Perfection Pale Green Flesh........................... 25
British Queen......................................................................... 2


Kleckley Sweets Watermelon

## WATERMELON

One ounce will plant about 50 hills

Culture.-Treat the same as muskmelon, except that they should be planted 8 or io feet apart, according to variety.

Coles's Early. A most delicious and productive variety for - the family garden, succeeding in northern states, where melons were never matured before. The flesh is of a beautiful bright red color, crisp and extremely delicate in texturethat granulated, cool, sparkling appearance that is so captivating to the eye; in flavor it is lusciously sweet and refreshing, no pithiness or stringiness. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{r}$.
Kleckley Sweets. Thesweetest of all the Watermelons. Fine flavored and grained; tender meat. Fruits are large size; rind very thin and green; very brittle; flesh scarlet and firm, and a variety everyone should grow. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .65 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. \$2.50.
Black Spanish. A sweet and delicious variety; fruit round, of large size; skin blackish green; scarlet flesh. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. ro cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Citron. Round and handsome; used for preserves. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts}, 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} 20 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. 60 cts .
Florida Favorite. A superb strain; improvement on Rattlesnake; intermediate. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} .$, oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Hungarian Honey. Fresh, brilliant red, very small seeds; well adapted for northern localities. Pkt. 5c., Oz. IOc., I/4 Ib. 20c., lb. 60 c .

Kolb's Gem. Largely grown in the South for shipment to northern markets ; it has no equal as a shipping melon; the fruit is nearly round; rind dark green, somewhat marbled with lighter shades. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$. , lb. 50 cts .
Mammoth Ironclad. A large size; flesh deep red and of rich flavor, holding its fine quality very close to the skin. For shipping and keeping it is unsurpassed. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{c} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .2 \mathrm{cc}, 1 \mathrm{lb} .6 \mathrm{oc}$.
Tom Watson. A large, long melon similar in shape, color and ing larger in size and splendid quality to Monte Cristo, but averagductive. Flesh rich red, sweet and tender. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.
Sweetheart. A perfect form of the old Ice Cream, possessing all of its good qualities and producing fruit much larger and handsomer in appearance and of most delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
The Boss. Oblong in shape; dark green skin ; flesh deep scarlet. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. Io cts., $\mathrm{T} / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. 60 cts ,
White-seeded Ice Cream. Very early; red flesh. Oz. io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## MUSHROOM SPAWN

Ten pounds will spawn to feet square
CUlture.-Mushrooms are easily grown, with a little care and attention, under a square shed, portion of a cellar, or any dark, dry place. Collect a quantity of fresh horse droppings, throw them into a heap, leaving it until it commences to ferment, then turn it over and mix it up well, and place it where you intend to make the bed, spread it regularly about 18 inches thick, tread firmly and level the bed. Leave this to heat for a few days and as soon as the heat drops to 90 degrees make holes in the bed, about a foot apart each way, into which put pieces of the spawn about the size of an egg, fill up the holes with the compost. Beat the surface level, afterward keep it dry, and the Mushrooms will make their appearance in about five or six weeks. When the first crop has been taken, give the bed a good watering leaving it as before, when they again will make their appearance. Beds can be made at any time of the year, and as one declines another should be made, to keep a constant supply. The spawn should be kept in a cool, dry place. When gathering, remove the stalks; do not cut them or they will rot and breed maggots. Per brick to bricks 25 bricks 100 bricks Best English Spawn....................... $\$ 020$ 20 $\$ 180 \quad \$ 375 \quad \$ 1200$ American Pure Culture.................. $30 \quad 240 \quad 500 \quad 1500$

Mushrooms: How to Grow Them, by Wm. Falconer, 11, postpaid

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## ONIONS

## One ounce for roo feet of drill

 5 to 6 pounds to the acreCulture. - Sow in rich, sandy soil, in drills i foot apart, as early as possible in the spring, cover with fine soil and firm well, either with roller or back of spade. When plants are strong enough thin out to 3 or 4 inches. The finest Onions are produced by sowing the seed in a hotbed early in February and transplanting seedlings to the open ground 6 inches apart.
Ailsa Craig English Grown. This variety continues to rank among the exhibition sorts, being second to none. Flesh pale yelweighed slightly low, excellent form, oftell weighing three pounds. The Onions in the illustration below were grown from our seed and Large Red Wethersfield. This is the standard red variety, and a favorite Onion in the East, where immense crops are grown white, moderately fine grained and stronger flavored than any of the other kinds. Very productive, the best keeper, and one of the most popular for general cultivation. It is more inclined to form large necks if planted on unsuitable soil than the Danvers, but is the best variety on poor or dry soil. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., $\mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.

## THREE ENGLISH VARIETIES

Carter's Record. Increased in favor each season, and is an 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$ 1$.
Excelsior. One of the finest Onions in cultivation for show sior. purposes or general crop. No other variety can approach it for great size, fine quality and splendid globe shape. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. 75 cts ., 3/4 lb. \$2.

## Nutting's Golden Ball.

The finest globe Onion in culgrowing to a large size, with small neck and bulb a beautiful globe
shape. It is an excellent keeper and a capital variety for exhibition. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. 75 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 2$.

## Standard Varieties

Prizetaker. Grows uniform in shape; is of immense size, measuring from 12 to 16 inches in circumference, while under special cultivation specimen bulbs have been raised to weigh from four to six pounds each; its pure white flesh is fine-grained, mild and delicate in flavor. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4 lb. 75 cts ., 1b. $\$ 2.50$.

## STANDARD VARIETIES, continued

The Australian Brown is of medium size, wonderfully hard and solid, extremely early in ripening, and never makes any stiffnecks or scallions. Planted with the Red Wethersfield, it proved to be nearly four weeks earlier and ripened off more uniformly. Pkt. 5 cts., 02.20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., 1b. $\$ 1.50$.
White Pickling. When matured, the tops die down, leaving beautiful and perfect little bulbs. The color is pure white, flavor mild and delicate, perfectly adapted for pickling and table use; and makes a pretty bunch Onion, especially if grown by the transplanting method. A valuable variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 70 cts., 1b. \$2.50.
White Portugal, or Silver Skin. A mild-flavored variety, used extensively for pickles. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts., lb. \$2.5c.
Yellow Danvers. A standard sort; early and a good keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
Yellow Globe Danvers. Of more globular shape than the preceding; splendid keeper, producing well-rounded bulbs about $21 / 4$ inches in diameter; skin light golden yellow; flesh white, crisp and mild in flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 41 \mathrm{~b} .45 \mathrm{cts}, 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ \mathrm{I} .6 \mathrm{o}$.


## Stumpr \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## ONIONS

One ounce for 100 feet of drill, five to six pounds for one acre

## S. \& W. Co.'s Perfect Globe-Shaped

S. \& W. Co.'s Southport White Globe. Yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniformly globe-shaped bulbs. The flesh is firm, fine-grained and of mild flavor. To produce the beantifully white Onions, so much sought in every market, one must, first of all, have good seed. becond, grow them well on rich land. Third, exercise great care in harvesting and curing the crop. In Southport, they "cord" up the Onions in long rows, the bulbs on the inside, and cover with boards so that the bulbs in the open air are well protected from rain or dew, which would be sure to discolor them. We have, by years of careful selection and breeding, developed a strain which has no equal in uniformity and beauty of shape and color. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .80 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 b . $\$ 3,5 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 14$.
S. \& W. Co.'s Southport Yellow Globe. This is probably the finest all-round sort grown. The enormous quantities annually shipped to market prove its popularity, and it is more largely grown than any other variety. We take unusual precautions to maintain the highest degree of perfection in our stock, and can confidently claim superiority for it. The bulbs are large and uniformly spherical, with very small necks; the largest diameter is below the center of the bulb. The color is a rich orange-yellow; enormous yielders and splendid keepers. No Onion-grower can afford to plant inferior seed when such as this can be procured. Per pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., lb . \$1.75, 5 lbs. $\$ 8$.
S. \& W. Co.'s Southport Red Globe. Very similar to Wethersfield in color, having a deep red skin, but differing in shape, being almost a perfect globe. Size large, flesh fine-grained, mild and tender. Pkt. 1о cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/41b. 60 cts ., 1b. \$1.75, 5 lbs. $\$ 8$.

## Collection

One packet each, three varieties Globe Onion,
RED,
WHITE,
YELLOW,
for 25c.; one oz. ea., three

S. \& W. Co.'s Perfect Globe-Shaped Onions

## ONION SETS

Plant Onion sets and tops near the surface, in drills 12 inches apart and 4 inches in the rows. They require the highest culture to obtain the best results.


## 

CUlTURE - Plant in April or May, among corn, or in the garden, in hills 8 or ro feet apart, and otherwise treat in the same manner


Large Cheese Pumpkin as melons.
Large Tours, or Mammoth. Grows to an immense size, often weigh ing over 100 pounds. Pkt. Io cts., oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Connecticut Field. Grown for stock purposes. Oz. ro cts., 1/4 $\mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{cts}$, lb. 60 cts.
Winter Luxury. This we recommend as one of the best pie Pumpkins; an excellent keeper and enormously productive. It is very finely netted and in color it is a golden russet. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Cheese. A most popular variety in the South. Fruit flattened, the diameter being two or three times more than the length; skin mottled light green and yellow, changing to rich cream color as it matures; flesh tender and of excellent quality. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz}, 10 \mathrm{cts}$. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ \mathrm{r}$.
Jumbo. This is the variety to be grown where "the biggest Pumpkin" is wanted. We have seen specimens weighing 250 pounds The color of skin is a deep yellow, the flesh being of a lighter shade. Notwithstanding its enormous size, it is delicious in quality and generally desirable. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Calhoun. A good-sized, almost round Pumpkin, with creamy brown skin; flesh deep salmon-yellow, wonderfully thick, fine-grained, and of the finest quality for rich-colored pies. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SCORZONERA ${ }^{\text {One ounce will }} \begin{gathered}\text { sow } \\ \text { about } \\ 50 \\ \text { feet of drill }\end{gathered}$

Culture.-Cultivate the same as salsify. The roots should not be scraped, but simply washed. boiled tender, then peeled and served like asparagus. Pkt. Io cts., oz .25 cts. . $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## OKRA, or GUMBO One ounce will sow about

## inch deep and four feet apart; thin out to 12 inches.

Culture. - Sow in the second or third week in May, if the weather is settled and warm, in drills one
Lady Finger. A new variety from the South, very productive, extra-long, slender pods of fine round form. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 20 cts . 1 lb .60 cts
Kleckley's Favorite. One of the best varieties. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{bb}, 20 \mathrm{cts}$. 1 lb .60 cts .
Long Green. Long ribbed pods, very productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\mathrm{J} / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 20 cts ., 1 lb . 50 cts .
White Velvet. Very distinct in appearance; pods are perfectly round, smooth and of a white velvety appearance and of superior flavor. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 1o cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## PARSLEY One ounce will sow about <br> 150 feet of drill

Culture.-Parsley requires a rich, mellow and deep soil. Soak the seed for a few hours in tepid water, and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart and half an inch deep. Thin out the young plants to four inches. Hamburg Parsley should be treated the same as carrots.
Extra Double Curled. Standard market sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ \mathrm{l} .50$.
Champion Moss Curled. Very beautiful. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts , , $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 2$.
Fern-Leaved. Finest garnishing variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 1 / \mathrm{lb}$. 25 cts ., lb. 75 cts.
Plain. The ordinary form. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 1o cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 b .80 cts .
Curled Beauty. Pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts ., y/ 1 lb . 6 octs ., ib. $\$ 2$.
Hamburg, or Rooted. Edible roots. Pkt. io cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. \$1, lb. \$3.

## PARSNIP ${ }^{\text {One ounce will }}$ dow sout 200 feet of drill. 5 to 6 lbs . for an acre

Culture.-Sow as early in spring as the ground can be worked, in drills i8 inches apart, covering with fine soil to the depth of half an inch. The soil should be rich and deeply dug. The quality of the roots is much improved after a severe frost; in fact, they may be allowed to remain in the ground throughout the winter, as they are perfectly hardy.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Improved Hollow Crown. <br> A great improvement over the present and well shaped. Excellent for table or exhibition. Pkt. io cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., ib. $\$ \mathrm{~F} .50$.

S. $\mathbb{E}^{\circ}$ W. Co.'s Maltese. We are confident in stating that this highly selected strain can not very large size, are as tender and sweet-flavored as varieties that do not grow to half the size; a very fine variety for exhibition. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 60 cts ., lb . $\$ 2$.

## PEPPER

## One ounce will produce

about 200 plants
Culture.-Sow in hotbed in March or in the open ground in April; transplant in rows 20 inches apart each way. The seed may be sown in the open ground after all danger of frost is passed.
S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Ruby King.

Fruit bright ruby-red. The flavor is so mild like cucumbers or tomatoes. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$, lb. $\$ 4$.
Chinese Giant. Double the size of Ruby King. This is the standard large Sweet Pepper. It is quite early to ripen and very productive for so large a variety. Productiveness at the top at the top, and are of equal sength. Quite uniform in size. The flesh is mild and unusually thick and
makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. Color green, changing to a glossy scarlet when ripe. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 15 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$.
 $25 \mathrm{cts} .$, oz. $40 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}: 15, \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 4$.
Long Red Cayenne. Fruit about four inches long, bright red color; very productive. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.
Cherry Red. Small round fruit, rich scarlet color, and extremely piquant. Pkit. 5 cts ., 02.30 cts ., $\mathrm{y} / \mathrm{lb}$. 85 c ., fb . \$3.
Large Bell or Bull Nose. A large early variety of pleasant flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts, , $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .65 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.25$.
Magnum Dulce. Superior to Chinese Giant or any other variety for size and quality. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{t} .25$.
Dwarf Early Red Squash. Thick meat, small, flat squash-shape. Pkt. ro cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 \mathrm{bb} . \$ \mathrm{I}, 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 3.50$.
New Neapolitan. Is fully two weeks earlier than Bull Nose, or Ruby King ; of good size, and mild flavor. Pkt, 1o cts., oz.' $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 5 / 4 \mathrm{lb} \cdot 90 \mathrm{cts}$. Golden Dawn. Bright golden yellow; very productive. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 41 \mathrm{~b} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.
Sweet Mountain. Similar to the Bull Nose, but larger, sweeter and of milder flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2.50$.
Red Cluster. Bears a profusion of red clusters of very thin, pungent Peppers in an upright position. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 30 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$.

## RHUBARB ${ }^{\text {One ounce will produce }}$ about $x, 000$ plants

Culture. - Sow early in spring, in drills one inch deep and a foot apart; thin out; transplant the following season 4 feet apart each way.
Linnaeus. Early, large and tender. Pkt. 5c., oz. 2oc., 1/1 1b. 5oc., lb. \$1.50.
Victoria. Very large, somewhat later than Linnæus. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., 02.20$ cts. 3 , $1 / \mathrm{lb}$ b 50 cts ., 1b. \$r.50.
S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Ruby King Pepper

One quart will plant $x 00$ feet of drill

## NORTHERN GROWN

Where pints and quarts are ordered BY MAIL add 5 cts . and 10 cts ., respectively

## Prices on half-pints include postage

CUlTURE.-For early crops sow as early in spring as practicable, and again every two or three weeks for a succession throughout the season up to the ist of August. Plant in single or double rows, 4 feet apart and 2 inches deep. In dry weather soak the Peas over night before planting. In the vicinity of New York the Extra-Early Peas, if planted from the 15th to the last of August, will produce a medium crop for late picking, when they will be found most acceptable.

Varieties marked ${ }^{*}$ are wrinkled Marrows, and should be sown thicker than the round Peas, and not until the ground has become warm, as they are more liable to rot. All wrinkled sorts are much superior in flavor to the round Peas.

American Wonder. Extra-eariy, fine flavor and productive Height I foot. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 15 cts ., pt. 25 cts ., qt. 40 cts ., pk. $\$ 2.75$.
Alaska. The finest blue-seeded extra-early Pea known to the trade. Very early, uniform in growth, almost entirely free from sports or runners. First class in every respect. Seed round, blue, slightly pitted. Height $21 / 2$ feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts., pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts., pk. \$2.50.
"S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Gradus. Undoubtedly one of the most valuable varieties introduced up to the present time. The illustration shown does not give this grand Pea its full quota of praise. The Peas are large, fine quality and very early. Height 3 feet and of robust growth. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 50 cts ., qt. 80 cts ., pk. $\$ 5$.
Gregory's Surprise. Excellent early sort. Height 2 feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 15 cts., pt. 25 cts., qt. 45 cts., pk. $\$ 3$.

First of All. A very prodigious bearer; early and of splendid flavor; a variety largely used by market gardeners. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. Io cts., pt. 20 cts ., qt. 35 cts ., pk. $\$ 2.50$.
*Nott's Excelsior. A splendid extra-early sort; very prolific. Grown very largely as a good second early. $1 / 2$ pt. 15 cts ., pt. 25 cts ., qt. 40 cts ., pk. $\$ 2.75$.
*Thomas Laxton. A remarkably fine early wrinkled Pea, and we think destined to supersede "Gradus." In many characteristics it resembles that excellent sort, but the pods differ in shape, and are certainly more numerous. It grows about 3 feet in height, but does not need brushing. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 25 cts ., pt. 40 cts ., qt. 75 cts ., pk. $\$ 4$.
McLean's Little Gem. Early variety, straight pods, very prolific and of excellent flavor. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 25 cts ., qt. $40 \mathrm{cts} .$, pk. $\$ 2.50$.

S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Gradus Peas

## MEDIUM, or SECOND-EARLY

Champion of England. Acknowledged to be the best of the tall-growing late varieties; the pods and peas are of the largest size and excellent quality. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pt} .25 \mathrm{cts}$, qt. $40 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.75$.
Fillbasket. Large cropper, good quality. $1 / 2$ pt. 15 cts., pt. 25 cts., qt. 45 cts., pk. $\$ 3$
McLean Advancer. Height $2^{1 / 2}$ feet. A fine standard sort of excellent quality. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. \$2.50.
Shropshire Hero. Height $21 / 2$ feet. Very productive ; fine flavor, long, handsome pods. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. $25 \mathrm{cts} .$, qt. $40 \mathrm{cts} .$, pk. $\$ 2.75$.

## MAIN, or LATE CROP

Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Hardy and prolific, Height 3 feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 10 cts., pt. 20 cts ., qt. 30 cts ., pk. \$2.25.
Improved Stratagem. Very large pod; peas of first quality. Height $1 x / 2$ feet. $1 / 2$ pt. 10 cts., pt. 20 cts., qt. 35 cts., pk. $\$ 2.25$.
Prince of Wales is a main-crop pea, coming about the time of the Telephone and Stratagem. Average height of vine, $2^{1 / 2}$ feet; seeds very large, yellow and wrinkled. The pods are large, although not so large as the two sorts just named; but they will produce more pods from a given quantity of seed than any other sort, and will give a greater number of shelled peas to the same number of pods, thus making them valuable to both grower and consumer. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 25c., qt. 45c., pk. \$3.25. Welephone. A tall. wrinkled Marrow variety, enormously productive and of fine quality. The pods are of the largest size and contain from six to seven large peas. Height $4^{1 / 2}$ feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .20 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 35 cts . qt. 60 cts ., pk. $\$ 3.50$.
Telegraph (Long Island Mammoth). Very large pods and peas, very prolific. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. Io cts ., pt. 20 cts., qt. 35 cts.. pk. \$1.75.

## EDIBLE-PODDED SUGAR PEAS

Luscious Melting Sugar. Grows to the height of 5 feet, bears a profusion of large, broad pods, which are so brittle that they snap without any string. It should be used in much the same way as a wax bean. The pods when cooked are very sweet and tender. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pt} .25 \mathrm{cts} . \mathrm{qt} .40 \mathrm{cts}$., pk. $\$ 2.50$. Very Dwarf Gray Sugar. Unusually dwarf, very similar in habit to the American Wonder. The pods are beautifully crimped, are of unusual size for such a small-growing sort, and are of exquisite, melting quality. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., pt. 25 cts ., qt. 40 cts ., pk. \$2.50.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## Stumpp and Walter Co.'s English-Grown Peas

The following varieties have proven trom our trials to be of excellent merit and warranting a trial. We can quote our own opinion, but in the opinion of those who have tried these varieties, no gardener should fail to plant some of the following.

## EXTRA-EARLY PEAS

Ameer. Called in the South, Large Alaska; once Ameer. used, always used. Height 18 to 20 inches, habit dwarf, stocky and vigorous, color dark green. The most robust grower we know of; an imported variety which tested out in our trials better than any other sort of its class. This Pea comes in about the same time as the Thomas Laxton, not so large but twice as prolific, just the Pea for the market or private gardener. Give it a trial. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb}$. $30 \mathrm{cts} ., 2 \mathrm{lbs} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 5 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 1.15$.
Excelsior, Sutton's. A dwarf early Marrowfat Pea, growing about 18 inches high. Pods large and well filled with deliciously flavored peas. Ready for picking with Nott's Excelsior. 1/2lb. 25 cts., 1b. 40 c. , $2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 5 \mathrm{lbs}$. \$1.50.
Daisy, Carter's. Dwarf, wrinkled, large pods; and finely flavored Pea. Height $1 / 2$ feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. 30 cts ., 2 lbs. 50 cts ., 5 lbs. \$1.I5.
*Early Morn. Carter's. This grand introduction maintains its position as one of the best early Marrowfat Peas ever raised, although so early, the seed should not be sown until the soil is in a fit shape to receive it in April, as it is a rapid grower. The pods are very large and well filled and are often ready to pick during June. Height about 3 feet. $1 / 21 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 2$ lbs. $85 \mathrm{cts}, 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2$.
Blae Express, Carter's. A reselected stock of an early round-seeded variety and a very productive bearer, the pods well filled with fine-flavored peas. $3 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 2 \mathrm{lbs} .85 \mathrm{cts}$., 5 lbs. $\$ 2$.
Laxtonian. Carter's. This Pea is deservedly is a true marro called one of the earliest of Peas. It Late Marrowfat varieties. As a Dwarf Early Pea it is unsurpassed in quality. 1/2lb. 30 cts ., lb. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. 85 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.
Mayflower, Carter's. A superb dwarf first early Marrowfat Pea. A cross between Daisy and William Hurst. This is a grand variety, with long-pointed pods twice the size of William Hurst and much more freely produced, being one of the most popular dwarf Peas grown. 1/21b. 30 cts., Ib. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.

* Thomas Laxton. A remarkably fine early wrinkled Pea, and we think destined to supersede "Gradus." In many characteristics it resembles that excellent sort, but the pods differ in shape, and are certainly more numerous. It grows about 3 feet in height. but does not need brushing. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. $25 \mathrm{cts}, 1 \mathrm{lb} .40$ cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{~s} .50$.


Early Morn Peas

## MEDIUM, or SECOND-EARLY PEAS

Quite Content, Carter's. A giant-podded main crop. Awarded the First-Class Certificate of the Royal Horticultural Society, 1906. Pods longer than any other Pea in cultivation. This grand Pea, which has caused such a stir in the Horticultural world during the past season, is the outcome of a cross between Alderman and Edwin Beckett. In general character it resembles the former, but the pods are considerably larger than either parent. In our own trials it has amply demonstrated its wonderful superiority, and when exhibited it was pronounced by leading experts to be without doubt the finest Pea ever seen. It is exceedingly prolific, and the pods hang mostly in pairs. Height 5 to 6 feet. $5 / 21 \mathrm{~b} .40$ cts., lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .40,5 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 3.25$.

Duke of York. An excellent variety, a few days earlier than Duke of Albany. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., 2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{c} ., 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
Favorite, Sutton's. A very dwarf type of Yorkshire Hero; good for light early land. It has rich, deep green pods, well filled with delicious Marrowfat Peas; very prolific. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} .60$ cts., 2 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I}, 5 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 2.75$
*Senator. A grand second-early variety; productive of large, - luscious, very wrinkled Peas. The handsome large round pods are curved and always well filled. Vines grow 3 to 4 feet and carry an enormous crop of delicious peas. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts., 1b. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts ., 5 lbs . $\$ 2$.

## MAIN, or LATE CROP PEAS

Alderman. A valuable variety of recent introduction. The vines are vigorous and average 18 to 20 pods, each containing 7 to to large peas of a most delicious flavor. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .40 \mathrm{cts},, 2$ lbs. 75 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ 1.75$.

Buttercup, Carter's. A hardy type of Daisy Pea, with long, handsome, well-filled pods. We have counted as many as twentytwo pods on a single plant ready at one time. Height 2 feet. t/2 lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ 1.75$.


Extra-Early Bovee Potatoes

## FOR SEED

Culture.-Grown exclusively from tubers; 10 to 12 bushels to the acre. Plant in early spring, in rows 3 feet apart and plants I5 to 18 inches apart in row. Cultivate constantly and thoroughly, finally ridging the loose soil against the rows. A second or late spring planting is often made. Store in frostproof celler in winter. Our Potatoes are all specially raised for seed purposes, are "Northern Grown" and are exceptionally fine in quality. In comparing our prices on Potatoes, remember we make no charge for barrels or cartage, and deliver F. O. B., New York, at prices quoted.

## EARLY VARIETIES

Extra-Early Potato, The Bovee. The earliest of all and a great cropper. The Bovee in all competitive trials has outyielded all the early Potatoes, and in many of the tests conducted by experiment stations and private growers it has outyielded even the late varieties, including such heavy cropping kinds as Carman No. I, Empire State, Rural New Yorker No. 2, and others. The vine is dwarf and stocky, and the tubers grow remarkably close, all bunched together in the hill close up to the vine. Pk. 85 cts., bus. $\$ 2.5 \mathrm{o}$, bbl. $\$ 5$.
Selected Early Rose. A standard variety, early, productive and of excellent quality. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} .70 \mathrm{cts} .$, bus. $\$ 2, \mathrm{bbl} . \$ 4.50$.
Beauty of Hebron. Slightly flesh-colored skin, with pure white flesh; one of the most popular early varieties. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} .70 \mathrm{cts} .$, bus. \$2.25, bbl. \$4.

## MEDIUM AND LATE CROP VARIETIES

Gold Coin. A splendid Main Crop variety of remarkable cold Coin. productiveness and finest table quality ; slightly oblong form; light golden skin; flesh pure white, fine-grained; cooks very dry. Pk. 85 cts., $1 / 2$ bus. $\$$ r. 50 , bus. $\$ 2.50$, bbl. $\$ 6$.
Snow (White). Sometimes called Poor Man's Friend. On acPotato it is rightly entitled to be called the "Poor Man's Friend." It is of handsome shape and most desirable for the best trade. It is a vigorous grower, ripens uniformly, a little earlier than Green Mountain, is a good keeper and fast becoming one of the most popular medium late varieties. The vines are always very heavy, the seed being especially vigorous and tubers always good size where soil is well tilled. Our customers who have grown this Potato last year have given us very pleasing reports, and we have no hesitancy in offering this sterling variety this year. Pk. $\$ 1,1 / 2 \mathrm{bus} \$$.1.75 , bus. $\$ 3$, bbl. \$7.
Rural New Yorker. Large and smooth; white skin and flesh. Pk. 70 cts., bus. $\$ 2.25$, bbl. $\$ 4$.

Norcross. Has been grown for the past few years and has given excellent satisfaction. The Potato is large, flat, oval, perfect in shape, finest in quality, largest in yield. It is an excellent eating Potato, is very hardy, and has shown exceptional blight-resisting qualities. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{pk} .90 \mathrm{cts} .$, bus. $\$ 2.50$, bbl. $\$ 6$.
Carman No. 1. Largest size, greatest yielder. $\quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{pk} .50 \mathrm{cts}$., pk. 85 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$, bbl. $\$ 5$.
Late Puritan. Very productive. Pk. 70 cts., bus. $\$ 2$, bbl. $\$ 4$.
Carman No. 3. Is of perfect form even in dry seasons, almost every Potato being of uniform size and shape, averaging nearly a pound each in weight. The skin and flesh are extremely white no hollow or dark parts and its cooking qualities are extremely fine. Pk. 70 cts., bus. $\$ 2.25$, bbl. $\$ 4.50$.
Green Mountian (selected stock). A late, heavy cropper of excellent quality; skin smooth and white; shape roundish flat, eyes few and shallow; a good keeper. Pk. 85 cts., $1 / 2$ bus. $\$ 1.50$, bus. $\$ 2.50$, bbl. $\$ 5$.

BUG DEATH. Our Potato Grower's recommendation. "Our crops are thoroughly sprayed with Bug Death, keeping them green and growing and free from bugs, blight and rust germs until full maturity, allowing the seed ball to mature. No Paris green or arsenic used on our crops." See Insecticides, for prices and description.

## Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster

## One ounce will sow about 50 feet of drill

 Culture.-Sow the seed early in spring, in drills 12 inches apart and one inch deep, thinning out the young plants to 6 inches. The roots will be ready in October, when a supply should be taken up and stored like carrots. Those remaining will suffer no injury by being left in the ground until spring.Mammoth Sandwich Island. Tender and delicious. Superior to all other sorts. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$. , $\mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.

## Sorre1 One ounce will sow about

Culture.-Sow early in the spring in drills 6 to 8 inches apart.
Garden. Used for soups and salads on account of its pleasant acid
flavor. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$. , $1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 2.25$.

## Swiss Chard

One ounce will sow about soo feet of drill
Curture.-This is a beet producing only leaves, and is excellent used as greens. Considered by many much superior to either spinach or beet tops as greens. Sow the seed as early as the ground can be worked, in drills about a foot apart. As it grows, thin out for use. Green Lyon. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
Giant Lucullus. Crumpled leaves, yellow with broad white ribs. Prepared for table the same as spinach; mid rib is sometimes prepared like asparagus. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts ., $/ 4 / \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.

## Sprouts

One ounce will plant about 150 feet of drill
Culture. - Sow in drills one inch deep and treat the same as Kale.
Spring Sprouts, or English Rape. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts .
Winter, or Siberian Kale. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{c}$., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c}$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## RADISH <br> One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill

Culture.-Sow, for early crops, in March, in hotbed, and in April and May in a warm border, and continue throughout the season, in fortnightly sowings, in drills an inch deep and a foot apart.
"Cooper's Sparkler." A quite distinct variety, now offered for the espect, the color being a fime. Fulfils every requirementin each解 of the purest white. The roots, even when fully developed, are solid, crisp and sweet, and remain fit for use as long as the coarser kinds. It is equally well adapted for forcing in frames or growing in the open ground, for, while the leaves are small, as shown in the accompanying photograph, the $y$ are sufficiently large for bunching. Pkt. Io cts., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{lb}$. \$r.50.
Sakurajima. A Radish from Japan, which grows to enormous dimen$2 r$ inches. The skin is white and the fruit is always crisp and tender. The taste is more delicate than our American varieties, and we believe that this variety will become popular. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. 50 cts .

## EARLY TURNIP VARIETIES

Scarlet. Very early. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 60 cts.
Scarlet White-tipped. Fine for early forcing in frames, or outdoors. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Early White Turnip. A small, round sort, inclined to flat. Its beautiful pure white color makes it very useful for mixing with other sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .70 \mathrm{cts}$.
Yellow Summer. Splendid variety; stands heat and drought well. Pkt $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{cts}$.
Early Scarlet Globe. Of distinct shape, brilliant color, short-leaved, crisp and white; an excellent variety for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50$ cts., lb. \$1.50.
Large White Summer. Large size and fine form ; excellent for summer use. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} .$, oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Gray Summer. Large size, round. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{c}$
Triumph Scarlet Striped, Forcing. A very desirable addition to our forcing sorts. The roots are about the size and shape of Scarlet Turnip White-tipped, but are creamy white, beautifully marked with spots and dashes of carmine. Pkt. 10 cts ., $02.15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

## OLIVE-SHAPED VARIETIES

Olive-shaped Scarlet. Flesh bright and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.
Olive-shaped White. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb}, 75 \mathrm{cts}$.
French Breakfast. A favorite sort; mild and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. Io cts.,
1/4 lib. 25 cts., 1b. 75 c .


Early Scarlet Globe and French Breakfast Radishes


Cooper's Sparkler Radish

Red Rocket. Shape
is long oval, color bright red, good flavor. Pkt. Io cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.
White Rocket. Similar to Red Rocket, but is pure waxy white throughout. Pkt. Io cts., oz. I5 cts., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$
White Tip Rocket. Brilliant scarlet with white tip ; flavor delicious. Pkt. Io cts., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

## LONG VARIETIES

Scarlet Short Top. Very long and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{lb} .6 \mathrm{cc}$. Scarlet Chartier White-tipped. The color at the top is crimson, running into pink about the middle, and from thence downward is a pure white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 lb .65 cts .
White Strasburg. Shape tapering; skin and flesh both white; excellent summer variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$, lb. 65 cts.
Giant White Stuttgart. Medium early, large and heavy; pure white throughout; very tender and delicious flavor. Very popular sort. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{C} ., \mathrm{oz} .10 \mathrm{c} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .2 \mathrm{cc} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .60 \mathrm{c}$. Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger. Pure white in color; of long, tapering shape; very attractive in appearance. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{cts}$.
White Icicle. A fine long white and very early sort, ready in twenty to twentyfive days after planting. Its transparent, white skin, makes it a very attractive market and table variety. Pikt. 5 cts ., oz. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I}$.

## WINTER RADISHES

Rose China. Bright rose color; flesh firm and piquant; fine for winter use. Plkt. 5 cts., Oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$, lb. 60 cts
Long Black Spanish. The popular winter sort. Pkt. 5c., oz. yoc., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c}$
Round Black Spanish. Fine for winter use. Pkt. 5 c ., oz . 1oc., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{c} ., \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c}$.
Half-long Black Spanish. A fine market-gardeners' strain. Flesh white and crisp; fit to use early in the fall. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., 1b. 75 cts.
California Mammoth White Winter. A white-fleshed Radish of excellent quality Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{Oz} .10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



## SQUASH

One ounce Early Squash will plant about 25 hills One ounce Marrow Squash will plant about 50 hills

Culture, - The Squash succeeds best in good rich soil. It is not advisable to plant before May i5. Sow in hills in the same manner
as cucumbers and melons.
White Bush Scalloped. This and the Yellow Bush Scalloped are esteemed the earliest, and are grown almost exclusively for first crop. From the hard texture of the rind it is well suited for shipping, and they are grown exclusively at the South for that purpose. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.
Long Island White Bush. A selection of the Old White improvement having less prominent so that a single $G$ ash actually ridges and being much deeper, weight a single Squash actually contains nearly twice as much to gat cubic measurement as the old sort. In addition to this, it is of finer quality and very prolific. We can strongly recommend this variety. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / / \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Yellow Bush Scalloped. Differs from the white only in color. Pkt. 5 cts , oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 40 \mathrm{cts}$.
Golden Custard. Mammoth strain of the Early Yellow Scalloped Bush. Golden yellow flesh, quality excellent. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Perfect Gem. Round, white, very productive, and of fine quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Boston Marrow. Medium early; oval in shape; yellow flesh, and of most excellent quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$. Early Summer Crookneck. A very fine early summer variety. Fruit is yellow, fine flavor and productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 1 lb .30 cts.

## SPINACH

One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill

Culture.-Sow in March or April in drills one inch deep and 14 inches apart; again in August or September. Spinach delights in very rich soil-in fact, it is of no use sowing in a poor one.
Norfolk Savoy-Leaved. A valuable variety with wrinkled leaves, resembling the Savoy cabbage; hardy aud prolific. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Thick-Leaved. Fine market sort. It produces a large, thick leaf and stands for a long time before running to seed. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} . \mathrm{oz}$. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .15 \mathrm{cts}$. Ib. 35 cts .
Round-Leaved. One of the best for market or family gardens. Pkt. 5 cts ., Oz. $10 \mathrm{cts}, 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.
Large Thick-Leaved Viroflay. A fine selection of the old let-tuce-leaved Spinach. Excellent for summer use. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. I5 cts., lb. 35 cts .

Giant Bush Summer Crookneck. The Crookneck surpasses in quality any of the summer varieties, class of Squash moth we have the delicious buttery flavor of the original sort, but of just double the size. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Hubbard. Finest of all the late-growing varieties. Bluish green color, occasionally marked with brownish orange. Will keep from September to May. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Delicata. Early and very prolific; of oblong shape. Ground color orange-yellow, splashed and striped with very dark green. Although of small size, the Squash are solid and heavy, while the quality is rich and dry. An excellent "all seasons" Squash. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 30 cts ., $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Mammoth Chili. The flesh is very thick and of a rich yellow color ; the quality is good and nutritious. They are most profitable to grow for stock feeding. They keep well throughout the entire winter. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Winter Crookneck. Splendid for winter; flesh close-grained, sweet and of fine flavor. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Vegetable Marrow. A favorite English and Canadian sort; oblong, from 9 to 18 inches in length. Flesh white soft and very delicious. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.

All Season. A distinct variety, standing from two to three weeks longer than any of the other sorts without going to seed in this climate. Pkt. 10 cts , oz. I5 cts., $\pi / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
New Zealand. Produces leaves in great abundance throughby 3 feet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 1$.
Victoria. New extra-dark black-green color. Two or three weeks later than the ordinary Long Standing. A fine variety for spring sowing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SHA-KAIE One ounce will produce about 300 plants

Sow one inch deep in drills 2 feet apart, thin out to 6 inches, and the next spring plant in hills 3 feet apart.
Sea-Kale. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
Sea-Kale Roots. See page 35 .

## TOMATO

Culture.-The seed should be sown in a hotbed about the first week in March, in drills 5 inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about 2 inches high they should be transplanted into another hotbed and planted 4 inches apart, or planted in 4 -inch pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. About the 15th of May the plants may be set out in the open ground 3 feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting. Sufficient plants for a small garden may be started by sowing a few seeds in a shallow box or flower-pot, and placing it in a sunny window of the room or kitchen. The fruit is greatly improved in quality if the vines are tied to a trellis or to stakes.

## FORCING

S. \& W. Co.'s Best of A11. A variety of matchless form and color. Fruits beautiful, smooth, round and wonderfully prolific. Color of rich scarletred; setting very free in bunches. Equally good for outdoor culture as for forcing. Pkt. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75$ cts., oz. \$2.50.

## Carter's Duke of York.

Color rich scarlet, splendid cropper, almost globular in shape; flesh very firm, fine flavor. Ripens its fruit very evenly, while its profusion of clusters, averaging six and ten evenly formed fruits each, make it conspicuously handsome. (Seed English-grown.) Pkt. I5 cts., $1 / 4$ Oz. 75 cts., oz. $\$ 2.25$.
Sterling Castle. superior variety for either forcing or outdoor culture. Very heavy cropper, of medium size, smooth and round. Color a clear red. Remarkable for its freedom of set and delicious flavor. (Seed English-grown.) Pkt. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$., oz. \$2.25.

## Sutton's Winter Beauty

was made for it. The plant is of strong constitution and bears with great freedom. This Tomato is of exceptional quality for table use. May be grown just as successfully in the open ground as under glass. (Seed English.grown.) Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} . \$ 2.25$

## EARLY OUTDOOR VARIETIES

S. \& W. Co.'s Earliest of All. Unquestionably the in cultivation. Fruits good size, brilliant red color, smooth, very prolific, and of superior flavor. If sown in March and transplanted, will bear a good crop of Tomatoes by July, and continue fruiting until cold weather sets in. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 2020$ cts., oz. 40 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1.25,1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 4$
Chalk's Early Jewel. An extremely early variety of brightest scarlet color, deep-fruited and solid. Very few seeds and of excellent flavor. A grand variety for the table or for exhibition. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz}$. 15 cts ., oz. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.75$

## GENERAL LIST MAIN CROP SORTS

Acme. Early, of medium size, perfectly smooth, very solid and productive. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 2$.
Beauty. Large, smooth, pinkish red; thick flesh, regular form. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.
Cimson The Crimson Cushion is more symmetriCrimson Cushion. cal in shape than the Punderosa, and is much thicker through from stem to blossom end; in fact, so marked is this characteristic that it is frequently almost round. The color is brilliant scarlet-crimson, untinged with purple, and ripens up almost to the stem The flesh is firm and "meaty," and of superb quality. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$, $\mathrm{lb} . \$ 4$.


Crimson Cushion Tomatoes

# STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York 

## TOMATOES, continued

Livingston's New Coreless. Large size, globe-shaped, heavy cropper. The two distinctive features which stand out most prominently are great depth from stem to blossom; and the depression at the stem has been almost entirely eliminated. Pkt. Io cts., 3 pkts. for: 25 cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.75$.
Matchless. The color is rich cardinal-red. The skin is so tough that it is a splendid keeper and shipper, and is less liable to crack in wet weather than any other large Tomato. Unsurpassed for market or for table. The plant is a strong grower, and is very productive, bearing with undiminished vigor until frost. The fruit is free from core, and the seed-spaces are comparatively small. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \frac{x}{2} \mathrm{Oz} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.5 \mathrm{o}$.
Ponderosa. The largest variety in cultivation. Pkt. rocts.; oz. Ponderosa. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50, \mathrm{lb} . \$ 5$.
Perfection. Smooth, productive and a good shipper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ 2$.
Royal Red. Vines stronger and more vigorous than the Favorite. Fruit large and bright red. Pkt. 5 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} .$, 1/4 lb. $75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.
Sparks' Earliana. The most perfect of all Tomatoes. Of large, uniform size and beautiful red color; ripens thoroughly. Pkt. Io cts., 1/20z. 25 cts ., oz. 40 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.
Selected Early Paragon. Vine medium sized, with large, dark green leaves, having numerous clusters of three to seven large Tomatoes, which are a rich dark red color ; exceedingly smooth; flesh very firm, but without green spots. This is a favorite variety on account of its smooth, handsome fruit. One of the best varieties for canning. Pkt. io cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{Oz}$. 15 cts ., oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{c}$., 1 lb . $\$ 2$.
Stone. One of the best. It is very large, perfectly smooth, and of a bright scarlet color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz, 20 cts., $7 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.
Trophy. Improved. A standard variety. Very solid, smooth and excellent in every respeçt. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{I} / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.

## SMALL FRUITING VARIETIES




Ponderosa Tomato

## TOMATO PLANTS. Pot-grown

|  | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crimson Cushion | \$0 75 | \$5 00 |
| Ponderosa | 75 | 500 |
| June Pink | 75 | 500 |
| Earliest of All | 75 | 500 |
| Early Michigan | 60 | 400 |
| Acme | 60 | 400 |
| Stone | 60 | 400 |
| Globe | . 75 | 500 |
| We have Tomato p | ., \$2 | er 100 |



Purple-Top White Globe Turnip

## TURNIP

One ounce will sow about ${ }^{5} 50$ feet of drill

Culture.-For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring. Rutabagas should be sown from any time in July to first of August; but the other kinds, for winter use, may be sown from the middle of July to the end of August. Turnips are generally sown broadcast, but much larger crops are obtained (particularly of the Rutabagas) by cultivating in drills 18 inches apart, and thinning to 6 inches in the drill. Sow in drills, one pound to the acre; broadcast, two to three pounds to the acre.
Early White Milan. As early as the Early Purple-top Milan and possesses out, is clear ivory-white in color ; the outer surface is perfectly smooth. It grows so quickly that even the outer surface of the bulb is quite tender. Its table qualities are unequaled, being of the most delicate flavor and tempting appearance. It will undoubtedly find a welcome in our markets, as, in addition to the heavy crop assured by its adaptability for close planting, it will be found fit for use at least a week earlier than any other white variety in cultivation. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{c}$.
White Egg. Shape nearly oval; flesh firm; smooth white skin; mild and very sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts ., 1/4 lb. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.
Early Snowball. Small, solid, crisp and sweet; one of the best for table use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 1 \mathrm{l}$. 30 cts ., 1 lb . $\$ 1$.
Purple-Top Munich. One of the earliest varieties. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 10 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $20 \mathrm{cts} .$, Ib. 50 cts.
Red-Top Strap-leaf. A standard sort, extensively grown for market and private use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25$.
White Strap-leaf. Early variety. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., 0 z .10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} .1 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Purple-Top White Globe. An early variety, globe-shaped, heavy cropper, in other respects similar to Red-Top Strap-leaf. A handsome-looking bulb, and is rapidly taking the lead of all other varieties of early Turnip for market-garden purposes. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. \$1.
Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly. This is the most distinct yellow Turnip we know. The flesh is of a very fine texture, making it one of the best table varieties. Its, beautiful color and fine flesh have earned for it the synonym of "Orange Jelly," which well describes its appearance when ready for the table. The bulb is of medium size, with small tap-root, and is early in maturing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts .. lb . $\$ \mathrm{I}$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## TURNIPS, continued

Long White, or Cowhorn. A guick-growing, lung-shaped variety flesh fine-grained and sweet, excellent for table use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
White French, or Sweet German. A delicate-flavored variety an excellent keeper and fine for table use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{~b} .35 \mathrm{cts}$. lb . $\$ 1$.

Yellow Stone. One of the best yellow-fleshed sorts for table use Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35$ cts., lb. $\$ 1$
Early Purple-Top Milan. Earliest of all purple-topped Turnips. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 35 cts., 1b. \$1
Yellow Aberdeen. A very hardy and productive variety of fine form and excellent quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 c ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{c}$., 1b. \$1.

## Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs

Anise (Pimpinella anisum). Seeds aromatic and carminative \$0 $10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 20$

Basil (Ocymum basilicum). Sweet. Culinary herb used for flavoring soups, etc.
Bene (Sesamum orientale). The leaves used for dysentery.
Borage (Borago officinalis). Leaves used as a salad ......
Caraway (Carum Carui). Used in flavoring liquors and bread
Catnip (Nepeta cataria). Has medicinal qualities
Coriander (Coriandrum salizum). Seeds aromatic $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 30 \\ 10\end{array}$

Dill (Anethum graveolens). Seeds used for flavoring vinegar
Fennel (Anethum Foniculum). Florence. In flavor resembling celery
Horehound (Marrubium vulgare). Has medicinal qualities
Hyssop (Hyssopus officinalis). Has medicinal qualities.
Lavender (Lavandula vera). True. For oil and distilled water
Marjoram (Origanum Majorana). Sweet. Used in seasoning.
Mint (Mentha piperita). Peppermint.
Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis). Yields an aromatic oil and water
Rue (Rufa graveolens). Said to have medicinal qualities
Saffron (Carthamus tinctorius). Used in medicine and also in dyeing
Sage (Salvia officinalis). Common. A culinary herb; also used in medicine
Savory (Saiureja Hortensis). Summer. Used as a culinary herb.
Savory (Satureja montana). Winter. Used as a culinary herb $10 \quad 20$

Tarragon (Artemisia Dracunculus). Does not produce seed. See Esculent Plants.
Thyme (Thymus vutgaris). Broad-leaved English. Used as a seasoning. 20

Thyme (Thymus vulgaris). French
Woodruff (Asperula odorata) 40
Wormwood(Artemisia Absinthium). Has medicinal qualities 30

## Root Crops for Feeding Stock

## CARROT

Sow two to three pounds to the acre. From middle of May to July I for main crop; one foot apart between rows, thin out to 7 inches in the rows.
S. \& W. CO.'S STRAIN DANVERS HALF-LONG. Deep orange color, of medium length, tapering uniformly to a blunt point. Flesh smooth, and although of medium length, this strain will give the largest yield per acre. Pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.
LONG ORANGE IMPROVED. An excellent long Carrot, of deep orange color; doing well in a deep soil. Pkt. Io cts., oz, 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.50$.

## MANGEL-WURZEL and SUGAR BEETS

Sow six to eight pounds to the acre during May and June; 2 feet apart between rows, thin out to 8 inches in rows.
CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE. Globe-shaped roots of large size, adapted for growing in shallow soils. Oz. 10c., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{c}$., lb. 75 c .
RED GLOBE. Similar to Yellow Globe, except color of skin being red. Oz. 1o cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 25$ cts., 1 b .75 cts .

MAMMOTH LONG RED. The largest and heaviest cropper of all the Mangels. Dark red skin, with whitish flesh. Grows onehalf or more above the surface. Oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I}$.

## SUGAR VARIETIES

KLEIN WANZELEBEN. Extensively grown for feeding and sugar. Oz. io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 15 cts ., lb. 50 cts .
IMPROVED WHITE SUGAR. Oz to cts., $\mathrm{I} / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 15 c ., lb .50 c .

## RUTABAGA (Russian, or Swedish Turnip)

Sow two pounds to the acre in June and July in drills, 2 feet apart; thin out to 9 inches in the row.
IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP. A yellow-fleshed, purple top ; great cropper; excellent for table or stock. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 15 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts
LONG ISLAND IMPROVED. A very excellent variety; of very large size. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 b .8 cts .
SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP. A very heavy cropper; one of the best for field culture. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 25 c ., 1b. 8 oc .

## Esculent Plants, Roots and Herbs

| Chi | Each \$0 25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Doz. } \\ & \$ 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cinnamon Vine Roots | 10 | 100 | 700 |
| Hop Vine Roots. | 10 | 100 |  |
| Jerusalem Artichoke Roots..qt. 25c., pk. \$r. |  |  |  |
| Horse-Radish Roots (strong roots) |  | 15 | 75 |
| Peppermint | 15 | 50 | 1200 |
| Rosemary | 15 | 150 | 2 |
| Rhubarb Roots (Giant Crimson Wint | 25 | 250 | 15 co |
| Sage | 15 | 150 | 12 oo |
| Tan | 15 | 150 | 120 |
| Tarragon. Strong 3 -inch pot p | 35 | 350 |  |

## FORCING ROOTS

Asparagus, Conover's Colossal, or Palmetto. Forcing crowns. $\$ 7$ per 100, \$60 per 1,000.
Sea Kale (Crambe maritima). Sea Kale is almost unknown in America, but considered quite a delicacy in Europe. It is one of the most succulent and edible vegetables known, and can be forced like rhubarb, or grown in the open ground and protected so that it will bleach. In form and flavor it is not unlike celery, though it is not eaten raw, but boiled and served with drawn butter. We are importing some specially fine stock this winter.
Imported Extra-selected Forcing Crowns. Doz. \$2, 100 \$15, per 1,000 \$140.

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s "Suburban Garden" Collection of Flower Seeds

## ONE DOLLAR, POSTPAID

We are frequently requested to make up collections of Flower Seeds best suited for town or small suburban gardens. The varieties and quantities named below have been selected with a view of giving our patrons a goodly share of flowers throughout the summer, both for cutting and for effective bedding or edging. This collection may also be planted at the seashore or mountain resort.

> Y/4b. Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Giant Flowering Sweet Peas 1 oz. Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Tall Nasturtiums

Also package each of the following popular annuals, of easy cultivation:

| Sweet Alyssum | Aster, Queen of the Market, Mixed |
| :--- | :--- |
| Candytuft | Chinese Pink |
| Cornflower | Eschscholtzia, California Poppy |
| Cockscomb, Feathered | Godetia |
| Annual Larkspur | Marigold, African Tall |
| Mignonette, Defiance | Phlox Drummondi, Large-flowering |
| Poppies, Shirley | Scabiosa, Large-flowering, Tall, Double |
| Zinnia, Stumpp \& Walter | Co.'s Giant Flowering |

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Wild Garden Mixture

## A distinct mixture of exceptional merit

The varieties of seeds chosen for this Wild Garden Mixture are selected with an idea of permanency, and are of perennial character; also with a view of giving a continuous display of blooms from early spring until frost. They are interesting, beautiful, and many defy description,

Our collection comprises a mixture of more than one hundred named varieties, properly blended, in order to have a marked and varied succession of blooms. To the lover of an ideal Wild Garden we strongly recommend same.
Tall Wild Garden Mixture. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts., oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50,1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 5$ Dwarf Wild Garden Mixture. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50,1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 5$

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEED

In presenting this list of Flower Seeds for your attention, every care has been taken to secure seeds from sources of supply known to us, from our experiences and from our tests at our trial grounds, to be of the highest possible merit. Our Flower Seeds are selected with an idea of superiority of strain and we handle only the highest possible types in each respective class.

We mail all Flower Seeds FREE OF COST to any post office in the United States.

ANNUALS grow from seed, flower and mature their seed in same season.
HARDY ANNUALS can be sown outdoors in open ground.
HALF HARDY ANNUALS should be started early in house or hotbed and transplanted to the open ground as soon as danger of frost is past.
BIENNIALS. Sown usually from early July to late August and come to bloom next season.
HARDY BIENNIALS may be left in ground over winter.

HALF HARDY BIENNIALS. Protection of coldframe is necessary over winter.
PERENNIALS. Grow from seed and usually flower annually for a number of years. Bloom season after which seed is sown ; but can be had in flower first season if planted early in a moderate heat.
HARDY PERENNIALS. Can be left in open ground without any protection, but this is not necessarily recommended.
HALF HARDY PERENNIALS. Require protection of coldframe or greenhouse during winter.

The following abbreviations will be used to designate the classes under which various flower seeds offered come.
H.C. Hardy Climber.
G.C. Greenhouse Climbing Plants. G.B. Greenhouse Bulbous Plants.
G.P. Greenhouse Plants.
G.S. Greenhouse Shrubs.

ABUTILON, Finest Mixed (Chinese Bell flower, Flowering Maple). G.S. Attractive coolhouse shrub and window plant. Per-petual-blooming plants bearing lovely bell-shaped flowers valuable both for winter decoration and summer bedding. Height 4 feet. Pkt. 25 cts., 1 - 32 oz . $\$ 1$.
ABRONIA. Ver-bena-like plants, very fragrant, especially toward evening. Charming trailers for vases, rockwork, etc. Halfhardy annual.
Umbellatum. Rosy pink. Height, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. Pkt. 5 cts.
Arenaria. Lemonyellow. Height, 3/4 ft. Pkt. 5 cts.

## ABRUS Precatorius

(Prayer Bean,
Crab's Eye). Chiefly remarkable for its small egg-shaped seeds, which are of a brilliant scarlet color, with a black mark. These seeds are used for necklaces and other ornamental purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.
ACACIA. Decorative greenhouse shrubs with elegant foliage; flowers yellow, white or red. 3 to 6 feet. Perennial.
Mised Varieties. Pkt. 5 cts.

## ACHILLEA

Ptarmica, The Pearl (Sneezewort). Hardy perennial. One of the best, bears a profusion of small, double, white flowers during the entire season. Fine for cutting. Height $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/802. \$2.
ACONITUM (Aconite, Monkshood, Wolfsbane). Hardy perennials. Showy spikes of hood-shaped flowers. 4 feet. June to September.
Napellus. Blue. Pkt. io cts., oz, 75 cts.
Finest Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 75 cts .
ACROCLINIUM album fl. pl. Hardy annual, with everlasting flowers. Good for cutting. Like all straw flowers, should be dried thoroughly before used. Flowers double white. I foot. July to October. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Roseum. Single pink. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
FI. PI. Double pink. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.


Ageratum

## ADONIS aestivalis

 (Pheasant's Eye). Hardy annual. Dark green foliage; scarlet flowers. I foot. June to August. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.Autumnalis (Flos Adonis). Small, crimson flowers, with dark center; globose. i foot. May to July. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Vernalis (Spring Adonis). Hardy perennial, with large yellow flowers in the early spring. Foliage finely cut. Height ifoot. May. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 75c.

## AGROSTEMMA

 Coeli-rosa (Rose of Heaven). Superb free flowering hardy annual, rose-colored flowers; fine for cutting. Height $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. July to Sept. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.Coronaria (Rose Campion, Mullein, Pink). Hardy perennial; flowers dark blood-red and very large; foliage silvery. Height 2 feet. June to September. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts.

## AGERATUM (Flos Flower)

Half-hardy annual, used very extensively for edging beds of Coleus, Cannas or Geraniums. Blooms continuously all summer.
Album. White. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Tom Thumb, Blue. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts.
Tom Thumb, White. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts.
Tom Thumb, Princess Pauline. Sky-blue, white center. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 75 cts.
Little Dorrit. Blue. 6 inches. Pkt. io cts., oz. 75 cts.
Little Dorrit. White. 6 inches. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 75 cts.
Swanley Blue. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 75 cts.

## Ageratum Mexicanum Capella

This new Tom Thumb Ageratum differs from all other dwarf varieties by the decidedly distinct and pretty rosy chamois color of the flowers. Habit dwarf and compact ; height 9 to to inches. Pkt. 15 cts., 2 pkts. 25 cts.

## Ageratum, Little Blue Star

A handsome new variety, quite different from all the other dwarf sorts. Grows about 5 inches high, and is just covered with bright blue flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.


Border of Alyssum

## ALYSSUM

This most popular hardy annual needs little introduction. Used extensively as a border for the flower garden, but equally valuable as a cut-flower, owing to its delightful fragrance.
Little Gem (Maritimum). Plants grow very dwarf and spreading; they grow only 3 to 4 inches high, and each plant completely covers a circular space of 12 to 20 inches. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts.
Sweet Alyssum (Benthami). Well-known fragrant white. Pkt.

## 5 cts., oz. 50 cts

White Carpet ( A. compactum procumbens). Pure white; grows only 2 to 3 inches high and flowers profusely. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$1.
Saxatile compactum (Hardy Perennial). Excellent rock or border plant, bearing bright yellow flowers from April to June. Height 9 inches. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts.
ALOYSIA citriodora (Lemon Verbena). A greenhouse shrub valuable for the fragrance of the foliage. 2 feet. Pkt. io cts., 1/8Oz. 50 cts .

## AMARANTUS

Brilliant-foliaged annuals, growing from 3 to 5 feet high, some of the varieties bearing curious racemes of flowers. All are useful in borders of tall plants, or for the center of large beds. They thrive best in a hot, sunny location, not too rich soil; must be given sufficient room to develop their full beauty.
Caudatus (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Blood-red; drooping. Pkt. 5 cts. Cruentus (Prince's Feather). Dark red, feathery flowers. Pkt. 5c. Tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Leaves red, yellow and green. Pkt. 5c., 1/4 oz. 15 cts.
AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston, or Japan Ivy). Valuable,hardy and perennial climber, clinging to walls of wood, brick or stone; foliage dense, of glossy green, changing to red and yellow in the autumn. Pkt. 10 cts ., Oz. 30 cts .

## ANCHUSA

Barrelieri (Alkanet). Hardy perennial. Flowers deep blue, with a white tube and pink throat, borne on spikes 2 feet high; good for cutting. June to September. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Capensis. Biennial. Flowers azure-blue, $11 / 2$ feet. July and August. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
Italica. Hardy perennial. Deep blue. 3 feet. June to September. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 50 cts.
Sempervirens. Hardy perennial. Rich blue. I $1 / 2$ feet. May. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 50 cts .

## Anchusa Italica, Dropmore Variety NEW

The bright blue forget-me-not-like flowers are borne on graceful stems during the entire season and way late into the fall. It is a great improvement over the existing varieties. Hardy perennial. 4 to 5 feet. Pkt. 20 cts.
ALSTROEMERIA, Finest Mixed. Hardy perennial. Beautiful lily-like flowers, borne in clusters ranging from light yellow to orange. Height 3 feet. June to August. Must be grown in moist, shady spots. Pkt. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}, 75 \mathrm{cts}$.
ANEMONE, Single Giant de Caen (Windflower). The giant French Anemone. Half-hardy perennial. Excellent for cutting. Cup-shaped flowers in blue, red and white. May and June. 9 inches. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
St. Brigid (Irish Anemone). Enormous blooms the size of tulips, with a great variety of striking colors. Pkt. 15 cts ., 1/80z. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.
ANTHEMIS Kelwayi (Marguerite). Hardy perennial. Large daisy-like yellow flowers, good for cutting. Height 2 feet. July to September. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 60 cts .
Nobilis. White, 2 feet. Pkt. io cts., oz. 60 cts .
ANTHERICUM Liliago (St. Bernard's Lily). Stately hardy perennial, with pure white lily-like flowers. Height 2 feet. May to August. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts .

## ANEMONE BULBS

The beauty of Anemones has been largely commented on, and there are many varieties that suggest themselves to the gardener. The poppy-flowered varieties may be had in bulbs, and if planted in the spring time, with a little care will give excellent satisfaction. None of the spring flowers surpass the Anemone for brilliancy of color or profusion of bloom. They are very lasting, and of recent years have been grown very extensively for table decoration.

The following varieties grow about a foot high and bloom very profusely the first season; the results obtained are far more satisfactory than those produced by the planting of seed for which you have to wait several years before blooming.

Single White, Single Blue, Single Scarlet, Single Crimson, Single Mixed, and Double Mixed. 25 cts. per dozen, $\$ 1.75$ per 100.

## ANTIRRHINUM <br> (Snapdragon)

Antirrhinums, or Snapdragons, are among the most showy of our half-hardy perennials. When sown under glass in February, they can be brought to bloom during July. As a cut-flower, the tall varieties are exceedingly attractive, while the dwarf varieties look very pleasing when used for borders or edging of beds; grown under glass, also for winter flowering.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Giantflowered Antirrhinum

 Height about 3 feetCoral-Red. A pretty and attractive shade. Pkt. Io cts., 3/402. 35 cts.
Blood-Red. Striking in color. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 10 \mathrm{Oz} .35$ cts.
Carmine-Rose. Carmine; yellow blotch on lower lip. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Chamois. Very handsome new color. Pkt. 15 cts , $, 1 / 0 \mathrm{oz}, 75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Album. Very large; white. Pkt $15 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.
Luteum. Pure yellow. Pkt. io cts $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 35 cts.
Rose Dore. A pretty shade of self salmon-rose. Pkt. 15c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .40 \mathrm{c}$. Fairy Queen. Rich salmon, white throat. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 402.35 \mathrm{cts}$.
Queen Victoria. A very large white. Pkt. 10 cts., 3/402. 35 cts.
Scarlet. Very attractive. Pkt. Io cts. 1/4 oz. 35 cts .
Special Mixture, Named Sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., $3 / 4$ oz. $25 \mathrm{cts}_{1,}$ oz. 75 cts . Collection. $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { named varieties. } \$ 1 . \\ & 5 \text { named varieties, } 50 \text { c. }\end{aligned}$
S. \& W. Co.'s Semi-dwarf Antirrhinums
Height about 18 inches
Black Prince. Dark crimson; foliage dark. ${ }^{\prime}$ kt. 10c., z/4oz. 50 C . Crimson King. Bright crimson. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 40 \mathrm{oz}$. 50 cts .
Golden Queen. Rich yellow. Pkt. rocts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 35 cts.
Pink Empress. Deep rosy pink. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 40 cts.
Queen of the North. White; excellent bedding variety. Pkt. roc., 5/4oz. 35 cts.
Striatum. Very fine striped. Pkt. 10 cts . $1 / \mathrm{Oz} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.
Special Mixture, Named Sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., $3 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$., oz. 75 cts COLLECTION
Six named varieties.
$\$ 050$

## S. \& W. Co.'s Dwarf Antirrhinums

Height about 12 inches
These varieties make very fine pot-plants. Pkt. $1 / 40$,

COLLECTION. Six named varieties. .$\$ 050$

## Antirrhinum, Double White Large-flowering.

 Quite a new departure in the class of tall, large-flowering Snapdragons is here offered. Out of the mouth-like aperture in the flowers, between the upper and lower lips, emerge abnormal fantastic petals, which give a double and beard-like aspect to the very large bloom. In 60 to 70 per cent of the seedlings this phenomenon is more or less in evidence, the remainder producing perfect flowers of extra size, such as are otherwise seen only in the Queen Victoria and other grandiflorum varieties. A striking effect is produced by the long spikes of beautiful white flowers when used for bedding. Pkt. I5c.
## New Antirrhinum, Dwarf Large-flowering

Maize Queen. Fine salmon-maize, with yellow lip; dark green foliage; fine, large flower. Pkt. ${ }^{15}$ c.
Pink Queen. Color a lovely pink, with yellow lip; large flower
dark green foliage ; very Dainty Queen. The salmon-buff, with bright beautiful variety. Pkt. 15 cts. color of this variety is a beautiful yellow lip; a most pleasing and attractive color. Pkt. 15 cts .
Rose Queen. Flower bright rosy pink, with citron lip, deepening at top. Pkt. 15 cts.
Buff Queen. Flowers a lovely shade of rose, with deep canary lip, shaded orange. Pkt. 15 cts . Golden Fairy. Color a beautiful shell-pink, with delicate lemonyellow blotched lip; pale foliage. Pkt. 15 cts.

## AQUILEGIA

(Columbine)
The Aquilegias are fine, freeflowering hardy border plants. Seed may be planted in the open ground early in the spring, and will, in the case of single varieties, bloom the same season. Best results are obtained by planting in August, when they will come up early in the spring, making vigorous plants, and will bloom during late spring and early summer.

## Aquilegia, S. \& W. Co.'s Giant Long- <br> spurred Strain

A very excellent mixture of $\mathrm{Col}^{-}$ umbines, comprising new and pleasing shades and combinations, effective and striking in the individual flowers, in many shades of lavender. blue, mauve, white, yellow, orange, scarlet and bright rose-pink. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. $\$$.
Californica hybrida. Beautiful flowers, principally yellow and orange shades. Pkt. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.25$.
Chrysantha. Canary-yellow. About 3 feet. Pkt. 10c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.00$. Coerulea. Violet-blue and white. About 2 feet. Pkt. 15c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$. Rose Queen. Rose shades with white center and yellow anthers; beautiful. 3 feet. Pkt. 25 cts. Skinneri. True scarlet tipped with green. 3 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.
Stewartii. Beautiful large pale blue. 2 feet. Pkt. 50 cts .
Double Mixed. Very fine. 3 feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Single Mized. Very fine. 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.
ARCTOTIS grandis. Half-hardy perennial; excellent for border. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
ARDISIA crenulata. Greenhouse shrub, bearing bright coral berries. Pkt. 25 cts.
ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchman's Pipe Vine). A very attractive and highly ornamental climber, with flowers resembling the pitcher plant. Pkt. Io cts.
ARTEMISIA argentea (Old Man). Hardy perennial. i foot. Pkt. 5 cts.
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa (Butterfly Weed, Milkweed). Hardy perennial. Brilliant orange and yellow flowers in flat-topped, ter minal clusters; leaves lanceolate, shiny, olive-green. Dry soil. 2 feet. June to September. Pkt. 15 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Halli. New. Pure white, Pkt. 25 cts ., 1/80z. 75 cts.
ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus. A graceful pot-plant for either house or conservatory. Finely cut foliage. Pkt. 25c., 100 seeds $\$ 1$.
Sprengeri. Drooping foliage, adapted for hanging-baskets or cutting. Pkt. 25 cts., Oz. 75 cts.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## ASTERS

## S. \& W. CO.'S SELECTED

Plants may be obtained from seed sown in the open ground in May by September; but we recommend all early varieties being planted in coldframes or started in boxes in a sunny window. A goodly share of blooms may be obtained by sowing earlier varieties in this manner, and in order to prolong the blooming season we suggest growing Queen of the Market as an early variety, Comets for intermediate, and Branching for late.

## Superlative Strain, Queen of the Market

We recommend starting seed of this positively meritorious strain very early in January.
Extra-Early White Pkt. y/4oz. Oz. \$0 05 \$0 50 \$I 50

| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 1 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 50 | 1 | 50 |
| 05 | 35 | 1 | 25 | COLLECTION

Packet each, 9 varieties

## S. \& W. Co.'s Late Branching Asters

This exceptionally fine Aster is without a rival. It is as well known in Europe as in America, and although we placed it on the market only a few


HOHENZOLLERN ASTERS years ago, to day every florist has a fine stock of the flowers in his window just before the chrysant hemum


A Planting of S. \& W. Co.'s Late Branching Asters often mistaken for the chrysanthemum, which it so much resembles. The flowers are of extraordinary size-much larger than other varieties-and stand erect on long, graceful stems, well above the foliage; flower-stems 15 to 20 inches long. Grand for cutting. Plants extra large and of strong growth; one plant will cover a space $21 / 2$ feet square. By far the most satisfactory Aster grown.

| Pure White | Pkt. | $1 / 102$ $\$ 0$ 0 |  | Pkt. | 1/02. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rose-Pink | 10 | \$0 50 | Lavender | 10 | \$ 50 |
| Purple | 10 | 50 | Crimson. | 10 | 50 |
| Carmine | 10 | 50 | Mixed | IO | 40 |

## Any of the above, $\$ 1.50$ per oz.

COLLECTION
Packet each, 7 varieties

## Hohenzollern Asters

THE NEW, EARLY-FLOWERING, OSTRICH FEATHER ASTER
This is the finest of all the early-flowering Asters; the plants grow tal! and branching, bearing flowers of mammoth size on exceedingly heavy, long stems. Many stems have measured 18 to 24 inches in length. The flowers are of the finest and purest colors, measuring 6 to 8 inches in diameter, and rivaling the finest chrysanthemums. A great improvement in Asters ; as a cut-flower it is ahead of anything we have ever seen.


## Dwarf Chrysanthemum-Flowered Asters

A large-flowering dwarf Aster; grows about I foot high. Excellent for ribbon borders, beds or pots. Blooms during August.

|  | Pkt. | 1/40z. |  | Pkt. | 1/40z. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | . \$0 10 | \$1 00 | Carmine | \$0 10 | \$100 |
| Deep Blue | 10 | 100 | Rose | 10 | 100 |
| Fiery Scarlet | 10 | I 00 | Mixed. | 10 | 100 |
| Light Blue ... | 10 | 100 |  |  |  |
|  |  | COLLECTION |  |  |  |

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## Giant Comet Asters

Flowers of immense size, often 6 inches across, composed of long, wavy, twisted petals, gracefully formed into loose, yet densely double half-globes. Each plant bears 15 to 20 flowers on very long stems, making them especially valuable for cutting.

| Snow | Pkt. | $1 / 10 z$ | S | Pkt. o 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / \mathrm{oz} . \\ & \$ \mathrm{oz} 00 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rose. | 10 | 100 | Yellow | 10 | 100 |
| Light Blue | 10 | 100 | Peach | 10 | 10 |
| Lilac. | 10 | 100 | Mixed | 10 | 1 |
| Crimson | 10 | 100 |  |  |  |

## Victoria Asters

One of the handsomest varieties, both in size and color. They bloom profusely, and the colors include many extremely delicate and some bright colors.

|  | Pkt. | 1/4oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | \$0 10 | \$100 |
| Rose | 10 | 100 |
| Crimson | 10 | 0 |
| Light Blue | 10 | I 00 |
| Dark Blue | 10 | 100 |
| Mixed | 10 | 10 |

## Giant Crego Asters

A flower of the Giant Comet type, often measuring from 4 to 5 inches in diameter and resembling large chrysanthemums. They are of strong growth, attaining the height of three feet.


## Christmas-Tree Asters

A very dwarf variety, largely used for pot-culture. Blooms of medium size and of very free flowering. White, Rose and Blue. Pkt. Io cts., 1/80z. 50 cts.

## Single Comet Asters

This type of Asters have met with considerable demand recently. From a decorative point of view the possibilities are immense; their large blooms often measuring 5 to 6 inches across make them truly conspicuous.


Purity. A pure white Aster of is of most symmetrical habit, usually growing about 18 inches high. The plants are literally one mass of snow-white flowers of large size, resembling great balls of snow. As a cut-flower variety, Purity is first-class, the stems being long and strong ; the plant is of branching habit. This variety is highly thought of by all florists, and we predict that it will become one of the leading white Asters for florists' use. Pkt. 10 cts ., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Daybreak. A most beautiful bushy, branching Aster, growing Daybreak. about 2 feet high, with large, double flowers composed of incurved petals almost as regularly placed as in a dahlia. The coloring is an exquisite tint of rosy shell-pink, the flowers are borne upright on stiff, long stems, and the plants in bloom are charming beyond description, and for cutting purposes there is not a finer Aster grown. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{oz} . \$ 3.50$.

S. \& W. Co.'s Queen of the Market Strain Asters (See page 40)

Mary Semple. Pink Branching. A beautiful and popular variety of the Branching Aster. The flowers are very large and the color is an exquisite shade of bright pink, very much the color of Enchantress carnation. Stems long and stiff. A grand Aster for cutting purposes, and for shipping has no equal. Pk. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$. 50 cts ., oz. $\$ 3.50$.

## Vick's Mikado Pink Rochester. Official flower Rochester. The petals are narrow very long of the City of flexed. The outer petals show to their full extent, while gradually, toward the center, they bend and curl across each other in magnificent disorder. Color is an exquisite shade of lavender-pink. While strictly a Comet Aster, the strongly growing, freely branching, longstemmed plants quite resemble the branching sorts. In growth it is unusually vigorous, the average plant having a dozen long, strong, graceful stems, each crowned with flowers from $4^{1 / 2}$ to 6 inches in diameter. Vick's Mikado Pink Rochester comes into bloom between Queen of the Market and S. \& W. Co.'s Late Branching. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/80z. \$1. <br> HARDY PERENNIAL ASTERS

(Michælmas Daisies)
These handsome flowers are very beautiful and easy of culture.
Alpinus speciosus. Dark blue. Height 2 ft . July. Pkt. 15 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Bessarabicus. Pink. 3 feet. August. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4$ oz. 75 cts.
Novae-Angliae. Mixed. 4 feet. September. Pkt. Io cts., 1/4 Oz. 75 cts.
Sub-Caeruleus. $\begin{gathered}\text { Large flowers, } \\ 3 \text { ins. } \\ \text { across }\end{gathered}$ very striking, bold orange-yellow center. 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. \$1. 25 .
ASPERULA odorata (Sweet Woodruff). Hardy perennial. Handsome creeping plant, with deep green whorled foliage and pretty white flowers. Especially useful for carpeting in shady situations. 6 inches. June and July. Pkt. io cts., oz. 8oc.
BABY'S BREATH. See Gypsophila.
BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea.
BALLOON VINE. Annual climber. Flowers white; seed-vessels like small balloons; pretty foliage ; grows rapidly. 8 feet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). Hardy perennial. Free-growing plant, with deep green cut foliage and lupine-like dark blue flowers in long racemes. 3 feet. June and July. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
BARTONIA aurea. Hardy annual. Very bright golden flowers from July to September. Fine for cutting. Ift. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

## CULTURE OF ASTERS

Asters will thrive in any good soil, prepared in the same way as you would for a crop of vegetables, but it is well to remember that any extra care taken in the preparation of the soil is repaid by finer plants, larger blooms, with longer stems and more profuse flowering. They should have an open, sunny position and prefer a good, heavy, loamy soil enriched with a liberal quantity of Bone Dust No. 2, and an addition of air-slaked lime, and we do not advise growing them on the same ground two years in succession; it is better to change each season. For early flowering, seeds should be started in a sunny window, hotbed or cold-frame in April and transferred to their place in the garden as soon as danger of frost has gone by. For August (midseason) and September (late) sow seeds outside on flnely prepared ground in May, thinning out to one foot in the rows and two feet between. With the above prescribed treatment and frequent cultivation of plants to ensure a steady growth until flowering, excel irequent cultivation of plants to ensure a steady gro
lent large blooms with long stems can be obtained.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



DOUBLE BALSAM

## CALCEOLARIA G. P.

The strains offered herewith are grown by a famous English seed-growing specialist and are the finest in existence.
James's Giant Strain. Pkt. 50c. Carter's Prize Strain. Pkt. 50c. Rugosa. Shrubby, for bedding. Pkt. 50 cts.

## CALENDULA (Pot Marigold)

One of the best and showiest as well as free-blooming hardy annuals, growing in any good garden soil.
Meteor. Double yellow, striped with orange. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 25 cts.
Prince of Orange. Similar to Meteor but much darker. Pkt. 5c., oz, 25c Sulphurea fl. pl. Large double flowers of pleasing sulphur-yeliow color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Ranunculoides fl. pl. Striped and margined. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 25 cts .
Pongeii f1. pl. Large double white flowers. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

## CALLIOPSIS (Coreopsis)

This genus embraces a very useful and brilliant class of hardy annuals as well as perennials. Sow annuals outdoors in May where intended to bloom, and thin out to stand 6 to 12 inches apart.
Drummond, or Golden Wave. Uniform orange-yellow; ift. Pkt. 5 cts . Tinctoria marmorata. Marbled yellow and brown. 2 ft . Pkt. 5c., oz. 30 c Coronata. Rich yellow, slightly spotted with red. Pkt. 5 cts . Tall Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts. Dwarf Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Calliopsis grandiflora. Hardy perennial. Deep golden yellow flowers on fine stems for cutting. Cup-shaped flowers and glabrous leaves. 2 ft . All summer. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 50 cts
Calliopsis lanceolata grandiflora. Same as above, except that the foliage is lanced. Pkt. io cts., oz. \$r.

## BALSAM (Lady Slipper)

An old and favorite garden flower, producing its gorgeous masses of beautiful brilliant-colored double flowers in the greatest profusion; of easiest culture; succeeds in a good, rich soil. Tender annuals. 2 feet. Start the seed indoors in April, or sow out-of-doors in May. When specimens are wanted, plant at least 18 inches apart; splendid when grown in pots.
Double Rose ............... Pkt. Oz.

Lavender.............. io 1 oo

BEAN, Scarlet Runner. The well-known rapid-growing annual climber, with bright red flowers from July to September. Fruit is a most delicious vegetable. 8 feet. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 40 cts.

## BELLIS (English Daisy)

The poet's favorite and one of the most charming spring flowers; will stand the winter if given the protection of a few leaves or litter; in bloom from early spring until well on in the summer.
Giant-flowering Red $\qquad$ Pkt.

Pink $\qquad$ \$0 25

Double Red Quilled Snowball Pkt.

Pink 25
25

Double Mixed \$0 25

White............ 25

## BEGONIAS

There are no more popular bedding plants than the Begonia of the Semperflorens type. They do well in the full sunlight, and where they receive partial shade are an excellent subject for beds or edgings of beds. Perfect masses of bloom from May until frost. To obtain best results, start in January either indoors or in hotbeds.
Gracilis, Prima Donna. Limpid rose shaded toward carmine in the center. The plants grow about ro inches high and form a freely branching bush io to 12 inches across, and make a free and continuous display above the fresh green, slightly brown-tinted foliage. Pkt. 25 cts.
Erfordii. Bright rosy carmine, Pkt. 25 cts.
Luminosa. Brilliant fiery dark scarlet. Pkt. 25 cts
Rose. A very free-blooming variety of delicate rose. Pkt. io cts.
Vernon. Superb variety; flowers brilliant rich red, which are set off perfectly by the abundant glossy green leaves, broadly margined with bronze and purple. Extremely hardy and floriferous. Seed sown outdoors in May will produce excellent blooming plants early in the summer; one of the best varieties for the amateur gardener to sow. Pkt. io cts.
Tuberous-rooted, Single Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.
Double Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.
BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy). A charming dwarf plant of easy culture, covered with a beautiful mass of Cineraria-like flowers. Half-hardy annual.
Iberidifolia. Blue and white. $1 / 2$ foot. Pkt. 5 cts.
BROWALLIA. Handsome annuals, with blue or white flowers completely studding the bushy plants the entire summer. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Nana compacta. Blue. Dwarf and compact. Pkt. 10 cts. Speciosa major. Individual flowers are fully 1 inch across, of rich indigo-blue. I foot. Bushy. Pkt. so cts.
Mixed Colors. Pkt. 5 cts.
CACALIA coccinea (Tassel Flower). Hardy annual; bright red tassel-like flowers. July to Oct. $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. Pkt. 5c., oz. 40 c


CARTER'S PRIZE STRAIN CALCEOLARIA

## CAMPANULA (Bellflower)

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Very beautiful, hardy, herbaceous perennial, bearing a great profusion of attractive Bellflowers; thrives best in light, rich soil; some of the varieties flower first season if sown early.
Carpatica. Deep blue; fine for beds; grows six inches high; flowers all summer. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts}, 02.60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Carpatica alba. White. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts .
Persicifolia grandiflora, Blue. A very pretty perennial variety; flowers . very large. June and July. Pkt. 25 cts
Persioifolia grandiflora alba. White. June and July. Pkt. 25 cts.
Persicifolia fl. pl., Moerheimi. New. A grand acquisition for garden; long spikes of double white fiowers. Pkt. 50 cts.
Persicifolia, Fairy Queen. The finest colored bluebell. Rich. azure-blue; flower very large. Pkt. 25 cts.
Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellfower). Spikes 3 to 4 feet tall; erect, pyramidal flowers: large and of beantiful blue. Pkt. 10 cts .
Pyramidalis. White. Pkt. so cts.

## BIENNIAL VARIETIES

Campanula Medium.
A very pretty species which may be had in bloom from seed first season if sown early.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Medium Single White.... Pkt. } \mathrm{Oz} \text {. } \\
& \begin{array}{lrr}
\text { White.... \$0 } & \text { o5 } & \text { \$o } \\
\text { Rose } \ldots . . & 05 & 35 \\
\text { Striped ... } & 10 & 40 \\
\text { Blue..... } & 05 & 35 \\
\text { Mixed... } & 05 & 30
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

Medium Double Blue


Blue.
White
\$0 10
Rose.............................................................................. 10
Striped
Splendid Mixed

## ANNUAL VARIETIES

Macrostyla. Large violet flowers. Pkt. io cts.
Macrostyla rosea. Charming variety. Pkt. io cts.
CANARY BIRD FLOWER (Tropæolum). A rapidgrowing summer climbing annual, producing hundreds of its pretty fringed bright yellow flowers, which resemble a canary bird with expanded wings. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts .


GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED CANDYTUFT

CAMPANULA (Bellflower)


## CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

## HARDY ANNUALS

The Candytuft is almost as fragrant as the sweet alyssum and very popular. Very useful as a bedding plant or for border work. Sow outdoors in April, where they are to bloom, and thin well when the plants grow about i inch. Sow also in July for fall blooming. Where grown in rows best results for cut-flowers can be obtained only by giving the plants at least a foot apart in the rows and $13 / 2$ feet between the rows.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Giant Hyacinth-flowered.

Immense white spikes; largely grown for cut-flowers. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. $\$ 3$.
Empress. Also grown to a great extent for cut-flowers. Pkt. io cts., oz. \$1
Queen of Italy. Fine pink. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 50 cts .
Rose Cardinal. Deep pink. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$r.
Dunnett's Crimson. Deep crimson. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts .
Carmine. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 35 cts.
Dwarf Hybrids Mixed. Pkt. io cts., oz. 50 cts .
White Rocket. Large trusses. I foot. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 35 cts.
Pink Beauty. New. Fine pink. I foot. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. \$r.50.
Lilacina. Lilac. I foot. Pkt. 5 cts., oz, 25 cts .
Purple. Purple. I foot. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

## PERFNNIAL VARIETIES

A very early-flowering variety; largely used in the hardy border. Foliage exceedingly pleasing in color and very decorative.
Gibraltarica. White, shaded pink. Pkt. 25 cts .
Sempervirens. Pure white flowers; evergreen foliage. Pkt. Io cts.

## CARNATION

These well-known favorites are highly prized for the delicious perfume of their flowers, grown in pots or in the open ground. No flowers can be finer or more worthy of cultivation. The Marguerite Carnation will bloom in four months from the time of sowing. The flowers are of magnificent colors, ranging through many shades of pink, red, white and variegated. Hardy perennials.
Earliest French Chabaud. New hardy class, combining the perfection of flowers of the perpetuals with the earliness of Marguerite Carnations, blooming seven months after being sown. Pkt. 25 cts.
Benary's Non Plus Ultra Border. Finest mixed. Saved from flowers of finest quality only. Pkt. 25 cts.
Perpetaal, or Tree. Upright growth and branching habit, flowering several times during the season. 2 feet. Pkt. io cts.
Early Dwarf Vienna. Flowers very early; extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts
GIANT MARGUERITE. Without exception these are the most abundant bloomers of all the Carnation Pinks. Flowers are of brilliant colors, ranging through many beautiful shades of red, pink, white, variegated, etc. Perfect form, large size. Sown in spring, commence fowering in early summer, and continue to bloom in lavish profusion until checked by frost. Finest mixed. Pkt. 'ro cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1, \mathrm{oz} . \$ 3$.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## CASTOR-OIL PLANT (Ricinus)

The Ricinus are tall, stately growing plants of tropical appearance; their luxuriant foliage renders them exceedingly ornamental. They are free-growing, tender annuals of easy cultivation. Half-hardy annuals
Africanus. Very large green foliage
Zanzibarensis. New Giant Castor-Oil Plant from Africa
Barboniensis arboreus. Large and handsome green foliage. 15 feet........................... 05
Communis (Castor-Oil Plant). Green foliage. 6 feet
Gibsonii. Dark, purplish-red foliage. 6 feet

Duchess of Edinburgh. Dark red foliage. 6 feet...................................................... 05
Gibsonii Mirabilis. Dwarf, compact; very fine.... \$0 05

05
10 05 05
 producing graceful, feathery plumes of plumes of yellow to the darkest blood-red.
Thompsonii Magnifica, Crimson. Bright crimson. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Thompsonii Magnifica, Yellow. Beautiful yellow.
Pkt. 25 cts., $3 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .75$ cts.
Thompsonii Magnifica, Mixed. Pkt. 25c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .75 \mathrm{c}$.

## Celosia, Pride of Castle Gould

An entirely distinct type of the Celosia pyramidalis plumosa, and surpasses by far anything thus far placed on the market. This strain has through constant culture and careful selection and hybridization proven its superiority to anything similar ever offered,

Habit of Plants.-Pyramidal, compact growth of from 2 to 3 feet, with immense, extra-fine feathered heads, gives the plant a most striking appearance.

Color. - The following distinct colors are among these hybrids: Blood-red, real carmine, golden yellow, salmon, deep scarlet, dark orange and wine-red; however, by variation there will be found many more shades; the selfcoloring will be surprising.
This illustration is from a photograph taken this summer on the estate of M. C. D. Borden, Oceanic, N. J. (William Turner, Supt.). The following is a description by William Turner: "Celosia Castle Gould is admirably adapted for growing along in pots for decorative purposes or for planting out in beds, provided the beds are situated to receive full benefit from the sun's rays. Castle Gould is a decided improvement over all other Celosias, both for richness of colors and the massive plumes this variety produces. Being a free, vigorous grower, it is not necessary to sow the seed for outdoor planting until say the middle of March. They would then be nice, vigorous plants in 3 - or $31 / 2$-inch pots, ready for placing in the beds about the end of May. With a little care, they would be a mass of gorgeous plumes until killed down by frost." Per pkt., mixed shades, 25 cts.

## CENTAUREAS

There is, perhaps, no more popular annual than the Centaurea. Will grow well anywhereand as a cut-flower is much in demand.

## Cornflowers (Centaurea Cyanus)

## SOMETIMES CALLED BACHELOR'S BUTTON, BLUE

 BOTTLE, RAGGED SAILOR, ETC.This type of Centaurea is well known and no garden is complete without them. Seeds should be sown in the spring or fall. When large flowers are wanted, plants should be thinned out to a space of say 8 square inches.
Cyanus, Emperor William, Blue. Well-known Pkt. Oz. favorite cut-flower............................... $\$ 0$ o5 \$0 25


Victoria. A very dwarf mixture, used for border or pots; grows 8 inches high ...... 15
Mixed Single ....................................... 05

## Cyanus, Double Emperor William.

A variety largely used by the commercial florist on account of its large size. Much in demand for cutting, taking fewer than the single varieties to make a bunch. I5
Cyanus, Double Mixed...................................... 10

## Giant Sweet Sultans (Centaurea imperialis)

This beautiful class is undoubtedly the finest of all the Sweet Sultans for cutting purposes. Beautiful, deliciously sweetscented flowers are borne on long, strong stems and are particularly striking, lasting several days after cutting. We recommend sowing in succession every two weeks until July, thereby giving a continuous bloom from summer to fall.
Imperialis, White. One of the best varieties for cutting, large and deliciously sweet-scented.
Imperialis, Armida. Pink with white tinge; very delicate color. purpurea. Brilliant purple-rose.
lilacina. Lilac.
rosea. Beautiful brilliant rose.
Packet 10 cts. each, $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .60$ cts.
COLLECTION. One packet each, five varieties.


CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS (Giant Sweet Sultan)


CENTAUREA CYANUS (Comfower)

## Four Fine Centaureas (For Greenhouse Growing)

The following four varieties are largely grown by Florists during the winter months for cut-flowers.
Suaveolens. (Yellow Sweet Sultan.) Very showy bright yel- Pkt. Oz.
low flowers; sweetly scented ....................................... $\$ 0$ o5 $\$ 060$
Odorata. Beautiful large flowers of light blue color; deliciously
scented......................................................................... . . . 10
Odorata, Chameleon. Large flowers of pale su!phur-yellow,
changing to rosy lilac ......................................................... 10
Marguerite (Giant White Cornflower). Flowers 4 inches across.
purest white and very fragrant

## White-leaved Centaureas (Dusty Millers)

Extensively used for edging of beds or borders of the flower garden. The glistening white contrasted with the bright color of the Coleus, Salvia or Red Canna is very striking.
Candidissima. Thick white leaves grown for their foliage only and Pkt. make excellent plants for edgings. They are hardy annuals and grow
rapidly. Leaves are very lanced and are silver-coated.. $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$. . \$o ro
Gymnocarpa (Dusty Miller). Leaves fern-like and a triffe taller than
Candidissima

## Various Centaureas

Moschatus coerulea (Sweet Sultan) Blue. Identical in color Pkt. Oz .
with Emperor William in the regular Bachelor Button type. with Emperor William in the regular Bachelor Button type..\$0 o5 \$0 30
Moschatus, White
05

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## CINERARIA

Seed should be sown from May to September where a succession is desired. When sown at this time, fine plants may be secured. The main point in the culture of Cinerarias is to secure as hardy a growth as possible with leaves of medium size. Seed may be transferred direct from seed-pans to thumb-pots. After planting, place in coldframe facing north, if possible. As pots become full of roots, shift to larger ones until flowering size is reached.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Giant Flow-

ering Mixed. This strain of grown for us by a famous English seed specialist. The flowers seldom measure less than 3 inches in diameter, comprising the following colors: White, rose, flesh, crimson, blue, violet, etc. The plants are of a very robust dwarf habit, which, combined with the mass of giant blooms, makes this strain exceedingly valuable. Pkt. 50 cts .
Hybrida grandiflora, Pkt.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { White.............. } 50 \\ \text { Flesh............. } & 50 \\ \text { Rich Crimson. } & 50 \\ \text { Rose............ } & 50\end{array}$


CINERARIA HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA

## Chelone (Turtle Head)

Barbata coccinea. 3 ft . Red. Summer. Pkt. 10 cts .
Barbata Torreyi. 3 feet. Coral-red. Summer. Pkt. io cts. Lyonii. 2 feet. Deep red. Summer. Pkt. Io cts.

## Clarkia elegans

A mighty handsome annual, which should be far more widely known. It is of easy cultivation, graceful in habit of growth and lends itself as well to bedding as for cutting. The flowers are borne all along the stems and resemble carnations to quite an extent. Ift. July to October. Pkt. Oz.
Single Rose . \$0 05 \$0 30 White ................... o5 30
Double Salmon Queen.... 10 Io 50
White King ........ Io
Rose............... 10
Finest Mixed.....
CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower). Beau tiful ornamental plants, fine for covering trellises or making a screen. Seeds vegetate only after an interval of several months, when
\$0 50
COLLECTION, 1 pkt. each of the 6 varieties $\$ 2.50$
The preceding very large-flowered strains are unsurpassed for richness of color and perfection of form.
S. \& W. Co.'s Stellata Delicate star-like blooms are long stems, giving this variety a double use, as it is excellent for cutting as well as decorative purposes; all shades. Pkt. 50 cts .
CINERARIA maritima (Dusty Miller). Half-hardy perennial; very useful for bedding or edging. Pkt. Io cts.

## CHRYSANTHEMUM

## ANNUAL

These are very showy flowers of easiest cultivation, flowering from July to frost. Excellent for cutting. Height two feet.
Single, Finest Mixed. Pkt. 5c., oz. 30c. Double, Finest Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts
Single, Beaconsfield. White, pink center. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts.
Single, The Sultan. Deep scarlet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts.
Single, Burridgeanum tricolor. White, with crimson ring. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts .
Single, Chameleon. New. Brown, with yellow. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts . Single, Eclipse. Yellow, crimson ring. Pkt. 5 cts., oz, 40 cts .
Double-Fringed Mixed. This is a most graceful flower. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$1.25.

## PERENNIAL

Maximum (Hardy White Daisy). Large flowers, perfectly hardy. 3 ft . July to October. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 c . Maximum leucanthemum (Common Shasta Daisy). Pure white, very jarge. 3 ft . July to Oct. Pkt. Io cts., 1/8OZ. 50 cts.
Uliginosum (Giant Daisy). One of the best late-blooming perennials from Russia. Stout, upright plants, with pure white flowers. 5 ft . August to October. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$.


CINERARIA STELLATA they will grow with tolerable certainty. Hardy perennial.
Jackmani Varieties. Seed saved from best-named varieties. Pkt. 10 cts .
CLERODENDRON fallax. Handsome, erect-growing greenhouse plants ; large spikes of fiery scarlet bloom. Pkt. 75 cts.
CLEOME pungens (Giant Spider Flower). Singular-looking, rose-colored flowers; the stamens look like spiders' legs, and present a very attractive appearance; annual ; 3 feet. This plant is now used extensively in many of the public parks, planted among shrubbery, and is very effective. Pkt. 5 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 15 cts .

## Cobaea (Cup-and-Saucer Vine)

A climber of rapid growth, attaining a height of 30 to 50 feet during the season, valuable for covering trellises, arbors, trunks of trees, etc.; will cling to any rough surface. In sowing, place seeds edgewise and merely cover with light soil; to get early results, start the seed indoors in March or April; can also be sown out-of-doors in May.
Scandens. Large bell-shaped purple flowers. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{C} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{c}$.
Scandens alba. Pure white. Pkt. Io cts.
COLEUS,S.\&W. Co.'s Exhibition Strain Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

## CONVOLVULUS $\begin{gathered}\text { Morning- } \\ \text { Glory) }\end{gathered}$

These well-known favorites ought to be in every garden. Nothing can be finer for color than a bed of these.
Dwarf Bedding Variety. Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts . oz. 20 cts .
Tall, or Climbing Variety. Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts .

## Giant Imperial Japanese

A magnificent advance on the oldfashioned Morning-Glories. The enormous flowers, exquisite colors and beautiful foliage make them, $u$ ithout doubt, the most beautiful climbers in existence. Japanese Mixed. Pkt io cts., oz, 25 cts., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
Fancy Mixed. Pkt. io cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{~s} .50$.

S. \& W. CO.'S MAMMOTH COSMOS

## COSMOS

This is one of the notable fall flowers, the specialist's skill having recently added much to its beauty. A strong, tall-growing annual, its bold flowers have yet an exquisite daintiness and airiness, heightened in effect by their foliage-setting of feathery green. It is most effective when planted in broad masses of long background borders against evergreens or fences. From seed started early in the house or frame, the plants will be 3 or 4 feet high by July, tossing into the air a perfect storm of bright-colored, daisy-like flowers, fine for cutting. If topped when half-grown, the plants will bloom much earlier, the check seeming to induce immediate flowering. We offer only the choice large-flowering strains. For early flowering, start indoors and transplant into dry, sandy, or poor soil, in a sunny situation.


CIGAR PLANT (Cuphea). With cigar-like shaped flowers, very useful for bedding; free bloomer. Half-hardy perennial.
Platycentra. Scarlet and white. Pkt. 10 cts .
COREOPSIS. (See Calliopsis.)
CYPRESS VINE (Ipomœa Quamoclit). The most popular of annual climbing plants, with delicate fern-like foliage. Halfhardy annual. Pkt. Oz . Pkt. Crimson............ \$0 o5 \$0 30 Rose ................... \$0 o5 \$0 30 White ............... $0_{5}{ }_{30}$ Mized........................ $0_{5}{ }_{30}$

Giant Rainbow. A beautiful new departure in Cosmos. Pink, cream, blush, crimson, red, white, etc., which are again striped dotted, suffused, zoned, etc., with other exquisite shades and colors. The flowers are very large, and often with frilled and fringed edges. Pkt. 15 cts., 500 seeds 50 cts.
Early-Flowering. This variety comes into flower in July, and continues a mass of bloom until cut down by severe frost, making their successful cultivation possible in the most northerly states and Canada; it is of dwarf, compact growth, growing only $4^{1 / 2}$ feet high. The flowers are fully as large as in the old type. Mixed, pkt. 10 cts., 500 seeds 50 cts
Giant Fancy. This strain of Cosmos was raised by a specialist and is a very large-flowering variety. Giant Fancy, white, pink, red or mixed. Pkt. no cts., 500 seeds 25 cts.
Lady Lenox. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 75 cts., oz. \$2.
DAHLIA. The seed we offer has been saved from a superb collec-tion of the finest named varieties. Half-hardy perennial. Pkt.Pk.\$0 10
Double Mixed Single Mixed ..... Io
Dahlia, 20th Century Novelty. ..... 25
DATURA (Trumpet Flower). Half-hardy annual Pkt. ..... Oz .
Cornucopia. White and purple. ..... \$1 00
Finest Mixed ..... 40

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## S. \& W. Co.'s Giant-flowering Cyclamen

Flowers of extraordinary size and of great substance. The leaves are proportionately large and beautifully marked. These are among the most beautiful winterand spring-flowering plants for the window and greenhouse. Not only are the flowers of striking beauty, but the foliage is also highly ornamental. Sow seed from August to September and do not permit same to become checked. When grown cool, most satisfactory results are obtained. Our strain is selected by a wellknown English Cyclamen grower.
Cyclamen, Giant-flowering.
White. With red eye........
Pure White
Purple King. Dark red................................................................ 25 I 50
Rubrum. Red; very fine
Roseum. Superb rose..

Pkt. 100 seeds . $\$ 025$ \$1 50 $25 \times 00$

25
Margaret. Snowy white, with silky lilac eye.
Salmoneum. New salmon; fine............
Peach Blossom
Finest Mixed

S. \& W. Co.'s Giant-flowering Cyclamen

## Papilio

(NEW BUTTERFLY CYCLAMEN)
These are the true Belgian varieties in the following colors: White (with
red), Pure White, Light Rose,
Dark Red, Rose ( with red), Violet and Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts., ioo seeds $\$ 3$.
COWSLIP. The well-known favorite English Cowslip (Primula veris), hardy, flowering in early spring. $3 / 4$ foot high. Mixed colors. Pkt. 5 cts.

## DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

There is perhaps no better known hardy plant than the Delphinium. The beautiful flowers borne on tall stately spikes are a gorgeous sight and a charm to the garden. Sow seeds in early spring in shallow boxes indoors or in a hotbed. When seedlings are about $1 / 2$ inch high, transplant to flats 3 or 4 inches apart each way. About a week before planting out remove to the open, taking care to protect them on cold days and nights. Set out 6 inches apart in the garden. Plants treated thus usually flower first season during August. In the fall they may be lifted and set out in groups of colors; three or four plants at a distance of 3 feet apart, in the rear of hardy perennials, where they make a fitting background.
Chinense (Blue Butterfly). A distinct and neat variety, growing about 18 inches high, with fine feathery foliage, and producing freely spikes of large blos- Pkt. 1/20z. soms of intense gentian blue

Album. The white-flowered form of the preceding ..... 75
Barlowii. Very large dark blue flowers, extra fine ..... $25 \quad 200$

Cardinale. A very beautiful cardinal-scarlet, plants grow about 18 inches high. $25 \quad 200$
Formosum. Rich large dark blue, white center, borne on spikes 2 to 3 feet tall;
one of the most popular varieties .............................................................
Formosum Coelestinum. Beautiful sky-blue, white center, similar in habit to the above .................................................................................... bridum fr. pl. A grand mixtureof Udicaule. Dwarf compact growth, with spikes of bright scarlet flowers. 18 in.
S. \& W. Co.'s Mixture. This mixture is very valuable for its great
S. W. CO. SMixture. range of color, almost every conceivable shade being represented. From yellow to pure white; from light blue through every shade to indigo.
Hybridum fl. pl. A grand mixture of double varieties taking in a great range 5

$$
150
$$

25

## ANNUAL VARIETIES. See Larkspur

## DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean)

A rapid-growing annual climber, flowering freely in erect racemes, followed by ornamental seed-pods; for covering arbors, trellises, etc. Sow the seed in the garden in beds where they are to remain. so ft .
"Daylight." This grand Hyacinth bean comes from Japan. In our trial grounds seed sown late in May had, by the middle of July, attained a height of over 10 feet, and was covered with spikes of snow-white pea-shaped blossoms from
then until late fall. The heart-shaped foliage is bright green, and not affected Pkt. Oz.
by insect pests ..................................................................................... $\$ 0$ io \$0 50
"Darkness."" Identical in every way with the above, except in color, which is a rich purple-violet.

10
Lablab, Mixed. Purple and white............................................................. 05 . 25

## DIANTHUS, or PINKS

The family of Pinks is unrivaled for brilliancy and rich variety of color; the plants are bushy, of symmetrical form-blooming profusely until falt, rendering them most satisfactory for summer flower gardens. Sow out-of-doors when danger of frost has passed and they will, in several weeks become a mass of bloom, continuing until frost.

## DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Chinensis fl. pl. (China, or Indian Pink). Blooms in Pkt. 1/40z.
clusters, flowers very double and bloom in a large range of bright colors.
\$0 25
Diadematis fl. pl. (Double Diadem Pink). Beautiful double flowers; mixed of various tints of lilac, crimson, purple; outer edges fringed.......................Oz. \$1 . io
Heddewigii fl. pl. (Double Japan Pink). Double mixed, color varying from richest crimson to most delicate rose................................................Oz. 75 cts... ${ }^{\circ}$
Fireball. New. Extra double brilliant dark scarlet, very beautiful
Snowball. Large double white: excellent for border or cutting

го
Salmon King. Brilliant salmon-rose....................... 10
Lacifer. Brilliant orange-scarlet, flowers measuring about 2 inches across; very dazzling and popular variety; nicely fringed...................................................
Laciniatus fl. pl. (Double Fringed Pink). Large double
flowers, edges fringed; in a great variety of colors...... io

## SINGLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

These single sorts contain many beautiful varieties, flowers often measuring 2 to 3 inches in diameter, and are very effective for borders or beds. Pkt. 1/40z. Crimson Belle. Rich crimson. I foot. ................... \$0 10 \$0 50
Queen of Holland. Beautiful white....................... 10 . 75
Eastern Queen. Delicately marbled rose and mauve flowers .................................................................... . . 10
Salmon Queen. Beautiful fringed flowers of brilliant salmon color changing to old rose when fading.......... 10
Vesuvius. Beautiful orange-scarlet flowers, very striking in beds or borders................................................. . . . 10
Laciniatus (Single Fringed Pink). Flowers fringed in a great variety of colors................................................ 1035

## HARDY GARDEN PINKS

These form low, bushy, tufted plants, above which are produced on long stems the beautiful iringed and fragrant flowers so valued in "old-fashioned" gardens. For permanent beds and borders these Pinks are unrivaled.
Barbatus (Sweet William). See page 67.
Latifolius atrococcineus f1. pl. Hardy perennial. A hybrid between the China Pink and Sweet William. The heads of brilliant red flowers are quite double. Will flower first season from seed
Plumarius, Double Mixed. Double fringed, fragrant flowers of white, crimson or purple shades, spotted and variegated. 12 inches high.
Plumarius, Single Mized. Large, single fragrant flowers of beautiful colors and finely fringed
Scotch, or Florists' Pinks. They are excellent perennial garden plants, about I foot high when in bloom; they are vigorous, very hardy, and flower profusely during spring and early summer; the flowers are very large, very double, beautifully fringed, and emit a grateful clover-like perfume. Mixed colors

## S. \& W. Co.'s Special Mixture of Annual

 Sorts. A grand collection of these ever-popular garden, or China Pinks. All large-flowering varieties, unrivaled for brilliancy and rich variety of color, and bloom in perfect succession during the whole summer and autumn in such numbers as fairly to crowd each other for room. Mixed colors. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$I.COLLECTION ANNUAL SORTS
Ten choice Dianthus, five named double and five named single, packet each, for 75 cts .


DOUBLE ANNUAL PINKS.

## DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

## HARDY PERENNIALS

Invaluable for the hardy border and particularly handsome when seen growing among shrubbery. Pkt. Oz. Gloxiniaeflora alba. White....................................... \$0 05 \$0 40

Lilacina. Lilac ............................ . . c5 $_{50}$
purpurea. Purple............................ 0540
rosea. Rose .................................. 05 . 40
lutea. Yellow.................................. $0_{5} 40$
Finest Mixed .............................. 05 . 40
Purpurea monstrosa-
Alba. White .......................................................... 10 . 75
Rubra. Red............................................................ 10 . 75
Rosea. Pink .......................................................... 10 . 75
Mixed .................................................................. 10 I 25
Monstrosa, mixed................................................ . io 125
DRACAENA. Ornamental greenhouse plants, with elegant leaves ; rich and desirable
Indivisa lineata. Pkt. 10 cts

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## ESCHSCHOLTZIA

(California Poppy)

Profuse blooming annuals, for beds, edging or masses. Blooms from early summer until frost. Should be grown in every garden. Californica. Giant yellow. Pkt. 5 cts . oz. 35 cts .
Alba. Creamy white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 35 cts.
Carminea. Carmine. Pkt. io cts., oz. 75 cts.
Golden West. Deep yellow. Pkt. xo cts., oz. 50 cts.
Rose Queen. Deep pink. Pkt. ro cts., oz. 50 cts .
Mandarin. Inner side of petals rich orange, the outer side brilliant scarlet. Pkt. io cts., oz. 40 cts.
Crocea. Double orange, very attractive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 35 cts.

## THREE SELECT SORTS

Carmine King. Beautiful caroth sides mine-rose on inct and novel vars. making a dis tinct and novel variety. Pkt. Io cts., 1/ oz. 50 cts .

## Dainty Queen.

 . Beautiful new shade of Eschscholtzia; pale coral-pink, slightly deeper toward the edges. Pkt. roc. 3/4oz. 75 cts.Mikado. This variety is the result of a cross between Mandarin and Carmine King. Color orange-crimson suffused with deep crinson. Pkt. 10 cts., $1 / 40 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$.

## Collection. One packet each, three varieties



Eschscholtzia, or California Poppy

FOUR O'CLOCKS (Mirabilis). Well-known, free-flowering plants. Called Four O'clocks because they open their blossoms at that hour in the afternoon; also called Marvel of Peru. Hardy annuals. 2 feet.
Fine Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20c.

## GAILLARDIA

## (Blanket Flower)

A very pretty showy annual, used very extensively for beds, borders and cutting purposes.

## ANNUAL VARIETIES

Amblyodon. Rich blood-red. 2 ft . Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts.
Picta Lorenziana. Double mixed. 2 ft . Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts .
Picta. Double mixed. 2 ft . Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
The Bride. Pkt. 15 cts.
Rubra. Rich double red. 2 feet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts.

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Kemesina splendens. Center rich crimson, narrow canary-yellow border. Pkt. 15 cts .
Grandiflora maxima. Pkt. Ioc. Sulphurea oculata. Pale sulphur, bright maroon eye. Pkt. 15 cts.
GERBERA Jamesoni (For full description see page 6).
GLOBE AMARANTH (Gomplowers. See Everlasting

ECHINOCYSTIS (Lobata, Climbing Wild Cucumber). A rapid, luxuriant-growing annual climber, very useful for quick effects. 30 to 50 feet. Pkt. 5 cts.
EUPATORIUM ageratoides(Thoroughwort). Hardy perennial. 4 feet. White. August and September. Pkt. 1o cts.
Coelestinum. Blue. September. Pkt. io cts.
EUPHORBIA heterophylla (Mexican Fire Plant). A handsome annual garden foliage plant. Leaves large and glossy green, often tipped with orange-scarlet. Pkt. Io cts.
ECHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succulents, which are used largely for carpet bedding.
Metallica. Pkt. 25 cts.
FERNS. Greenhouse varieties, mixed. Graceful conservatory or window plants. 6 inches to 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.
FEVERFEW. See Matricaria.

## Forget-me-Not (Myosotis)

All the varieties of these popular plants are very beautiful and general favorites with all; they succeed best in a moist situation. Half-hardy perennial. $1^{1 / 2}$ feet.

Pkt. Oz.
Alpestris. A pretty trailer with blue flower............ \$0 05 $\$ 060$
Eliza Fonrobert. Sky-blue... $\qquad$ IO \$0 60
Victoria. Dwarf habit; sky-blue $\qquad$ 25
Oblongata perfecta. Flowers borne on long flower spikes; very suitable for winter blooming I 50

Palustris (True Forget-me-not)..................................... io
semperflorens. Continuous bloomer ......... io
Finest Mixed..........................................
Ruth Fischer. The latest and said to be the finest and largest-flowered Forget-me-not yet sent out, producing flowers up to $1 / 2$ inch in diameter, of true Forget-me-notblue; plants of strong, vigorous growth, of exceptional value for pot culture and spring bedding
FUCHSIA. Choice double and single of this well-known elegant tender pot-plant. Mixed colors. Pkt. 25 cts.

GAURA Lindheimeri. Half-hardy perennial. Flowers the first season from seed, and produces long sprays of white, red-tinted flowers. It is most useful for vases, the slender-stemmed blossoms fluttering like butterflies. 2 ft . Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 40 cts .

## Gloxinia, Large-flowered, Striped and Marbled

These very remarkable Gloxinias have, by careful selection, now been so far fixed that 40 per cent of the seedlings come true. The ground color of the large, erect and widely-opened flowers is a velvety purple-crimson, with a rosy white throat. On the often sevenlobed corolla appear more or less sharply defined bands, spots and stripes, characteristic of this new class, the latter mostly of a violet hue. Pkt. 50 cts .

## GODETIA

Profuse blooming annuals of beautiful colors. Fine for bedding or pot culture. Hardy annuals. I foot.
Lady Satin Rose. Brilliant carmine ; extra fine. ................. \$0. o5
Duchess of Albany. Satiny white
Princess of Wales. Beautiful pink 05
Sunset. Dwarf; compact; most dazzling rosy crimson.............................. 10
Carter's Double Pink. Beautiful pot plant for conservatory
decoration. Height 2 feet..................................................
15
New Lavender. Beautiful lavender; early flowering; trail-
ing habit. Height 2 feet .................................
COLLECTION. One packet each, six varieties
10
GNAPHALIUM leontopodium (Edelweiss). Seed should be sown early and kept cool and moist. Pkt. 25 cts.
GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Very graceful foliage; highly valued as a decorative plant for the table, and when large, for tropical effects. 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. Io cts.

## GOURDS

A vigorous class of plants, with curiously formed and often strangely colored fruits. The foliage is abundant, often curious.

| Pkt. | Prt. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mock Orange. . . . . . . . . . \$0 05 | Dipper Gourds . . . . . . . . $\$ 005$ |
| Apple-shaped ............. 05 | Mixed. All sorts ............ 05 |
| Dish Cloth, or Chinese Luffa 05 | Hercules' Club ............ 0 . 0 |

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS



GYPSOPHILA ELEGANS GRANDIFLORA, WHITE

## GYPSOPHILA

Pretty, free-flowering little plant. Will do well in any garden soil. The flowers are valuable for bouquet-making, either fresh or dried. Hardy annuals. Pkt. Oz.
Elegans. White and pink flowers \$0 05 \$0 25
Elegans grandiflora alba. Flowers larger than preceding
variety ............................................................. 50
Elegans grandifiora rosea. Delicate rose
50

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Acutifolia. White. 2 feet........................................ . . . 05
Muralis. Red
05
Paniculata. Best white.
50
50
Repens. Dwarf white; fine for rockwork ........
HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)

## SINGLE VARIETIES

Cut - and - Come Again. Mixed. Pkt. Ioc., oz. \$I. Cucumerifolius, Stella. Improved golden yellow flower with small, black center. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts .
Cucumerifolius, Orion. New, with crisped petals Pkt. Ioc., oz. \$1.
Cucumerifolius (Miniature Sunflower). A very popular flower for either hedges, borders or cut-flowers. Bright single yellow flowers, black center. 4 feet. July to October. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
Cucumerifolius hybrida, Double. New double and semi-double variety; very fine. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$1.50.
Perkeo. A miniature plant 12 inches high by 18 inches in diameter; flowers 3 inches across, golden, with black eye. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. $\$ 2$.
Diadem. Large-flowering; citron. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$1.50.
Thousand-Flowered. Pkt. io cts., oz. \$1.50.
Bismarckianus. Tall, with abundant, single, large flowers. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.


HELIOTROPE, LEMOINE'S GIANT

## DOUBLEFLOWERING

Globosus fistulosus. Double. enormous flowers; very double, best strain. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Dwarf Double. Extra fine. Pkt. 5c., oz. 25 cts.
Large Russian. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10c.


HELIANTHUS MULTIFLORUS FL. PL.

## HARDY VARIETIES

Missouricus. Fine double yellow. Pkt. 15c., oz. \$2.
Rigidus. Heavy stiff stem; clear yellow flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.
Multiflorus fl. pl. Very fine for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts. , oz. 50 cts .
HELENIUM (Sneezewort). Hardy perennial, blooms in late summer; about 4 feet high.

Pkt. $1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz}$.
Autumnale. 6 feet. Yellow
\$0 ro \$0 50
Bigelowii. 5 feet. Golden yellow, black center
Hoopesii. $21 / 2$ feet. Dark yellow......................
25

## Heliotrope

Deliciously fragrant, flowering plants; growing about I to 2 feet high; great favorites for pot culture in the winter or bedding out in the summer. Large umbels of lilac or white flowers are continuously borne. Half-hardy perennial. $11 / 2$ feet. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.

Lemoine's Giant Mixed. Pkt. Io cts.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## Hibiscus (Marshmallow)

Showy, ornamental plants, for mixed beds or shrubbery borders. Hardy perennnial, but will bloom first year from seed if sown early.
Palustris. Large pink flowers................................................ \$o . 05

Moscheutos (Swamp Rose Mallow). Flowers 6 inches in diameter; of light rosy red, with dark center
Golden Bowl. Giant yellow, cup-shaped flowers, from 6 to 9 inches in diameter; of rich cream, with velvety maroon center

## HELICHRYSUM. See page 70 .

HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana (Orange Sunflower). Hardy perennial. A valuable plant for the border, thriving in any good soil. Flowers cup-shaped, deep yellow, on long, stiff stems for cutting. 3 to 4 feet. June to October. Pkt. In cts., oz. 75 cts.
HEUCHERA sanguinea (Alum Root). Beautiful hardy perennial. The foliage is evergreen; flowers fiery coral, shading to brilliant crimson. Pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 8$ oz. 75 cts.
Splendens. Deep red. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 80 z .75$ cts.
HONESTY (Moonwort). Hardy perennial, admired for its silvery seed-pouches, which are used for house ornaments, presenting a beautiful and curious appearance. 2 feet. Pkt. 5 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 15 cts .

## Humulus (Japan Hop)

Rapid summer climber, in three or four weeks' time attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet, resembling the common Hop, but, being an annual, attains full perfection the first season. The foliage is luxuriant, making a dense covering. It is one of the best plants for covering verandas, trellises, etc. Heat, drought and insects do not trouble it.

Pkt. Japonicus
\$o 05 Variegatus. Variegated variety. 0 J HUNNEMANNIA fumariæfolia (Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy)


HOP VINE (Humulus Japonicus) Should be treated as an annual Sow seeds out-of-doors in May and flowers will appear early in September and remain until frost. Foliage is fern-like and not unlike eschscholtzia. Plants attain a height of 2 feet. Flowers are tulip-shaped, pure golden yellow. When cut and put in water they will last a full week. One of the most valuable garden plants we know of. Pkt. io cts., oz. \$i.

## HOLLYHOCKS

One of the most popular of hardy garden plants. The beautiful color effects produced by the planting of these flowers, combined with their dignified and stately appearance, render them indispensable for either the old-fashioned garden or the well-planned herbaceous border. As a background for other flowers or planting among shrubbery they are without an equal. As the plants are affected with rust occasionally, we recommend frequent spraying in springtime with bordeaux mixture.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Hollyhocks

Conceded by those who have grown this strain to be the finest in existence. Pkt. 1/8oz. S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double White
S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Scarlet
S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Purple
S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Dark Rose

10
S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Yellow
S. \& W. Co.'s Superb Double Mixed

Allegheny, Mixed
Chater's Double Finest Mixture
$10 \quad 50$
$10 \quad 50$
ter's bouble Finest Mixture

## S. \& W. Co.'s New Annual Everblooming Hollyhocks

This is one of the best introductions of late years. Seeds sown in the house in March will produce flowers in July on plants 4 feet high. The plants do not attain their perfection until their second year, when they grow 7 to io feet high and flower continuously from June till frost. The foliage is distinct and not subject to any disease. The plants are perfectly hardy and will live longer than the old-fashioned kind.

Pkt.

## Single Mixed.

\$o 15
Double Mixed
HYACINTH BEAN, Giant Crimson.
So Io \$o 50
Purple, White, or Mixed
05
25
IBERIS (Hardy Candytuft). See Candytuft.
ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum). Very singular, dwarf trailing plants, much used for garnishing; beautiful and curious. Tender annual. I foot.
Crystallinum. White. Pkt. 5 cts.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## IPOMOEA

Beautiful, free-blooming plants, fine for outdoor or greenhouse decorations. The seeds should be soaked two to three hours before planting. Tender annual.

Pkt. Oz.
Bona Nox. Large blue flowers. $\qquad$
Grandiflora Mexicana alba (Moonflower). At night and during dull days the plants are covered with an abundance of large, pure white, fragrant flowers, 5 to 6 inches in diameter. It grows rapidly and will cover a large surface
Hederacea. Sky-blue, white margined Pkt. 10 cts.
Hederacea grandifiora superba. Pkt. 10 cts .
Leari. Dark blue. Pkt. Ioc., oz. \$1.50 Setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory) Flowers of pleasing rose-color, borne very freely in large clusters from August to frost. As a quick-growing vine it has no equal, covering an enormous space in a short time. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. 40 cts .
For other varieties of Ipomœas, see Cypress Vine and Convolvulus.
IMPATIENS Sultani. One of the most beautiful of decorative plants. It thrives in stove heat, greenhouse and open border during the summer. The flowers are of a brilliant rosy scarlet, $11 / 2$ inches in diameter. Mixed. Pkt. Ioc

## Impatiens Holstii. A very hand-

 from East Africa, forming bushes $I^{x / 2}$ to 2 feet in height, with brilliant scarlet flowers, which measure from $11 / 4$ to I $3 / 3$ inches across, of bright vermilion color. It is an elegant pot-plant, also for bedding out in partial shade. Pkt. 25 cts.INCARVILLEA Delavayi. Hardy perennial. Rather new, originated in northern China, and is one of the prettiest perennials known. It produces divided pale green leaves about 2 feet in length, very much like acanthus. The flowers are borne on long, stout stems, tubeshaped, and appear almost like gloxinias. Color bright rose. $2^{1 / 2}$ feet. June to August. Pkt. 50 cts .

## Kochia

(Summer Cypress, or Mexican Firebush)
Trichophylla. A pretty half-hardy annual, 2 to 3 feet in height, which grows into a perfect pyramidal-shaped cypress bush, with small feathery light green foliage, deepening as the season advances until it becomes a lovely crim son hue about September. Excellent for edging or hedging. Pkt. 15C., 1/40z. \$1
KENILWORTH IVY (Linaria Cvmbalaria). Perennial. Violet flowers of trailing habit. Pkt. 5 cts.
KUDZU VINE. (See page 59)
LANTANA. Rapid-growing plants, forming small bushy shrubs; exceedingly free in bloom. Mixed. Pkt. sc.
LAVENDULA (Sweet Lavender). Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 50 cts .
LAVATERA splendens rosea (Pink Mallow). A very pretty hardy annual of exceptional value. Plants are well formed and grow about 3 feet high; the flowers being large and exceptionally valuable for cutting as they last quite long. Do well also in large beds or borders and are extremely showy. Pkt. 5c., oz. 50c.
Arboren variegata. Leaves mottled with yellow; very decorative. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Trimestris. Red. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts.

## ANNUAL LARKSPURS

One of our best known of garden favorites. A vast improvement has been effected by careful selection and cultivation. Seed should be sown as early in the spring as possible where they are to flower. Hardy annuals

## S. \& W. Co.'s Emperor

This grand type of Annual Larkspurs grows about 2 feet high and is of candelabra habit. When planted in borders of the flower garden the plants will prove most effective.

Apple Blossom Brilliant Rose
Black-Blue
Azure-Blue

## Violet

Light Blue
Each of above, pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts. Collection of the ten varie. ties, 40 cts.

## Double Stock - Flowered

This is the finest variety of Annual Larkspurs. Flowers very double, plants attaining a height of 3 feet, and flowering profusely all summer
Pure White
Sky-Blue
Shell-Pink
Bright Rose
Dark Blue

## Violet <br> Lilac <br> Tricolor <br> Mixed

Each of the above, pkt. 10 cts., oz. 60 cts. Collection one plat. each eight varieties, 50 cts.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Defiance

A decided improvement over the popular variety Newport Scarlet. A very striking variety. Pkt. 25 cts ., oz. $\$ \mathbf{1} .50$.
Lustrous Carmine (Newport Scarlet).
Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.
S. \& W. Co.'s Tall Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.
oz. 25 ct
S. \& W. Co.'s Dwarf Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
LINUM (Flax)-
Grandiflorum rubrum (Verum) Hardy annual; very large-flowered Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Lewisii. Blue. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 35 cts
Perenne (Perennial Flax). Blue. Au gust-flowering. Pkt. 5 cts ., 02.25 cts .
Luteum. Bright yellow. Pkt. 10 cts. oz., 35 cts.
LATHYRUS latifolius (Hardy Everlasting Pea). Hardy climbers, growing 6 to 8 feet high when trained on a trellis; the flowers are borne in large clusters. They are peculiarly adapted to rough places, to scramble over rocks and bushes; splendid cutflower.
White. Pkt. io cts.
Delicata. Rosy flesh-color. Pkt. IOC Mixed Colors. Pkt. 5 cts.
Red. Pkt. 5 cts.

## Lychnis

Chalcedonica. Usually grown as annuals; of dwarf bushy habit, bearing flowers an inch or more across in continuous succession until frost; the color is a particularly pleasing and effective rich scarlet. I foot, pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2^{1 / 2}$ feet, pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 50 cts . Pkt. Oz . Lychnis Lagascae. Rose ; dwarfest ; early ; charming for pots .............. ................................................. . . $\$ 0$. . 25
$\qquad$
Sieboldii. White..................................................... 10
Viscaria rosea ............................................................ 10
Viscaria splendens ................................................ 10
30

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



LUPINUS POLYPHYELUS ROSEUS

## LOBELIA

## COMPACTA VARIETIES

Little, round, compact plants, 4 to 6 inches high, forming little mounds of bloom, splendid for edging, beds and ribbon-gardening and fine for pots.
Emperor William Pit. 1/0z
. .8010 \$100
Pumila alba. Pure white blue, with clear white eye............... 150
Pumila. Magenta-red, with white eye; distinct and fine.................... io 150
Crystal Palace compacta. Dark blue; a popular bedder............ io 2 oo

## ERINUS VARIETIES

They produce trailing branches, 6 to 9 inches long. Indispensable for hanging over vases and baskets or garden beds, bearing continuously flowers of charming blue, white or rose shades. Pkt. 1/40z. Speciosa. Dark blue, dark foliage; extra fine............................. \$0 o5 \$1 00 Barnard's Perpetual. Deep blue, with white eye.... .................. Io i 00 Lindleyana. Rose..................................................................... 10
 75
75
Alba. Pure white................................................................. 10 . 50

## HARDY VARIETIES

Tall-growing, hardy perennials with long spikes of brilliant flowers; for permanent beds and borders they are unrivaled. They are one of the few flowering plants that thrive in shady situations. 2 to 4 feet. The most brilliant plants in cultivation. Pkt. $1 / 802$.
 Cardinalis Lugdunensis. Rose...................................................... 50
Queen Victoria. Brilliant scarlet.................................................. 50

## Lupinus

These are a very interesting class of plants and of easy culture, producing beautiful leaves and pea-shaped flowers, and should be more generally cultivated. Hardy annuals. $2^{1 / 2}$ feet.



MARIGOLD, GIANT SHOW ORANGE

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

AFRICAN TALL MARIGOLDS


## FRENCH MARIGOLDS, DWARF

Finest French Mixed. Tall Pkt. Oz. varieties ......................... $\$ 0$ o5 $\$ 030$ Legion of Honor. Dwarf, compact; about 15 inches high, with dark green, fern-like leaves and bright golden, starlike, flowers distributed over the surface. The blooms are of rich golden yellow, with the center of each petal marked broadly with velvety crimsonbrown .............................. 10
Lutea. Pure yellow, very double........................................ 0
Silver King ......................... Io
Dwarf Mixed 05

## SINGLE MARIGOLDS

Little Brownie. Charming, forming compact little bushes only 5 to 6 inches high. It is remarkable for blossoming extremely early and in prodigious abundance, commencing in June. The flowers are vividly colored golden yellow, marked with a large spot of crim-son-velvet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts.

## MATRICARIA

Grandiflora fl. pl. eximia (Feverfew) Double pure white flowers are borne on slender stems 15 inches high, which are excellent for cutting. Half-hardy perennial, which should be treated as an annual. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 75 cts .
Golden Ball. Compact-growing variety, with golden yellow flowers. Excellent for bedding. I foot. Pkt. 25C., oz. \$2.50.

## MUSK PLANT. See Mimulus.

MYOSOTIS. See Forget-me-not.
MAURANDIA, Finest Mixed. Elegant greenhouse perennial climbers, producing the first season innumerable tube-shaped flowers. Excellent for hanging-baskets and vases. July to October. Pkt. Io cts., $3 / 4$ Oz. 75 cts .
Albiflora. White. Pkt. 25 cts . $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} . \$ \mathrm{I}$
Barclayana. Purple. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ \mathrm{r}$
MESEMBRYANTHEMUM erystallinum (Ice Plant). Hardy annual. Grown for peculiarity of leaves. Flowers white. I foot. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts .
MONARDA didyma (Bee Balm). July to September. Crimson. Pkt. 25 cts .

## MOONFLOWER. See Ipomoea.

MORNING GLORY. See Convolvulus.
MUSA Ensete (Abyssinian Banana Tree). A foliage plant of magnificent proportions; for sub-tropical massing, or as single specimens they are strikingly effective. Seeds sown early in the house will produce plants 10 to 15 feet high the first season. Pkt. 25 cts.
MIMOSA (Sensitive Plant). A very curious plant. The leaves instantly close up when touched. Tender annual.
Pudica. Pkt. 5 cts.
MIMULUS. The Mimulus are beautiful, tender-looking plants, with almost transparent branches. They luxuriate in damp shady situations; musk-scented. Tender annual. I foot.
Moschatus (Musk Plant). Pkt. Io cts.
Splendid Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.

S. \& W. Co.'s Triumph Mignonette

NEMOPHILA. Splendid anntials for garden decoration; bright-colored flowers, in shades of blue, white and violet. 1 foot.
Finest Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.
NICOTIANA affinis. An annual with sweet-scented, pure white, star-shaped flowers, 3 inches across, blooming continually. 2 to 3 feet high. Pkt. 5 cts
Giant Red-Flowered. Magnificent annual of tropical effect, large, luxuriant leaves and immense clusters of rich crimson flowers. 5 feet. Pkt. 5 C.

## NIGELLA Damascena, Double Mixed

 (Love-in-a-Mist). Pretty garden annuals with feathery green foliage, in which large, double, charming blue or white flowers are set. I to 2 feet high. Pkt. 5 cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{Oz} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.Damascena. Blue. Pkt. 5 cts ., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$. 35 cts.
Hispanica. Blue. Pkt. 5 cts ., $1 / 8 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{z}$. 35 cts.
Miss Jekyll. A lovely variety with cornflower-blue blossoms; splendid for cutting. Hardy annual, growing about 2 feet high. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 80 z$. 50 cts.

## MOMORDICA

## (Balsam Apple and Balsam Pear)

Luxuriant amnual climbers, with large leaves, making dense shade. The flowers are followed by ornamental, large fruits of orange or copper color, which burst and expose an interior of red, which is highly effective. Is to 20 feet
Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Orange fruits. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
Charantia (Balsam Pear). Coppery scarlet-colored fruits. Ykt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts .

## MIGNONETTE

## (Reseda)

Well-known, sweet-scented little plants, everywhere at home, either in the greenhouse, garden or sitting-room. Hardy annual.

## S. $\mathcal{E}$ W. Co.'s Triumph. This Mignonette is one of

 ter forcing. In type similar to Allen's Defiance, except that spikes are more compact and the individual florets are much larger in size. Seed of this grand variety is grown at our greenhouses, and is saved from the best spikes. Pkt. 50 cts .Allen's Defiance. This gorgeous Mignonette has qualities heretofore unknown in large-flowering varieties, being deliciously fragrant. When grown under favorable conditions and with proper care, its spikes will be from 12 to 15 inches long. The individual florets are of remarkable size and stand out boldly, forming a graceful as well as compact spike. Its remarkable strength is accompanied by extraordinary keeping qualities; the spikes have been kept in a vase three weeks after cutting, retaining their grace and fragrance until every bud opened. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$z
Improved Large-flowering. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.
Golden Queen. Yellow-tinted flowers. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.
Miles' Spiral. Very fine. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 60 cts
Machet. A dwarf French variety, with broad spikes of very fragrant red flowers; one of the best varieties for either garden or pot culture. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. $\$ 1$
Machet, Ruby. A fine new Machet Mignonette, with coppery scarlet flowers. Pkt. jo cts., oz. $\$ 2$.
Machet, Bismarck. A new imported variety. Pkt. Io cts.
Odorata maxima, Goliath. Bears very large flowers, the center spikes being often 8 inches long. The plant grows in candelabra from and produces fiery red flowers on firm upright stalks. Pkt. fo cts., oz. $\$ 2$
Parsons' White. Nearly white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 75 cts.

S. \& W. Co.'s Superlative Single-flowering Nasturtiums

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Superlative Nasturtiums

## TOM THUMB VARIETIES

The dwarf Nasturtiums will always be general favorites, for the reason that they stand any amount of heat and drought, growing vigorously and flowering freely, especially in a poor, rocky soil.


Beauty. Light scarlet, splashed canary.
Brilliant. Rich scarlet
Bham. Splashed crimson, bronze and yellow
Empress of India. Brilliant crimson; dark foliage
King Theodore. Scarlet-maroon; dark foliage
King of Tom Thumb. Crimson
Lady Bird. Orange-yellow; red spots
Luteum. Light yellow; no blotches
Crimson
RUBY KING. Light ruby-red
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Imported Collection. } 1 \text { pkt. each of } 12 \text { of these varieties. } \$ 050 \\ 1 \text { pkt. each of } 6 \text { of these varieties. . } & 25\end{array}$

## TALL, or CLIMBING VARIETIES

Beautiful and luxuriant annual climbers for trellises, arbors or vases, bearing their gorgeous flowers in profusion until killed by frost.

Dunnett's Orange. Rich, golden orange, garnet blotches 0515
Yellow....................................................... 05 I5
King Theodore. Velvety dark crimson; dark foliage
Pearl. Cream-white
Prinz Heinrich. New, cream-color, spotted red
Schulzi. Scarlet
Von Moltke. Bluish rose
Dark Crimson

Moonlight . .................................... 4 ozs. 75c.
Jupiter . ..................................... 4 ozs. $\$ 1.20$
California Giants Mixed
Finest Tall Mixed.
4 ozs. 75 c .
Imported Collection. $\quad \begin{array}{r}6 \\ \\ 12\end{array}$ varieties varieties

## Variegated-Leaved Nasturtiums

This new type of Nasturtiums, which came prominently before our attention this past season, has proven to be a very valuable addition to the list. The beautiful coloring of the flowers, interspersed with the silver-variegated leaves, renders a very pleasing contrast; particularly when used for covering arches and trellises, or massed among rockeries on terraces, the effect produced is very striking.


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS



## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Pansies Are Famous

This very popular annual needs little description. Good results may be obtained from sowing seed in April in a light, cool, but wellmoistened soil, enriched with a slight amount of barnyard manure or fine ground bone. Sow seed in drills, covering them five times their diameter, and firm soil and water once a day, except in very dry weather when they may be watered twice a day. Seed will germinate in about two weeks and should not be allowed to dry out. A small covering of newspapers will prevent drying out. When plants are large enough to handle, they should be transplanted to a distance of I foot apart. Where greenhouse and coldframe facilities are at hand, seed may be sown in July or August and protect plants during winter.
Stumpp $\mathcal{E}^{\circ}$ Walter Co.'s Non Plus Ultra. Our Non Plus Ultra Pansy is a mixture containing the largest, handing and variety of marking give a bed of these Pansies a momest and most perfect varieties ever sent out. The beautiful colorment of types, including only the best of Giant Cassiers, Bugnots, Trimardeaux and Giant English, French and German strains. Finest Mixed, pkt. 15 cts., $1 / 40 z$. $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$, oz. $\$ 6$.
Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s World's Best Mixture. This mixture is the result of careful selection, from the very safely say that a better or finer strain it is impossible to get. Pkt. 25 cts ., I, ooo seeds $\$ 2,5,000$ seeds $\$ 8$.

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Giant Pansies

Giant Fire King, Red and yellow, large Pkt. $1 / 0 z, \mathrm{Oz}$ brown eye. ............................ \$o 15 \$1 25 \$4 00

* Emperor William. Deep blue............. I5 I 25 I 400
" Lord Beaconsfield. Violet, shaded white is
Light Blue. White center . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
16 Light Blue. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
" Madame Perret. Red shades......... I5
* Pres. Carnot. Pure white petals; deep blotch. $\qquad$
Purple. .

Giant Pure Yellow

## Purple

I $50 \quad 500 \quad$ " Snow-White
White. Dark eye.
Bugnot, Large Stained Mixed
Cassiers, All Colors Mixed.
Odier, All Colors Mixed.
S. \& W. Co.'s Special Mixed

Finest English Mixed.

Pkt. 1/4oz, Oz \$o 10 \$I 00 \$3 50

10 I $00 \quad 350$
IO I OO 350
Io I $00 \quad 350$
25 I $50 \quad 500$
15 I 00350
I $00 \quad 300$
$75 \quad 250$
50 I 50

S. \& W. Co's Giant Flowering Petunias

## PETUNIA

The Petunia cannot be equaled by any plant for outdoor decoration. They will flower the first season, even if sown in the open ground, but usually not before June. Those sown in the house or hotbed in April will bloom in June and be larger and finer plants. Halfhardy annual.
S. © ${ }^{\text {W }}$. Co.'s Giant-Flowering Petunias. The demand for a mixture comprising the best representative types of selection and elimination prepared a special mixture. Several of the types in this mixture are illustrated on our front cover. Where a mixture of the Giant Single-Fringed and Plain-Edged varieties are desired, as well as an assortment of the various colors and shades, our customers will find them for bedding purposes the finest procurable. Pk .25 cts ., $5 \mathrm{pkts}, \$ \mathrm{r}$.

## GIANT-FLOWERING FRINGED PETUNIAS

## SINGLE VARIETIES

Under this heading we have listed the finest possible varieties of the now popular Large-Flowering Fringed Petunias. Whether desired for bedding, cutting or general display, the varieties listed are the best by test of the Fimbriata, or fringed large-flowering class.
Single-Fringed White. Pure glistening white .............
Yellow. Canary yellow............................... 25
Rose. Brilliant rose.....
Crimson. Dazzling crimson
in- 25 Single-Fringed Mixed. A mixture of best fringed varieties including with the above many new colors and shades. Should be grown by every one desiring the best.

## DOUBLE VARIETIES

It has been a well-established fact that seed saved from the most carefully hybridized flowers produces a small percentage of doubleflowering plants. It is important to save the weaker seedlings, as these invariably produce the finest double flowers. Pkt.
Double-Fringed White................................................ . $\$ 0$. 50
Rose........................................................ 50
Crimson.
50
Double-Fringed Mixed. A superb mixture of the finest double-fringed varieties, every shade and color represented. 50 Double Mixed. This is an excellent mixture of plain-edged
double varieties

## SINGLE BEDDING VARIETIES

Crimson. Beautiful and effective, compact variety ; flowers
 Rosy Morn. Soft carmine-pink, white center; used very extensively for borders, beds or rockeries.
Snowbali. An excellent compact variety, producing pure satiny white flowers throughout the entire season; very dwarf.......

Howard's Star. Rich crimson with distinct white star in the
 Countess of Ellesmere. Dark rose with finewhite throat..... Io
Inimitable Compacta. Bushy little plants covered with pretty
striped and star-shaped flowers...........................................
Special Bedding Mixed. Select, bright colors.... x/4 oz. 25c... 05

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## Phlox Drummondii (Hardy Annual)

The Phlox Drummondii is one of our best annuals, flowering freely all the summer. For richness of color they cannot be surpassed. They are invaluable for beds and ribbon-gardening, therefore no garden should be without them.
S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Large-flowering Tall
Varieties
$\$ 025$ ..... $\$ 100$Brilliant. Finest crimsonChamois-Rose . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10 75Crimson. Very intense...Deep Purple.Deep Scarlet Pkt. $1 / 20 z$.DepIsabellina, Yellow..... Io -5Rosea. Beautiful rose. Io
Scarlet Striped
$\qquad$ 10
nest Mixed
IMPORTED COLLECTIONS
1 pkt. each of 6 varieties... $\$ 050$
1 pkt. each of 12 varieties . 100

## S. \& W. Co.'s Selected Large-flowering Dwarf Varieties Pkt. 1/20z.

Blue Stripe
Blue Striped............\$0 10 $\$ 125$
Chamois-Rose........... Io 125
Defiance Brilliant...... Io I 25
Fireball.
Purple.
Snowball .....................
white center........... 10 I 25
Finest Mixed............. Io I 00
Phlox Drummondii,
Mixed...................... 05
IMPORTED COLLECTION
1 pkt. each of 6 varieties... $\$ 050$

## HARDY PHLOX

Magnificent, hardy-flowering plants, growing into strong bushes from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing immense heads of large waxy flowers of lovely shades of color.
Large - flowering Hybrids,
Mixed................................
Large-flowering Pkt. Dwarf Mixed.
Large-flowering Red Shades, Mixed.

## STAR PHLOX

Flowers are of regular star-like form. Plants of compact habit, about 18 inches high, bearing large umbels of flowers. Colors varied and beautiful.
Star of Quedlinburg. Mixed colors. Pkt. IOC., I,000 seeds 75 C .
OENOTHERA Fraseri (Evening Primrose). Hardy Pkt. Oz perennial. Border plants of value. Beautiful, large yellow flowers. July to Oct. I $1 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{L} / \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ \mathrm{r} .50 . . \$ 025$ Lamarckiana. Hardy perennial.
norm flowers. July to October. 3 feet Missouriensis. Hardy perennial. Rich yellow flowers 4 to 5 inches across, on trailing, ascending branches June to August. I foot..
OXALIS. Pretty little half-trailing annuals, for hanging-baskets, vases, rockwork and edgings ; flowering in profusion. 6 to 9 ins,
Floribunda alba. Fine for edgings.................................. $\$ 0$ Pkt. 10
Floribunda rosea. Fine for edgings.
o 10
Fine Mixed.
10
PEPPER, Celestial. Finest strain. One of the decorative plants largely used for Christmas...................................... 25

## PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue)

Highly useful and attractive hardy perennial, and much used in the hardy border.

## S. \& W. Co.'s Giant - Flowered Hybrids.

Mixed. This is a mixture of the finest giant-flowering varieties and a very excellent assortment of colors. Pkt. 25 cts . Sensation. As a bedding plant this takes rank with the Petunia. Phlox, etc. It grows about 2 feet high, every branch being a spike of large, gloxinia-like flowers in a very wide range of bright colors, including rose, red, carmine, cherry, pink, lilac, purple, etc. Not quite hardy, and best treated like Petunias, Verbenas, Salvia, etc. Pkt. 15 cts., 2 pkts. 25 cts
Barbatus Torreyi. Spikes of brilliant coral-red; very effective; June to August; 3 to 4 feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Digitalis (Foxglove Pentstemon). Spikes of white flowers, with purple throat, during July and August. Pkt. 10 cts.
Pubescens. Spikes of bright rosypurple flowers in July and August; $11 / 2$ feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Pulchellus hybridus. Forms pyramidal bushes 2 to 3 feet high, with erect branches thickly set with flowers, $1 / 2$ inches long, varying in all shades from rosywhite and chamois to purple. with veined throats. Pkt. 15 cts .
Mixed. Good assortment of colors. Pkt. 5 cts.
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginica (False Dragon Head). One of the prettiest hardy perennials, forming dense bushes, 3 to 4 feet high, and bearing freely during the summer months spikes of delicate pink tubular flowers not unlike a gigantic heather. Pkt. io cts.
PHYSALIS Franchetti (Chinese Lantern Plant). An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry, forming dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing bright orangescarlet lantern-like fruits. Hardy perennial; flowers in fall. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Pueraria Thunbergiana

## Japanese Kudzu Vine

To this must be awarded first place as the fastest-growing hardy climbing plant. It will grow 8 to 10 feet the first year from seed, and after it has become established there seems to be no limit to its growth, 50 feet in a single season being not unusual. Its foliage is large and covers well; it bears small racemes of rosy-purple, pea-shaped blossoms toward the close of August. A splendid subject for covering permanently verandas, dead trees, etc. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 / \mathrm{oz}$. 30 cts.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## PORTULACA н. A.

SINGLE GRANDIFLORA
Alba. Pure white
Aurea. Deep golden yellow
Rosea. Beautiful rose
Splendens. Crimson
Finest Mixed


DOUBLE GRANDIFLORA
Alba. White
Rosea. Rose
Salmonea. Salmon
Splendens. Crimson
Sulphurea. Yellow
Finest Mixed
PASSION FLOWER. Handsome, greenhouse decoration or sunny positions in the open ground in summer.
Coerulea. Large flowers of violet and blue
Alba. Large, white flowers
Incarnata. Flesh-colored.
COLLECTION. One packet of each for

Coeruleum album. Pure white
Richardsonii. Sky-blue
$\begin{array}{lll}10 & & 75 \\ 10 & 1 & 00\end{array}$
PLATYCODON. See Wahlenbergia.

## POPPIES

There is probably no flower of greater popularity than the Poppy, particularly the annual varieties.


ORIENTAL POPPIES


SHIRLEY POPPIES

## Single Hardy Annual Poppies

Pkt. Oz.
Shirley, Carmine Shades . .................................................. 10 Io \$0 75
Rose Shades 75
Salmon Shades
White Shades
10
Finest Mixed
Admiral. A single peony-flowered variety of surpassing beauty, with a broad band of brilliant scarlet around the top. Excellent for grouping
Danebrog. Large flowers of brilliant scarlet, with a silvery white spot
on each petal.............................................................................. 25
Glaucum (Iulip Poppy)..............
English Scarlet. Very attractive.
10

## Double Hardy Annual Varieties

American Flag. White-margined orange-scarlet ............... 10
Carnation-Flowered. Finest mixed. ...................................... . . 05
White Swan. Immense flowers, beautifully fringed.................. . . . 05
Peony-Flowered. Mixed.
....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
Ranunculus, or French, Mixed........................................... . . . 05

## Hardy Perennial Varieties

Too much cannot be said of this class of Poppies, as for general effectiveness and brilliancy of display they are unequaled.
Bracteatum, Scarlet. Immense orange-scarlet flowers, very similar Pkt. Oz.
to the oriental variety
" " Yellow
" Double Mixed

## Orientale, Rose. 3 feet

Brilliant Scarlet. 3 feet. .
. Little Prince. I $1 / 2$ feet.

S. \& W. CO.'S GIANT PRIMULAS


PRIMULA OBCONICA GIGANTEA

## PRIMULA (Primroses)

The strains of Primula offered below are specially grown for us by a famous English Primula specialist and are selected from the finest and best-developed plants. Seed sown in April will bloom during early winter; August for spring blooming. Sow in shallow pans, in soil consisting of part sand and leaf-mold worked through a fine sieve and allow for good drainage. Cover seeds lightly and water frequently; give a temperature of about 65 degrees.

## Primula Sinensis (Chinese Primroses)

This beautiful Chinese Fringed Primrose is indispensable for spring decoration in the home or conservatory, and ranks as one of the most important winter-blooming pot-plants that is grown by the florist. Our Giant Fringed strain is of the highest merit and is carefully selected.

## Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Giant Primulas <br> Giant magnifica Blue <br> Crimson <br> " Rose Queen <br> Ruby Queen <br> Pkt. 75 cts.; collection of 6 pkts. for $\$ 4.25$ <br> Giant Double White <br> Princess of Wales <br> Striped <br> Blue <br> Pkt, 75 cts.; collection of 6 pkts. for $\$ 4.25$

## Primula Stellata

A very pretty form with large heads of star-shaped flowers of various colors; a splendid type for decorative purposes.
Giant White Star
Giant Crimson Star
Salmon-Pink Blue Star
Giant Rosy Star
Mixed

Pkt. 75 cts.; collection of 6 pkts. for $\$ 4.25$

## Primula obconica gigantea

This type of Prinsula outrivals the old Obconica type, the flowers being considerably larger, often measuring $11 / 2$ inches in diameter. For pot-culture this type is very useful, as well as the open border.
Obconica gigantea Kermesina. Rich crimson
i i rosea. Rose......................................................... 25
" " alba..................................................................................................... 25
25
Mixed. A mixture, containing pure white to Crimson 25
Forbesi (Baby Primrose).
This is the freest-flowering Primula we know of. The little plants throw up tiny flowerstalks when only a few weeks old. These should be pinched off and the plants kept growing until October, and from then on until late in spring they produce their sprays of beautitul rosy lilac flowers in seemingly neverending profusion. Pkt. 25 cts,
Kewensis. This new variety is most attractive, with pleasing bright yellow flowers borne on long stems. It is delightfully fragrant and stands well as a house-plant. Pkt. 25 cts.
Vulgaris (English Primrose). Canary-yellow, very fragrant. Pkt. 10 cts ., $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{c}$.

## PYRETHRUM

Handsome herbaceous plants of easy culture and are increasing in popularity.
Aureum (Golden Feather). Half-hardy perennial grown as an annual. Valuable for eciging as their foliage makes a fine contrast with other bedding plants. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts
Hybridum. Large-flowering single mixed. Hardy perennial bearing daisy-like flowers ranging in color from light pink to deep red, with bright yellow centers. Blooms in May and June and in the fall. Very excellent and lasting as a cut-flower. Pkt. Io cts.
Hybridum fl. pl. Large double flowers resembling the China aster. Mixed colors. 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.
Uliginosum (Giant Daisy). Blooms first year, if sown early, from July continuously to September most profusely; the plant being hidden beneath a multitude of blooms. Pkt. ro cts.


PRIMULA VULGARIS (English Primrose)

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue)

The Salpiglossis is one of the greatest favorites among annuals, but principally for its beautiful, orchid-like flowers, which it produces from spring to fall. Seed should be started indoors early in spring and set out as soon as weather has become settled.
Emperor. Grows about 2 feet high and branches out similar to a mature tree. Pkt. io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SALPIGLOSSIS GRANDIFLORA

White Pkt
Brown kt.
IO
IO
Scarlet
Crimson
Sulphur-Yellow 10
10

Rose.

## COLLECTION. 6 separate varieties

SMILAX. Charming tender perennial climber for greenhouse or window-garden. The foliage and stems are of a pleasing light green, very graceful; excellent for decoration. Pkt. Io cts., oz. \$r.
SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa.
SILENE (Catchfly). Dwarf hardy peremnial ; fine for border; pink flowers; blooms early in the spring and lasts through August.
Armeria. Hardy annual. Mixed........................ \$o o5
Pendula, Dwarf Rose. 6 inches.
SILPHIUM perfoliatum (Rosin Weed). H.P. 6 in. Yellow. Fall..........................................................
SISYRINCHIUM anceps (Satin Lily). H.P. $2 \mathrm{ft}$.
Yellow. May to August....................................................



SALVIA SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage)

## SALVIA

One of our most handsome summer- and autumn-flowering plants, growing into compact bushes about 3 feet high and literally ablaze with brilliant flowers; very effective for massing on the lawn and for garden decorations. Half-hardy perennial.
Splendens (Scarlet Sage). Beautiful bright scarlet; 3 feet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. \$2.
Bonfire (Salvia splendens nana compacta erecta). This variety, without question, is the finest Salvia for bedding yet introduced. The plants grow into very compact oval bushes, about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet high and produce long spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers. They stand out stiff and erect; over 200 spikes to a plant is not unusual, and the spikes bear from twenty to thirty flowers each. Gorgeous effects can be produced with the Bonfire Salvia massed on the lawn or in the garden, or planted in rows along a sunny drive, where the brilliant scarlet is simply dazzling. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.50,1 / 2$ Oz. $\$ 2.50$, oz. $\$ 5$.
"Burning Bush." This variety of Scarlet Sage forms strong, sturdy bushes $21 / 2$ feet high, and bears the finest individual spikes of flowers of all, many of them being over 18 inches in length; color intensely rich scarlet; decidedly one of the best. Pkt. Io cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Zurich. A splendid dwarf variety, growing about 2 feet high, and is especially valuable on account of being the earliest to bloom, flowering 10 days in advance of any other sort. Pkt. 20 cts ., 1/80z. 75 cts .
Patens (Blue Sage). In color this is as blue as the "Scarlet Sage" is red: unlike the latter, however, it is not useful for bedding, but is a beautiful plant for the border or greenhouse; tender perennials. 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.
Azurea grandiflora. A hardy perennial variety, producing during August and September spikes of pretty sky-blue flowers in great profusion. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Farinacea. A perennial variety, but best grown as an annual. Seeds sown in the open ground in May bloom from July to frost. The fine light blue flowers are borne on long spikes held above the foliage ; makes a good blue line. 2 feet. Pkt. so cts.

## Rehmannia

Angulata. Greenhouse herbaceous perennial from central China, erect habit; 2 to 3 feet in height; flowers 3 inches in diameter, rosy purple with yellow throat. spotted with deep purple; of easy culture; blooms nine months from time of sowing seed. Pkt. 25 cts .


Capsicastrum, Hayes.' Coral-red berries; excellent winter pot-plant.... 25

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## Giant Waved, or Spencer Sweet Peas

The Spencer Waved Sweet Pea is a distinct advance in the development of the Sweet Pea. No modern garden is complete without this grand type. The chief characteristics of the Spencer Sweet Peas are their robust growth ; plants frequentlyattaining a height of from 6 to ro feet, requiring a foot of space in the row for each plant to fully develop. The flowers are gracefully formed; both standard and wings are larger than the grandiflora type; flowers often measure 2 to $21 / 2$ inches in diameter and are borne on stems 18 inches long with four blooms. We have listed below all varieties of the Spencers that we catalogue, except novelties, on second cover page
APPLE BLOSSOM SPENCER. Beautiful car mine-rose; blush wings. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 c . ASTA OHN SPENCER. Charming lavender. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.
AURORA SPENCER. Best of striped and flaked Sweet Peas. Ground color cream-white, exquisitely flaked orange-salmon. Pkt. 15 C ., oz. 35c., $\mathrm{I}_{4}^{1 / 1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ 1}$.
BEATRICE SPENCER. Ground white, tinted soft pink and buff on standard; each wing has a blotch of brighter pink at base. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.
BLANCHE FERRY SPENCER. Pink and white, resembling the Blanche Ferry of the grandiflora, only of true. Spencer form. Pkt. Ioc., oz. 25c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{C}$.
CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES SPENCER. Bright blue. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
COUNTESS SPENCER. Most exquisite shade of pink. Flowers gigantic in size. Pkt. 10 cts., oz 20 cts., $/ 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.
DAINTY SPENCER. Pink edged, ground white Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1$
EMILY ECKFORD SPENCER. Beautiful soft purple-mauve. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $\mathrm{I} / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{r}$.
ENCHANTRESS. Bright pink shading to deeper
pink at the edges. Pkt. 10cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 c .
ETTA DYKE. A grand white of fine form, considered as being the best. Pkt. 15 cts . oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$_{\text {I }}$.
FLORENCE MORSE SPENCER. Light pink edged, similar to Countess Spencer. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4b. \$1
GEORGE STARK. Finest scarlet yet introduced. Pkt. 15 cts , oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{y} / \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{i} .50$
GEORGE HERBERT SPENCER. Rose-carmine. Pkt. yoc., oz. 2oc., y/4 lb. 50 c .
HELEN LEWIS. Bright orange-salmon; best of its color. Pkt. ioc., oz. 20c., 1/4b. lb .75 c .
KING EDWARD SPENCER. Bright crimson, a very striking variety. Pkt.
10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.
LOVELY SPENCER. Standard light blush-pink, wings light pink, suffused soft buff. Pkt. 10 cts ., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
MARIE CORELLI. Brilliant rose-carmine. Pkt. I5 cts., oz. 50 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{~F} .50$.
MASTERPIECE. Very fine lavender, considered as being the best in its color. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. \$1'50.
MIRIAM BEAVER. Shape, size, and free-blooming nature is similar to Countess Spencer (see description, page 10). Pkt. 15c., oz. 50 c ., $2 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.

Apple Blossom Spencer Sweet Peas

MRS. C. W. BREADMORE. Most delightful shade of cream edged pink. Picotee-edged. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
MRS. HUGH DICKSON. Cream pink on buff ground. Best of its color. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1.50$.
MRS. ROUTZAHN SPENCER. Beautiful blending of soft straw color tinted blush-pink, shaded to apricot and rose at the edges. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
MRS. SANKEY SPENCER. Tinted pink in bud, changing to pure white when developed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
NEW WHITE SPENCER. One of the best and largest white varieties. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. \$1.
OTHELLO SPENCER. Beautiful maroon, glossy, velvety effect. Pkt. 1o cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

PRIMROSE SPENCER. Beautiful pale yellow. Pkt. io cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
QUEEN VICTORIA SPENCER. Soft delicate primrose. Pkt to cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
RAMONA SPENCER. Soft blush-pink on white ground. Pkt. 10 cts , oz. 25 cts . Y/4 1 lb .75 cts .
SENATOR SPENCER. One of the largest Spencers. Ground color is wavy, and the stripes, flakes and splashes are of seal-brown, chocolate and heliotrope. Pkt. 15 cts ., oz. 35 cts ., $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{I}$
TENNANT SPENCER. Beautiful purplish mauve; considered as being the best of its color. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 25 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
W. T. HUTCHINS. Soft, delicate blush and straw, shaded apricot. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ \mathrm{r}$

## GRAND PRIZE MIXTURE Giant Spencer Sweet Peas

This is a combination of the best varieties of the Spencer Sweet Peas, and includes every describable color and shade, good care being taken to have all best varieties.

Packet . . . . \$0 10
Ounce
20
Quarter-pound - 50
Half-pound
85
Pound

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING SEEDS

## Collections of Spencer Sweet Peas


#### Abstract

Culture of Sweet Peas. One of the methods which has been followed with excellent results is to dig a trench about a foot deep well, fill up about 5 inches with yood soil hat wide, at the bottom put in a layer or well-rotted mannre 3 inches deep and tramp dow sow too thickly, cover with soil to within about I inch of the top of trench. When plants begin to show about 6 inches above the soil, a light dressing of bone meal is strongly recommended and a liberal supply of water should be given. The cut-worm is one of the greatest enemies of Sweet Peas, attacking the young shoots just as they come up. At the first appearance of this pest a good sprinkling of lime over the row sometimes helps to exterminate it. As soon as the vines reach a height of about 8 inches, proper trellis or other supports should be provided. Sow as soon as frost is out of the ground. Where sown in fall for early spring blooming, care should be taken to see that the location is a fairly dry one.


## Special 25-Cent Collection

We are frequently asked by our customers to make selections of Sweet Peas that are modern, in collections of three, six or twelve varieties. A good plan is to make your hedge of Sweet Peas, according to your idea of color scheme. You can make this hedge the most beautiful of all the early-flowering things in your whole garden, if you sow your seed as soon as frost is out of the ground. The following collection is of three distinct colors,-red, white and blue.

Our packets of Spencers contains 40 to 50 seeds each.

## THREE SELECT SPENCER SWEET PEAS

| Three packets one each, 25 c. |  | King Edward Spencer. $\begin{aligned} & \text { This sterling novelty is the nearest approach in color to } \\ & \text { the popular King Edward VII in the waved and Spen- }\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RED | cer type. The enormous flowers come uniformly waved and crinkled to a pronounced degree. Bright red. |
|  | WHITE | New White Spencer. ${ }^{\text {It is unquestionably the finest White Sweet Pea in exist- }}$ ence. It is beautiful and graceful, with large fluted and |
| Three ounces one each, 50c. | BLUE | wavy petals; long, stout stems, bearing uniformly four well-poised, dignified blossoms of delightful fragrance. |
|  | COLLECTION | Captain of the Blues Spencer. The name we have adopted fully describes Spencer and of fully as perfect form; the standards are purple, wings bright blue. A bright, striking variety, and decidedly new in Spencer varieties. |

## Special 50-Cent Collection

Where a wider range of colors is desired, this collection of the Giant Spencer Sweet Peas will be found most desirable. It includes white, pink, crimson, blue, maroon and striped.

## SIX SELECT SPENCERS

BEATRICE SPENCER. This variety is fully as large as Countess Spencer. The ground is white, tinted with soft pink and buff on the edges.
MRS. SANKEY SPENCER. A black-seeded white Spencer. Fully as large as New White Spencer.
OTHELLO SPENCER. Deep, rich velvety maroon; one of the best in its color.
KING EDWARD SPENCER. Beautiful bright red; one of the best in its color.

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES SPENCER. As its name indicates, this is a beautiful blue variety. The standard is a beautiful rich purple and the wings are a striking bright blue.
RAMONA SPENCER. Like our well-known Ramona, this variety is clear white, with soft, delicate lines and flakes of blushpink. It is of the very finest form and immense size. Both standard and wings are wavy and fluffy, and it is very seldom one finds a stem with less than four blossoms, all beautifully poised. Delicate and beautiful.

Packet each six select Spencers 50 cts .

## A FEW UNWIN FAVORITES

Although of distinct origin, Gladys Unwin is nearly of the same type as the Countess Spencer, but the flowers are not so large. These seedling varieties resemble the parent and generally come uniformly waved and fluted.

PHYLLIS UNWIN. The flowers are larger in size than the original Gladys Unwin and similarly crinkled, wavy standard with broad wings. The long, stout stems carry three and four flowers each; of a beautiful rose color throughout. Comes perfectly true. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
MRS. ALFRED WATKINS. Flowers of large size, beautifully formed and widely spreading, with the wavy or crinkled effect so much admired. Both standard and wings are a clear pink color which is suffused over the entire flower, but rather deeper and heavier at the outer edges. Pkt. 5 cts ., oz. I5 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} .$, lb. 75 cts.
E. J. CASTLE. The color is a rich carmine-rose with salmon shading in the standard. This rich color with the bold, wavy standard of the Unwin type makes a most striking effect, especially in artificial light. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$., $1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ \mathrm{\$ r}$.

GLADYS UNWIN. A bold flower with a striking upright standard which is crinkled and waved ; broad wings. Of a lovely light pink color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
NORA UNWIN. A very beautiful pure white variety, finely waved or fluted. The flowers are borne generally three on a stem, and while not so boldly spreading as are the flowers of White Spencer, the standard is distinctly erect and the wings curve in closer to the keel. Of good substance and a finely effective flower, it has been pronounced "the next best white" to Burpee's White Spencer, and comes true from seed. Pkt. 1oc., oz. 20c., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{C} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .75 \mathrm{C}$.
FRANK DOLBY. A lovely light lavender, the same shade as Lady Grisel Hamilton, but has a hold, wavy standard and widely spreading wings, beautifully fluted. It is larger and finer than any other lavender Sweet Pea, excepting only Asta Ohn. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.


The following is a select list of up-to-date large-flowering varieties. Our customers may find an old favorite missing from the list, but we can assure you that we can supply you with one of the same color in a larger and better flowering variety.

America. Large, bold flower; white, striped with blood-red.
Aurora. Orange-rose, striped on white.
Blanche Ferry. Extra-early; pink and white
Black Knight. Deep maroon, self-colored. Captain of the Blues. Standard purpleblue, wings bright blue.
Countess of Cadogan. Standard light bluish purple, wings clear blue.
Countess of Lathom. An excellent delicate self pink
Countess of Radnor. Standard delicate lavender, wings dark mauve.
Dainty; White with pink edge.
Dobbie's Mid-Blue. A medium - sized flower with fine, erect standard. An excellent exhibition variety.
Dorothy Eckford. Excellent pure white
Earliest of All. Pink and white, very early.
Earliest Sunbeams. A very desirable variety for early flowering. The flowers are of rich primrose color, generally borne three on a strong stem.
Emily Eckford. Rosy mauve, changing to an almost true blue.

Emily Henderson. Large flowers; pure white.
Evelyn Byatt. Rich orange standard with falls or wings of a deeper color, giving a rich, fiery orange or deep sunset color to the entire flower; very striking and unique. Helen Lewis. Fine orange-pink; large Hower and showy wavy standard.
Henry Eckford. Bright, flowering orange; extra-fine flower.
Helen Pierce. Blue mottled on white ground, a pretty and distinct variety
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. Primrose; a very excellent sort
Janet Scott. Deep bright pink
Katherine Tracy. Exquisite bright pink; stands the sun quite well without fading. King Edward VII. A very excellent scarlet variety.
Lady Grisel Hamilton. A very beautiful silvery lavender.
Lovely. Soft shell-pink; large flowering. Marchioness of Cholmondeley. Cream shaded and edged with pink
Miss Willmott. Standard orange-pink, showing veins of deeper orange-pink

Mont Blanc. Earliest-flowering white.
Mrs. Eekford. A large flower of charming primrose-yellow.
Mrs. Gladstone. Soft pink, rosy blush wings.
Mrs. Knight Smith. Pink; sports somewhat.
Mrs. Walter Wright. A beautiful shade of mauve, with bright, shaded mauve wings; flowers large, slightly hooded.
Navy Blue. Dark indigo-blue and violet.
Othello. A deep glossy maroon self. An excellent variety and very profuse bloomer. Queen Alexandra. Considered by inany to be one of the finest scarlets. Stands sun unusually well.
Romolo Piazanni. Rosy purple, self-colored, changing to lilac and blue when fully expanded.
Salopian. The best of the crimson-scarlets. Shahzada. Maroon, shaded black at base, Stella Morse. Rich primrose, flushed pink. White Wonder. Truly named; this Sweet Pea often bears six flowers to a stem, some of which frequently come double.

> Delivered free in the United States.
> Our packets contain about 100 seeds, sufficent for a single row six feet.

## SPECIAL OFFER

Collection, one packet each, twenty-five varieties
$\$ 100$
Collection, one packet each, twelve varieties
OUR OUNCES CONTAIN ABOUT 400 SEEDS

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Packet . . - 5 cts.
Ounce . . . . 10 cts.
Quarter-pound - 25 cts.
Half-pound - - 40 cts.
Pound . . . - }75\mathrm{ cts. Ounce . . . . 10 cts. Quarter-pound - 25 ets. Half-pound - - 40 cts.
Pound . . - 75 ets.
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High Grade Mixed. This mixture is composed of the best of the Grandiflora named varieties, and every care is taken to see that all the colors are well represented. Pkt. $5 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{Oz} .10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 \mathrm{~b} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Eckford's Large-flowering Mixed Sweet Peas.

This strain, while not embracing the most recent novelties, contains a good assortment of the famous Eckford Sweet Peas. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts ., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} .1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 lb .50 cts .

Double Sweet Peas. Mixed. A mixture of double va-
rieties. Pkt. Io cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .85 \mathrm{cts}$., lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
Cupid Sweet Peas. Mixed colors, including many varieties. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .75$.
Bush Sweet Peas. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cis}$. , lb. \$1.50.
$\square$

## Dwarf Large-flowering Ten Weeks Stocks

These popular flowers are easily grown, and are so highly fragrant and of such great beauty, and have so many good qualities, that they deserve a place in every garden. They should be given good rich soil to grow in, and will amply reward good treatment with remarkably large pyramids of bloom; the flowers represent a great diversity of color. The double Large - flowering Ten Weeks Stocks are great improvements over the Gilliflowers of the olden times, the flowers being much larger and more densely double, and there is also a much larger variety of colors and shades than there used to be.

## High-bred, Dwarf Large-flowering Ten Weeks Stocks

The finest stock for bedding, or growing in pots. Our stock of seeds of these have been gathered from plants growing in pots, and are therefore the very finest procurable.

## White. <br> Pkt. 1/8oz.

## Carmine-Scarlet

5025 \$I 00
$25 \quad 100$
Crimson.
$\begin{array}{lll}25 & 1 & 00 \\ 25 & 1 & 00\end{array}$
Light Rose
Brilliant Rose
Canary-yellow
Shining Purple
25 I 00
25 I 00
Blood-Red
25 I 00
Finest Mixed
$\begin{array}{rr}25 & 100\end{array}$
Ten Weeks Stocks, Fine Mixed
75
Dwarf Forcing Ten Weeks, Snowflake.
A beautiful dwarf-growing variety; very large double white flowers; very early. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Cut-and-Come-Again Stocks

The best variety for cutting. Seed of these varieties, if planted in February, will be in full bloom by the latter part of May, or, planted


Sweet William (Dianthus barbatus)

S. \& W. Co.'s Cut-and-Come-Again Stocks

CUT-AND-COME-AGAIN STOCKS, continued
in May, will be in bloom during July and August. Stock high-bred Cut-and-Come-Again. Pkt. 1/80z,
Princess Alice. White.
\$o 25 \$I oo
Fiery Crimson.
25 I 00
Dark Blue
Empress Elizabeth
$\begin{array}{lll}25 & 1 & 00 \\ 25 & 1 & 00\end{array}$
Beauty of Nice
25 I 00
Chamois-rose.
Empress Augusta Victoria. Silvery lilac
Sulphur-Yellow
Queen Alexandra. Lilac-rose; very attractive
25
25

## Winter-flowering Stocks

Beauty of Nice. A very pretty shade of flesh-pink
Canary-Yellow. Beautiful canary-yellow
Empress Elizabeth. Bright rose
Rose of Nice. Carmine-rose . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25
Peach-blossom. Salmon-pink
Crimson King. Fiery scarlet.
Queen Alexandra. Lilac-rose; very attractive
Empress Augusta Victoria. Silvery lilac ..................... 25

## Sweet William (Dianthus barbatus)

Free-flowering, unsurpassed for richness and variety of color. Effective for bedding. Hardy biennial. $11 / 2$ feet. Pkt. Oz .
Single, Finest Mixed Pure white. Dark red.........So o5 \$o 35
Black-Red. ......................................
White.
marginatus. Bordered with eye.
.. 0550

Holborn Glory. Extra-large flowers; finest shades. Io 50
Pink Beauty. Deep pink; very fine
Double, Finest Mixed

## Pure White <br> Dark Red

## Stokesia cyanea, or Cornflower Aster

## A beautiful hardy perennial

This beautiful native hardy plant is not yet so well known as it should be. Without doubt the most valuable novelty of recent introduction. No garden, large or small, should be without it. No picture, be it ever so perfect, can do justice to its delicate beauty. When once seen every one will want a bed of them. As a single specimen or group in the hardy border it makes for itself a place that cannot be filled by any other hardy plant, while for beds or masses of any size it ranks with the Phlox, Peony and Iris. It is of the easiest culture, growing easily from seed and also multiplied by division of the plant. The plants grow from 16 to 24 inches high, and in the North bloom from July to late in October, while in the South they bloom during May and June, with occasional blooms later if kept well cultivated. Although a native of the sunny South, it seems to grow equally well all over the North and is reported perfectly hardy as far north as northern Wisconsin. Its beautiful centaurea-like blossoms of a delicate lavender-blue color are highly valuable for cutting, supplying a shade of color not over plentiful at any season of the year. It starts off rather slowly when first set out and is far superior the second year after setting, so should be set where it can make a permanent bed. Pkt. 25 cts., $1 / 80 z$. $\$ 1$, $1 / 40 z$. $\$ 1.75$.
STEVIA Serrata. A tender perennial, in great favor for cutting purposes; large heads of small white flowers of very graceful effect. Pkt. 5 cts.

TRITOMA uvaria grandiflora (Red-hot Poker Plant). Hardy Pkt. perennial. Flowers scarlet, orange and yellow, on a very prominent spike. September. 4 feet
Express. New. Similar to above, but throws up its flowers as early as June and continues till frost
May Queen. New. Hardy perennial. Bright yellow flowers appear continuously from June till frost. The best sort in cultivation. 2 feet. June to October
THUNBERGIA. Ornamental, free-flowering climbers of rapid growth, with handsome foliage and much admired flowers. They should be sown in a warm situation. Half-hardy annual.

Pkt. Oz.

| Alata. Buff, with dark eye | \$0 05 | $\$ 125$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alba. White, with dark eye | . 05 | I 25 |
| Bakeri. Pure white. | . 05 | I 25 |
| Freyeri. Orange | 05 | I 25 |
| Mixed. | 05 | 75 |


S. \& W. Co.'s Mammoth-flowering Verbenas

TROLLIUS caucasicus (Orange Globe). A beautiful hardy Pkt. perennial, with large, deep, double, yellow flowers. I foot. . So 25 Europzus (Double Buttercup). Hardy perennial, with very large yellow globular flowers from May to August
Japonicus (Giant Double Buttercup). One of our best yellowflowering hardy perennials. Flowers large. June and July.... 25
TORENIA. Pretty plants for vases or hanging-baskets. Succeed well in the open ground. Tender annual. I foot. Pkt. $1 / 5 \mathrm{soz}$. Ballonii. Golden yellow, deep red throat.......... \$o 25 \$200 Fournieri. Porcelain-blue and rich violet; throat bright yellow
$\begin{array}{ll}10 & 60 \\ 10 & 200\end{array}$

## S. \& W. Co.'s Verbenas

We take special pains with our strain of Mammoth Verbenas, continually selecting and keeping it up to the highest point for size of flowers, purity of color, etc. They should be sown early to get nice plants in time for spring.

Pkt. Oz .
S. \& W. Co.'s Mammoth, Mixed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ 10 $\$ 2$ oo
S. \& W. Co.'s Defiance. Red..

10 200
S. \& W. Co.'s Dark Scarlet Shades
S. \& W. Co.'s Rose and Carmine
S. \& W. Co.'s Purple Shades.
S. \& W. Co.'s White. Very beautiful
S. \& W. Co.'s Lemon-scented
S. \& W. Co.'s Mixed
$\begin{array}{ll}10 & 200 \\ 10 & 200\end{array}$
. \& W. Co.'s Venosa. A hardy perennial variety
with bright fowers..........................
COLLECTION. 5 varieties.
.$\$ 0 \quad 50$
VALERIAN, Finest Mixed (Garden Heliotrope). Pkt. Oz. Hardy perennial. Pinnate foliage and panicles of flowers, with odor of heliotrope. 5 feet. June and July
$\$ 030$ Red.

05
White
Lo
50
VERONICA longifolia. A very pretty, hardy perennial, with blue flowers produced on spikes I foot long, and lasting in flower all summer. Pkt. 10 cts .
VINCA. Beautiful. Fine for parlor, greenhouse or garden decoration. Their color can hardly be surpassed, Tender perennial. I $1 / 2$ feet.

| Alba. P | \$0 10 \$I 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rosea. Bright rose | 10 |
| Rosea alba. White, with rosy eye. | 10 I 00 |
| Mixed.... | In |

## Viola (Tufted Pansies)

While the flowers of Tufted Pansies are not so large as the regular type, yet they bloom so freely that they are superior to Pansies where effect is wanted, the colors being particularly clear and distinct; they also bloom for a longer time. Seed sown in April produces flowering plants in June, and from then on until frost they are a sheet of bloom.

Pit. Oz.
Cornuta, Admiration. Large dark blue
\$0 25
Purple Queen.
Mauve Queen.
$\$ 300$
$10 \quad 300$
alba. White
Papilio. Blue with white........................ Io 250
Perfection. Light blue; large-flowered, longbloomer.
$10 \quad 250$

## NAMED SCOTCH STRAINS, BEDDING VARIETIES

Ardwell Gem. Large, rayless flower; fine bedding variety; Pkt. primrose-colored
\$0 25
Blue Gown. Blue, tinted mauve 25
Countess Howe. Rayless yellow
Duncan. Royal purple.
Kitty Bell. Grayish mauve
Lord Elcho. Yellow
White Beauty. White.
VIOLET (Viola odorata). Single Sweet Violet. Pkt. Io cts.
WAHLENBERGIA grandifiora (Chinese Bell-flower). A superb hardy perennial, bearing a profusion of large, bell-shaped, blue flowers from June to October. 2 to 3 feet.

Pkt. Oz .
Grandiflora alba. White .......................... . . \$o Io \$o 75 coerulea plena. Dark blue................ . . 10 75 nana (Mariesi). Dark blue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25

## Wallflower

A very highly prized, old-fashioned plant, grown largely for its fragrance.

| ANNUAL VARIETIES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Early Parisian. Light brown. | Pkt. ${ }_{\text {Po }}^{\text {Oz. }}$ |
| Chamois | 10 |
| Creamy White | 10 |
| Yellow | 10 |
| Yellow, with brown buds. | - 10 |
| Annual Mixed | 10 40 |
| Single, Fine Mixed. Half-hardy perennial | 10 |
| Double, Fine Mixed. Half-hardy perennial | . 10 |

Winter-blooming Wallflower.
(Cheiranth us Kewensis). A beautiful shade of yellow on opening of flower, gradually changing to orange or purple-violet. Pkt. 25 cts.
WHITLAVIA grandiflora. Hardy annuals, with numerous dark blue, bell-shaped flowers. Flowering from June to October. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts .
Grandifiora alba. White. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.

## ZINNIAS (Youth-and-Old-Age)

Well-known favorites, suitable for every garden, blooming most profusely from July to frost. Hardy annual.

## Zinnia, Giant Double-flowering. Our

 of this very popular garden flower is vely carefully selected only from the largest and most double-flowering varieties.

## A GOOD RULE TO FOLLOW

In selecting Stumpp \& Walter Co.'s Sterling Seeds is to grow varieties listed in heavy type, and you will enjoy having the finest Flowers and Vegetables procurable.

REMEMBER we are also headquarters for this year's introductions in Dahlias and Gladiolus.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## Ornamental Grasses

The annual varieties are principally grown for their beautiful flower panicles which when dried are very useful for bouquet work. Perennial varieties are very valuable for borders or massed between shrubs or on the open lawn. Many of the varieties listed below have beautiful variegated foliage and, when planted as indicated above, they are most effective and pleasing.

Annuals, except where otherwise stated. Sow outside in May, transplant or thin out when large enough to handle. If grasses are cut before they are ripe, they will keep for a long period.


A bed of Ornamental Grasses
AGROSTIS nebulosa. Annual. A very beautiful variety. Pkt 10 cts
Pulchella. A very striking sort. Pkt. io cts.
ANTHOXANTHUM gracile. Annual. Useful for edging. Pkt. 10 cts
BRIZA compacta. Very pretty annual. 18 inches. Pkt. io cts. Geniculata. Very pretty annual. 18 inches. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 c.
Gracilis. Very pretty annual for bouquets. 12 inches. Pkt. 5 cts. Maxima. Considered by many to be one of the best varieties for bouquet and dried flowers. Annual. I2 inches. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 50 cts.
BROMUS brizaeformis. Large drooping panicles, useful for bouquets. Annual. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.
COIX lachryma (Job's Tears). A strong broad-leaved grass with large shining pearly seeds. Annual. 3 feet. Pkt. 5 cts.
ERIANTHUS Ravennae. A hardy perennial grass resembling the Pampas, with beautiful follage and fine silvery plumes; excellent for lawn specimens. Blooms first year from seed if sown early. Pkt. so cts

ERAGROSTIS elegans (Love Grass). Annual. I foot. Pkt. 10 cts .
EULALIA Japonica foliis vittatis. A very beautiful perennial variety used for forming large clumps. Leaves dark green, striped white. 4 feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Zebrina (Zebra Grass). A very striking variety, very extensively used, where an attraclive variegated variety is wanted. 4 feet. Pkt. io cts.
GYNERIUM argenteum (Pampas Grass). Perennial, with magnificent silvery plumes. 6 feet. Pkt. Io cts.
Jubatum. Panicles silvery rose. Pkt. Io cts.
HORDEUM jubatum (Squirrel Tail Grass). Annual, used for bouquets. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts .
ISOLEPIS gracilis. Graceful dwarf grass for pots. Pkt. Ioc.
LAGURUS ovatus. Hardy annual, with silvery gray tufts. i foot. Pkt. io cts.
PENNISETUM longistylum. An annual grass with gracefully, drooping heads. 2 feet. Pkt. io cts.
Ruppellianum. The foliage is long and slender, gracefully recurved and glossy deep green in color. If sown in March in heat, the plants should bloom by the middle of July, and the silvery plumes, tinted with violet-purple, waving in the sunlight, are exquisitely beautiful; hardy perennial. 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts. STIPA elegantissima. Perennial. Pkt. Io cts.

Pennata (Feather Grass). With silvery white feathery plumes. Pkt. Io cts.
SETARIA macrochaeta. Drooping plumes of graceful appearance. Annual. Pkt. io cts.
UNIOLA Iatifolia. Perennial; very pretty. Pkt. Io cts.
ZEA Japonica. Striped maize. Pkt. 10 cts.
TALL MIXED. Pkt. 5 cts.
DWARF MIXED. Pkt. 5 cts .

## Everlasting Flowers

The following list of Everlastings are annuals, except where noted. Sow outside in May and thin out to six inches.
ACROCLINIUM. Hardy annual. Good for cutting. Double Rose, White or Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts.
GLOBE AMARANTH (Gomphrena). Sometimes called "Bachelor's Buttons." Popular bedding plants; flowers resemble clover heads and can be dried and used in winter bouquets. Orange, Rose, White, Purple or Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.
HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flower). One of the best and most popular of the "Everlastings." Very effective double flowers, making a fine display in beds or borders. To produce excellent plants thin out to 2 feet.
Monstrosum. Double Yellow, White, Rose, Scarlet or Mixed. Pkt. Io cts.

RHODANTHE. Very beautiful delicate looking "Everlastings" much prized for winter bouquets.
Maculata. White, Rose or Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.
STATICE (Sea Lavender). Splendid hardy perennials, either for the border or rockery, producing all summer panicles of minute flowers, which can be dried and used for winter bouquets. Mixed varieties. Pkt. 10 cts
XERANTHEMUM annumm (Immortelle). Grows about 3 feet high, and can be sown in the open ground early in May, growing readily in any open, sunny position, remaining in bloom from early summer until frost, bearing an abundance of Rose, Purple and White flowers. Selected mixed pkt. ro cts.

## Ornamental Beets

Beets that have no tubers, but with handsome ornamental foliage of very rich colors. Very effective in center of beds, or anywhere in contrast with other plants.
BRAZILIAN. Golden-leaved, scarlet veined and crimson veined. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

DELL'S CRIMSON. A small compact-growing variety, with deep bronze purple foliage. Pkt. so cts., oz. 25 cts .


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S

## High-Grade Lawn Grass Seed

## FOR LAWNS, GRASS PLOTS, TENNIS COURTS, CRICKET GROUNDS, ETC. WEIGHS 22 POUNDS PER BUSHEL

Our "High-Grade" Lawn Grass Seed is composed of the very finest recleaned grasses, free from weeds and all foreign matter, and where a strictly first quality Grass Seed is wanted, we recommend this grade of seed. While the price, $\$ 5$ per bushel, may seem high, remember our seed weighs 22 lbs . to the measured bushel, and requires only three to four bushels to the acre for new lawns, and one to two bushels for renovating old lawns.

Sow S. \& W. Co.'s "High-Grade" Lawn Grass Seed and you will obtain a beautiful, deep green lawn, which, owing to the varieties used in this mixture, will retain its velvety appearance during the entire summer.

One quart of our "High-Grade" Lawn Grass Seed is sufficient to sow about 15 square feet; an acre will require from three to four bushels. To produce a good lawn it is always best to sow the seed thickly.

$$
\text { Price, qt. } 25 \text { cts., } 4 \text { qts, } 85 \text { cts., } 8 \text { qts. } \$ 1.50 \text {, bus. } \$ 5,10 \text { bus. } \$ 45
$$

## STAIGREEN GRASS SEED

Is composed of Grasses with the very highest germination and purity; the seeds are selected and blended by an expert and only such varieties as are perennial and permanent are used, therefore insuring a sod that will improve year by year and retain that smooth, velvety, fine-color lawn, that will be strong enough to resist our hot summers.

In using this mixture sow evenly and with care. As the seed will germinate 90 per cent and over, one pound of this seed will sow twice as much per pound as most of the Grass Seed usually sold, and, being permanent, will be found the cheapest seed to use either on small or large sowings. In using this seed we strongly recommend as a food Fine Ground Bone, this being high in plant food and free of weeds, insures the best passibe results. Always, before sowing the seed, pulverize the soil and get an even, fine surface, then sow the seed from east to west, then cross-sow from north to south; this will give an even distribution of the seed. Then thoroughly roll and firm the seed in the soil. 50 ots. per lb., $\$ 2.25$ per 5 lbs ., $\$ 10$ per 25 lbs ., $\$ 37.50$ per 100 lbs .


## Lawn Grass Mixtures

## FOR SPECIAL SITUATIONS

Having made a special study of grasses, we invite correspondence on the subject, and are always willing to advise, as far as our knowledge will permit, how to secure the desired results, or will cheerfully prescribe for whatever the requirements of any special plot may be. With a view to overcome difficulties in getting grass to grow, generally the result of using mixtures of grasses not adaptable for the peculiar situations and conditions, we offer herewith a few Special Mixtures, made up of varieties which will thrive in these situations, and under the conditions for which they have been prepared.

## Golf Link Mixtures

Putting Green Mixture. This mixture is made from the very finest quality of Rhode Island Bent, Creeping Bent, Recleaned Red Top, Crested Dog's-tail, etc. This formula has been used on some of the most prominent Golf Courses in this country. 50 cts. per lb., $\$ 4$ for 10 lbs ., $\$ 35$ per 100 lbs .

Golf Link Grass Mixture. For fair greens. 30 cts. per lb ., $\$ 2.75$ for 10 lbs ., $\$ 25$ per 100 lbs .
Special prices quoted on larger quantities

## Shady Place Lawn Seed

There is nothing more annoying in caring for a lawn than the bare, unsightly spots under the trees, shrubs, etc., and invariably all efforts have failed to get the grass to grow in such places; but by sowing this mixture the difficulties will be overcome. It is a combination of dwarf-growing varieties which will do well in all shaded places, being found in their natural state in woods and other sheltered spots. Qt. 35 cts., 4 qts. $\$ \mathrm{I}, 8$ qts. $\$ \mathrm{r} .75$, bus. ( 20 lbs .) $\$ 6$.

## Terrace Sod Lawn Grass

To Grass a Bank or Terrace. For each square rod take two quarts of lawn grass seed and mix it thoroughly with six cubic feet of good, dry garden loam. Place it in a tub, and add liquid manure, diluted with about two-thirds of water, so as to bring the whole to the consistency of mortar. The slope must be made perfectly smooth, and then well watered, after which the paste should be applied, and made as even and thin as possible.

A special mixture of grasses best suited for sowing on terraces and side hills-grasses that produce strong, spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing them out; that will withstand drought and exposure, thrive on shallow soils, and at the same time produce a rich, green turf throughout the season. Qt. 35 cts ., 4 qts . $\$ \mathrm{I}, 8 \mathrm{qts}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .75$, bus. (20) $\mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6$.

## Central Park Lawn Grass

The dwarf-growing seed we offer under the above name is the same mixture of selected seeds as has been furnished for several years to the Department of Parks, and to most of the florists and gardeners of New York City and Brooklyn.

One quart of the Central Park Mixture is sufficient to sow about 15 feet square; an acre will require from four to five bushels. To produce a good lawn, it is always best to sow the seed thickly.
Price of Central Park Lawn Grass, pint packages, each 10 cts., by mail, 15 cts.; quart packages, each 20 cts., by mail,
30 cts.; half-peck, 60 cts.; peck, $\$ 1$; bushel, $\$ 3.50$


## Stumpp \& Walter Company's

## Grass Seed Mixtures

## FOR HAY AND PERMANENT PASTURE

For every different kind and condition of soll there are a large number of grasses, either indigenous or introduced, which are especially suitable. Some sorts do best on high ground and in dry weather; others prefer plenty of moisture. Some mature so early and others so late that from the beginning of spring until winter sets in there is no time when one species or another is not at its best. From these considerations, the importance of sowing many varieties for pasture and meadow purposes will be apparent, consisting of the following varieties: Orchard Grass, Meadow Foxtail, Sheep's Fescue, Rhode Island or Creeping Bent, Hard Fescue, Sweet-scented Vernal (True Perennial), Meadow Fescue, English Rye Grass, Italian Rye Grass, Red-Top, Timothy, Red and Alsike Clover, blended in proportions which we have found, from actual use, give the most satisfactory results.

On ordinarily fertile soil 80 pounds of this mixture are sufficient to seed an acre, but where the land is poor a larger quantity will be necessary.
For Hay and Permanent Pasture for Light Soils. For Hay and Permanent Pasture for Medium Soils. For Hay and Permanent Pasture for Heavy Soils.

For Orchard and Shady Places.
For Hay only. Specially recommended for large hay crop.
For Pasture only. Will stand close cropping without injury.
Per 10 lbs. $\$ 2.50,80$ lbs. $\$ 19$; in large lots, $\$ 20$ per 100 lbs.

## DWARF ESSEX RAPE

The true dwarf Essex Rape is valuable as a fattening food for pasturing sheep in autumn. It is particularly adapted as a "catch crop," for it grows best late in the season. In the northern states it can be sown at any time from May until the end of August, but in the southern states it should not be sown until September or October for winter pasture. Its fattening properties are said to be twice as good as clover. Sow ten to twelve pounds to the acre broadcast, or four to five pounds per acre in drills 15 inches apart. Io cts. per 1 b ., $\$ 1$ for 10 lbs., \$7 per 100 lbs.


Panicum Crus Galli (Japanese, or Barnyard Millet)


Phleum pratense (Timothy)


Agrostis vulgaris (Red Top, Fancy,

## General List of Grasses, Clover and Millet Seed

Agrostis stolonifera. (True Creeping Bent.) This is our very best grass for putting-greens, being hardy, and the creeping habit of its roots, constantly adding to the size of its plant, forms the closest mat, will stand severe rolling and constant cutting. Should be in all lawn mixtures, but on account of its very high price, is rarely used. Our seed of this very valuable grass is of the highest germination and purity
Agrostis canina. (Rhode Island Bent.) Except that this variety is of a more tuft-forming habit, it is very similar to the Creeping Bent. It is very difficult to find true Canina, and very often the ordinary Red Top is used for it. Our experience has been, that to get the very best seed of this variety is to import it from Europe. The seed that we offer has a purity of 70 per cent and germination of 80 per cent. This is the finest obtainable
$20 \quad \$ 045 \quad \$ 425 \quad \$ 4000$

Agrostis vulgaris. (Red Top, Fancy.) Also known as English Bent. This grass, while being valuable as a lawn grass, is not as permanent as the preceding two varieties, very often sold as Creeping and Rhode Island Bent by dealers who have not given the proper study and interest in the different varieties. Our seed weighs 32 lbs, to the measured bushel, and has a purity of 95 per cent, and germination of 97 per cent, the very highest quality
Agrostis vulgaris. (Red Top, Unhulled.) Vulgaris Choice. This seed is the same as the preceding variety, but is the natural seed as harvested, without being machined to remove the hulls, and is recontmended for large seedings and mixtures. This seed rarely germinates more than 60 per cent, and our stock is always of the very highest quality.
Alopecurus pratensis. (Meadow Foxtail.) One of the most valuable varieties for permanent pastures....
Anthoxanthum odoratum. (True Sweet Vernal.) For field mixtures...
Avena elatior. (Tall Oat Grass.) A valuable grass for hay and permanent pasture mixtures.
Avena flavescens. (Yellowish Oat Grass.).
Cynodon dactyIon. (Bermuda Grass.) Valuable in the South for lawns. . . . . . . . . . . . .
Cynosurus cristatus. (Crested Dogtail.) An excellent grass for hard, dry soils; valuable for lawns in mixture
$18 \quad 60 \quad 500 \quad 4500$

Dactylis glomerata. (Orchard Grass.) A valuable grass for shaded pastures, and should be in all pasture and hay mixtures. ........................................................................................................................
Festuca duriuscula. (Hard Fescue.) A good grass for lawns and grazing pastures, where the soil is poor and dry
Festuca elatior. (Tall Fescue.) True Rhenish. It is one of the most valuable grasses to go in mixtures for hay.
$\begin{array}{llll}36 & 32 \quad 300 \quad 2800\end{array}$

Festuca heterophylla. (Various-leaved Fescue.) An even tuft-forming grass, does well on light soils. It is a very good grass for lawns, for which its fine brush-like bottom leaves make it exceedingly fit........
Festuca ovina. (Sheep, or English Fescue.) Does well on light, sandy soils, where other grasses have poor or no chance. A good grass for pastures.
Festuca ovina aucustifolia. (Fine-leaved Sheep Fescue.) A very good grass to go in mixtures for lawns. Inclined to burn the first season, but soon recovers and makes a very good turf the second year..
Festuca pratensis. (Meadow Fescue.) One of the best upper grasses for permanent pastures; yields an abundance of fodder of great nutritive value. Much liked by all.kinds of stock..
Prices on Grass and Clover seed subject to change without notice. Our Grass and Clover seeds are the very finest, purest, re-cleaned seeds. We do not carry the cheaper grades. Prices are F. O. B. Boat or Railroad in New York City

## GENERAL LIST OF GRASSES, CLOVER AND MLLIET SEEDS, continued

Festuca rubra. (Red Fescue.) New Zealand grown. A partly creeping, tuft-forming grass; it thrives on all sorts of soil, even on dry, sandy bottoms, and forms a rather thickly covered turf. leaving very little room for weeds to come through. It is also valuable for shady places in lawns, and has been found to do well under the shade of pine trees
olium Italicum. (Italian Rye.) For quick growth, and to assist other grasses during the first year; used in pasture mixtures in small quantities only
Lolium perenne. (English Rye.) Used for lawn mixtures where cheapness is the chief consideration,-do not use for fine work.
Lolium perenne. (Pacey's,) Used the same as English Rye. but the seed is shorter grained, and claimed by some to be more hardy than English Rye.
Phleum pratense. (Timothy.) For hay only
Poa pratensis. (Kentucky Blue Grass.) One of our best grasses for lawn or field; does best when sown with other grasses.
Poa nemoralis. (Wood Meadow Grass.) Valuable for growing under trees, and our very best grass for shady lawns.
Poa trivialis. (Rough-stalked Meadow Grass.) One of the best grasses for hay and permanent pasture mixtures

Lbs.

| 24 | $\$ 040$ | $\$ 350$ | $\$ 3000$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 22 | 12 | 100 | 950 |
| 24 | 12 | 100 | 900 |
| 30 | 15 | 1035 | 1200 |
| 45 | 30 | 265 | 2500 |
| 20 | 45 | 425 | 4000 |
| 20 | 70 | 650 | 6000 |
| 26 | 50 | 475 | 4500 |

[^1]
## Clover Seed

Alfalfa, or Lucerne (Medicago sativa). One of the best varieties, succeeding especially in the South and p West, and bearing heavy crops of forage. Sow early in the spring; 20 pounds to an acre $\ldots \ldots \ldots$........... Alsike, or Swedish ( Trifolium hybridum). Hardiest of all Clovers, and on rich, moist soil yields an enormous quantity of hay or pasture. Lasts many years. Sow 6 pounds per acre when used alone...... Crimson, or Scarlet Clover. It Lhs. can be seeded at any time from perbus. Per lb. Periolbs. roo lbs. June to October, at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per acre, and makes the earliest possible spring pasture, blooming the latter part of April or May, and for feeding as hay, should be cut just before coming into full bloom. Sow Crimson Clover at the last working of all crops, like beans, corn, melons, cucumbers, tomatoes and other crops
Red Clover, Medium (Trifolium pratense). Medium Clover. The leading variety of Clover for pastures or meadows. Very finest quality. quality............................... repens). The best variety for lawns, as it forms a close herbage and remains green throughout the season.

60 \$0 $20 \quad \$ 160 \quad \$ 1500$
$60 \quad 35 \quad 325 \quad 3000$
$60 \quad 50 \quad 450 \quad 4000$

## Millet Seed

Hungarian Grass (Panicum Germanicum). A species of annual Millet, yielding 2 to 3 tons of hay per acre. Sow I bushel per acre from May up until August. It is invaluable for overcoming a shortage of the regular hay crop. 48 pounds per bushel. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$, 10 bus. $\$ 2.25$ per bus.
German, or Golden (Setaria Italica). A valuable annual hay and fodder crop, more productive and coarser than Hungarian Grass, medium early, 4 or 5 feet high. Sow I bushel per acre. 50 pounds per bushel. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$, io bus. $\$ 2.40$ per bus.
Japanese, or Barnyard (Panicum Crus Galli). Entirely distinct from any other Millet; grows tall and produces an enormous crop. It may be sown from the middle of May to the first of July, broadcast, at the rate of 15 pounds to the acre, but it is better to sow it in drills, 12 to 18 inches apart, using 10 to 12 pounds per acre, and hoe between the rows to keep down all weeds until the plants attain a height of 12 to 18 inches. This variety has yielded 21 tons of green fodder per acre, and a yield of over 6 tons of cured hay per acre. As a soiling crop, we cut it three or four times during the season, when 2 or 3 feet in height. In connection with Sojas, in alternate layers, it makes an ensilage that comes nearer to being a perfectly balanced ration than any other crop. Per lb. io cts., 10 lbs .80 cts ., roo lbs. $\$ 7$.


Trifolium pratense (Red Clover)

Prices on Grass and Clover seed subject to change without natice. Our Grass and Clover seeds are the very finest, purest, re-cleaned seads. We ao not carry the cheaper grades. Prices are F. O. B. Boat or Railroad, New York City

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



New Golden Eureka Dent Corn

## FARM SEEDS

We deliver all Farm Seeds to transportation company free of charge, and make no charge for bags, except seamless, which are charged at cost of 20 cents for each two-bushel.

## Field Corn

Sow one peck to acre in early May

## New Golden Eureka Dent Corn

Ten days earlier than Eureka. Excellent Ensilage Corn. Grows tallest and is very leafy.
This magnificent Corn is a decided improvement on the very popular variety Eureka. It is fully ten days earlier. Ears measure 12 inches in length and contain from 18 to 22 rows of beautiful, deep yellow grains. Deep grains and very small cob. Seventy pounds of ears will yield $601 / 2$ pounds of corn. Will yield 100 bushels to the acre, having done better than this by the originator this past fall. A very fine variety for ensilage and will produce 25 tons good Corn silage per acre. Selected grains, qt. 25 cts. , postpaid, 40 cts .; pk. \$I, bus. $\$ 2.50$, Io-bus. lots, $\$ 2.25$ per bus.

## Longfellow Flint Corn

This beautiful eight-rowed flint often yields two good ears to the stalk. The ears are very long, sometimes reaching the length of 15 inches. Cobs are small, with kernels of good size. It is safe for planting as far north as Massachusetts. Our stock of seed is of the best possible selection and has given a yield, this past season, of over Ioo bushels to the acre. Selected stock, qt. 25 cts ., postpaid 40 cts .; pk. \$I, bus. $\$ 2.50$, io-bus. lots, $\$ 2.25$ per bus.
Wood's Northern White Dent. The earliest large ripens thoroughly around New York and vicinity. Very prolific, often yielding roo bushels shelled corn to the acre. Ears 12 inches long and 7 to 8 inches in circumference. The kernels are long and the cob is small; ears start 2 to 3 feet from the ground; plant leafy and luxuriant, making fine fodder. Our grower, on Long Island, who raises our crop of this, the best of all the White Dent Corns, states that it is the best and most profitable Corn he has ever grown. Qt. $20 \mathrm{cts} .$, pk. 80 cts ., bus. $\$ 2.75$, 10-bus. lots, $\$ 2.65$ per bus.
S \& W . Co.'s White Flint. We have had many ina White Flint, but have never before been able to offer it, as it has always been a difficult matter to get hold of good seed. We now have some choice select seed of this one of the best of all Flint varieties. The ears are very long, 12 to 15 inches, of handsome appearance, with large kernels of a transparent white color. The stalks are very leafy and the Corn is also very productive, with usually two or three ears on a stalk. Qt. 15 cts., pk. 75 cts., bus. \$2.50.
Improved Leaming. This popular and distinct variety of yond question, reached the Yellow Dent Corn certainly has, begrandest success of any Yellow Dent Corn the farming public. This Corn husks and shells very easily, and weighs 60 to 62 pounds per measured bushel, and matures in go to 120 days. Qt. I5 cts., pk. 90 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$.

## Improved Early Horsetooth. <br> Same as Southern Horsetooth, but better selected and earlier. Qt. 20 cts., bus. $\$ 1.75$, io bus. $\$ 1.70$ per bus.

Evergreen Fodder Corn. For soiling or ensilage. Profitgreen to feed cattle. Sow broadcast able as green fodder; cut when apart, one bushel per acre. Pk. $\$ 1$, bus. $\$ 2.90$, 10 bus. $\$ 2.80$ per bus.

## SPRING WHEAT

Saskatchewan Fife. This is the most desirable variety of spring Wheat. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2.25$.

## Macaroni, or Durum Wheat

No other crop ever jumped into prominence so quickly in the entire history of the country. The reason for this unparalleled in-crease- 150 -fold in three years-is that experiments made by the Department of Agriculture proved conclusively that Macaroni, or Durum Wheat, is in every way a superior wheat for bread-making. Prof. Carleton says: "The continual success of recent milling and baking operations has clearly demonstrated that Durum Wheat has not heretofore been given its proper rank. It should properly be considered as a Wheat of the highest class, ranking with hard spring and hard winter." It is very hardy and productive, yielding great crops in all sections. Specially fine for dry regions. Qt. 20 cts., pk. \$1, bus. (6o lbs.) \$2.75.

## SPRING RYE

Used as a catch crop to sow where winter grain has failed. Pk. 75 cts., bus. \$2, 5 bus. and over, $\$ 1.75$ per bus.

## Peas for Fodder

For the northern states there is no crop of greater value than Field Peas, whether for fodder in mixture with oats, sown at the rate of two bushels each per acre, or the peas sown alone at the rate of three bushels per acre for plowing under.
Canada White. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$, io bus. $\$ 23.50$.
COWPEAS, Whip-poor-will. Usually an erect grower and rarely climbs; pod gray, long and full; seeds large, nearly spherical, mottled, red and white; matures early. One of the best varieties for late planting and growing between corn rows. Pk. 75 cts ., bus. $\$ 3.50$, 10 bus. $\$ 32.50$.
New Era. A very early variety, erect, and not inclined to run matures in 60 or 75 days. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 3.50$, io bus. $\$ 32.50$.

## Sand, or Winter Vetch

Sometimes called Hairy Vetch. The most valuable of all Vetches. It succeeds on nearly all soils and is specially recommended for poor land, where it thrives and improves the soil wonderfully, as it is very rich in nitrogen. It may be sown in the spring or in the fall, preferably with rye. It remains green all winter and is valuable for early pasturing as well as a fertilizer. Sow 1 bushel per acre with $1 / 2$ bushel of rye or wheat. Lb. 15 cts ., bus. ( 60 lbs .) $\$ 7.50$, $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 12$.

## Spring Vetches, or Tares (Vicia sativa)

## Highly valuable for soiling or for green manuring. Sometimes

 grown with oats for mowing and feeding to stock. Use 2 to 3 bushels to acre broadcast, or I to 2 bushels in drills. Lb. Io cts., postpaid, 18 cts ; ; bus. of $60 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.75$, $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5.50$.
## Kaffir Corn, Red

Excellent forage for horses and cattle, and excellent food for poultry. Use 5 pounds per acre. Bus. ( 60 lbs .) $\$ 3.75$, Ioo lbs. $\$ 6$.


Field of Storm King Oats

## SEED OATS

For grain, $21 / 2$ bushels to the acre; for forage, 3 bushels, or with Canada Peas, 1 to $x 1 / 2$ bushels

Sold at the standard weight of 32 pounds to the bushel. Several varieties of oats offered below weigh up to 50 pounds to the measured bushel, but all Oats are purchased and sold at the standard weight of 32 pounds to the bushel.

Storm King. An exceptionally fine grade of the Long's Taris long and stout, and does not easily lodge. Heads are from 8 to $103 / 2$ inches in length. Our grower in New Jersey reported a yield of over 100 bushels to the acre; suitable for all soils. Note sizes of the grains in illustration above. 1 bus. ( 32 lbs.) \$2; 6-bus. lots or over, $\$ 1.90$ per bus.; $25-b u s$. lots or over, $\$ 1.75$ per bus.
Imported Clydesdale Oats. The most popplar White seed weighing 50 lbs . to the bushel. They yield 75 to 100 bushels of oats to the acre, and double the quantity of straw. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2.50$, 10-bus. lots, $\$ 2.25$ per bus.

## Twentieth Century Oats.

 A comparatively new variety introduced by a wellknown Wisconsin seed house. It seems to be quite an early Oat, with a thick, plump grain something like the Silver Mine. It is pure white in color, very attractive looking and has a good stiff straw. Pk. 50 cts ., bus. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$, 10 bus. $\$ 14$.Welcome Oats.
One of the heaviest, handsomest and most productive white varieties grown. It stools heavily, with extra-strong, straight straw, standing well. Succeeds well in a wide range of climate, and under a great variety of soils and methods of culture. Pk. 50 cts., bus. $\$ 1.50$, 10 bus. $\$ 14$, 100 bus. $\$ 1.30$ per bus.

## Barley, Imported Hanua. A new variety of Barley recently

 introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. It is a pedigree variety from Europe and is spoken of as "the great favorite Barley among German and Austrian brewers." It is noted for its earliness and very plump kernels. It is a tworowed Barley. Our stock is the imported extra-large grain and grown especially for seed purposes. Qt. 25c., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$3.50.Hallet's Pedigree. A famous English Barley, grown for the English brewers. This Barley is noted for its very large, plump and fine golden-colored grain. Qt. 20 cts., pk. \$r, bus. $\$ 3$.
Buckwheat, New Japanese. This is a superior variety and acre of other sore prolific, and yields double the weight per those of Silver Hull, and of fine color. This variety is always in demand, millers preferring it to all other sorts, and it makes the finest flour. Pk. 60 cts ., bus. $\$ 2$.
Imported Seed Japanese Buckwheat. Lb. 25 cts ., io lbs. \$2. Silver Hull. Pk. 75 cts., bus. $\$ 2$.

Sow about the middle of June, broadcast, 3 pks. to the acre

## TWO NEW IMPORTED SVALÖF OATS

Svalöf Victory. but dense and rich, with stiff branches; the spikelets are also rather small and short, as a rule, two-grained. The grain is white, sometimes of a slightly reddish shade, of medium size, short and broad, beardless or only slightly bearded. The straw is of medium height, firm and elastic; in fact, in this respect this oreat Oat is, perhaps, not surpassed by any other Svalöf variety. It ripens medium early. Pk. 75 cts., bus. ( 32 lbs ) $\$ 2.50$, 10 bus. $\$ 22.50$.
Svalöf Ligowo. This Oat possesses a grain of very fine broad, very thin-skinned, quite white in color; the awn is coarse but falls off very easily. The spikelets tend to be three-flowered. This Oat ripens very early. Owing to its early maturity, coupled with its other remarkable properties and its medium length and fine but firm straw, it is of the utmost value for rich, low-lying, mouldy and marshy soil. For dry soil, on the other hand, it is liable to become too thin, and the straw yield is much scarcer. Can be cultivated far North. Pk. 75 cts ., bus. ( 32 lbs ) $\$ 2.50$, 10 bus. $\$ 22.50$.
SUNFLOWER, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. Highly valued as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. It is the best egg-producing food known. It can be raised cheaper than corn. Four pounds of seed will plant an acre. Lb. Io cts., 10 lbs .75 cts ., $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6$.
SOJA BEAN (Soja hispida). Valuable in the southern states as a forage crop and for fertilizing, also for pasturing, feeding as green fodder and for silo purposes. Plant one-half bushel to the acre. Pk. \$1, bus. $\$ 3.50$.
VELVET BEAN (Dolichos multiflora). Largely grown in the South and used as a fertilizing plant for turning under. Both vines and pods are eaten by live stock, and the beans can be ground either with or without the pods and fed instead of corn or oats, or can be mixed with them. Pk. $\$$ I.50, bus. $\$ 5$.
EARLY AMBER CANE. Most valuable for dairy cows. The leading dairy farmers of the Northwest generally regard sugar cane, or sorghum as the best of all fodder plants today for their purpose. Sow any time from May 15 to July 15,12 to 15 lbs . per acre, in rows, and cultivate the same as corn. Or, if sown broadcast, use 50 lbs. per acre. The Early Amber is the best variety and the most used. Lb. 15 cts ., $10 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6$.

## CANNAS

The following Cannas listed are for dry roots. Shipment can be made any time after February i ; south of Washington, D. C., any time after January i. Fine potted plants of all the following varieties may be had May r. For best results, beds should be spaded at least $11 / 2$ feet deep and a liberal amount of well-decayed manure incorporated, and at all times supplying water freely. In order to produce best effect, massplanting of one color is suggested, and the plants should be at least 2 feet apart.

## Five New Cannas

The following five varieties, the first two of which are of this year's introduction, are good additions to the list of this most useful foliage and flowering plant.
Konsul W. Vellnagel. 4 feet. Foliage broad, bluish green. glossy lemon-yellow, spotted with light brown. Extra-large, broad petals. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per ioo.
Professor Hanfstangel. 5 feet. Flowers dark carmine-rose, dark green. A variety that should become very red; foliage beautiful known. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per 100.
Improved Black Beauty. 5 feet. The grand variety, Black Beauty, needs little introduction. and, while the foliage of this improved type is not quite so robust, the improvement in the flowers is wonderful, being nearly four times as large. The deep, rich, glistening bronze foliage combined with the dazzling scarlet flower makes a grand variety, and where foliage or subtropical effect is desired this is certainly the variety for every one to grow. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per ioo.
Chameleon. 5 feet. Flowers change color; they open a rich orange striped with red, then turn to yellow and rose-pink, while cutely curled in the center of each is a single petal of solid red. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100.
Tupiter. 6 feet. This is a magnificent dark-leaved Canna. It is a upiter. stately and symmetrical grower; large, deep, purplish bronze foliage which is borne to the base of the plant. The flowers are full average size, a rich carmine-red, borne profusely. 20 cts . each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per roo.
COLLECTION, one each, five varieties
$\$ 100$

## S. \& W. Co.'s Ten Choice Varieties

A1sace. A beautiful creamy white-flowering variety used very sorts. Height, 4 feet.
Brandywine. Brandywine is thoroughly handsome all season dark foliage and is heavily topped with a magnificent display of brilliant red flowers. Height, $3^{1 / 2}$ feet.
Richard Wallace. A magnificent large yellow-flowering growing about 5 feet high.
Gladiator. (Green-leaved.) A very showy bedding Canna of Gladiator. medium height, with large flowers of braisy yellow thinly spreckled in dull red. The long center petals and lower petal are solid dark red, making a most striking contrast to the predominating yellow. 3 feet.
Express. Color scarlet-crimson. Its dwarf habit and large would have an excellent bedding or edging variety; it is guaranteed to be well up to expectations. Height $2^{x / 2}$ feet.

Indiana.
Glistening golden orange, daintily marked, striped and red. Single blossoms often measuring 7 inches across. Height 5 feet.
King Humbert. Of superlative beauty and by far the finest trusses are made up of flowers that measure 6 inches across and are a rich salmon-scarlet distinctly and numerously flecked with deep crimson markings. It is a free bloomer and with its rich, coppery bronze, massive foliage, it produces an effect both bold and striking. Height 5 feet.
Louisiana. New American Orchid-flowered, strong, vigorous-- growing variety, producing a dense mass of glossy green foliage and vivid scarlet flowers, often measuring 7 inches across. Imagine a plant with four to five main stems, each one crowned with 30 to 40 flowers open at one time! The effect is gorgeous and indescribable. Height 7 feet.
Pacific Beauty. Very heavy, black foliage, striped and vaPacific Beauty. riegated. Flowers orange-crimson.
Shenandoah. An abundant bloomer with waxy rose-pink

## N. B.-REMEMBER OUR STOCK IS STRICTLY EXTRA-STRONG ROOTS

Price, 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 . Set, 1 each, 10 varieties, $\$ 1 ; 10$ each, 10 varieties, $\$ 8$ Strong plants, out of pots May 1, \$2.50 per dozen, \$15 per 100

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING BULBS

## Giant-Flowering Purple-Foliage Canna, Wyoming

This is one of the most majestic Cannas. Blossoms, orange-colored, true orchid-shaped, with large, rounded petals that flap and flutter in the breeze like glistening flags. Height, 7 feet. Each, 20 cts., $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 12$ per 100 .

## GENERAL LIST LARGE-FLOWERING CANNAS

The following varieties have been chosen from a list of almost 75 varieties, and are in every way the best sorts.
Strong plants, out of pots, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100. All varieties listed on this page after May

## Yellow-Flowering Cannas

Austria.
Pure canary-yellow; large, open flowers with reddish dots in center of the two inside petals. Height, 5 feet.
Director Roelz. 3 feet. The general effect of this variety is bright yellow with very faint dots of rose. It is a strong, healthy grower; among the best of the yellow Cannas on green foliage.
Dr. Nansen. 5 feet. Yellow flowers.
Golden Star. 5 feet. Fine yellow, spotted red.

## Red- and Yellow-flowering

Allemania. An improved Italia, with more numerous flowers, of immense size. Outer petals scarlet, with broad yellow border; inside scarlet and dark red. one of the best of the Giant, or Orchid-flowered section. Height, 5 to 6 feet.
Queen Charlotte. 4 feet. One of the finest of the gilt-edge sorts. Large trusses and large flowers of blood-red petals, broadly banded with bright canary-yellow. Handsome, deep bluish green foliage. Exceedingly decorative.
Mme. Crozy. ${ }^{4}$ feet. All things conthe best for bediding. A constant, free and reliable bloomer with large trusses set well above the foliage. Flowers large, bright orange-scarlet, lightly bordered with yellow. Bright green, massive foliage.

## Bronze-Foliage Varieties

Musafolia. This is the finest foliage Canna yet seen, with enormous Musa-like leaves $3 \times 5$ feet high, of a dark green, bronze-tinged color, the edges of the leaves being beautifully banded with bronze-purple. In size and beauty of foliage it is a revelation, and makes a clump, or single specimen plant for the lawn which no other foliage plant can approach. Attains a height of 8 feet, beautiful and symmetrical at every stage of growth.
Black Beauty. 5 feet. It seems to us impossible to exaggerate the beauty and richness of this Canna. It undoubtedly has the darkest and most magnificent foliage of all the purple-leaved Cannas. The leaves are a black shining purple, very rich and glossy, and with edges crimped and wavy. Flowers are few and small, but for a foliage plant, and for producing an effect of tropical luxuriance, Black Beauty heads the list.
Chautauqua. 4 feet. Flowers pure, rich scarlet, intensely vivid; luxuriant, tropical foliage, prettily bronzed. Especially valuable for massing.
Egandale. 4 feet. A fine bronze-leaved variety; pretty cherry-red flowers, borne well above the foliage; handsome and distinct.
Robusta. 6 feet. Probably the largest-growing Canna in cultivation. If planted in rich, deep soil, they will attain 7 to 9 feet in height. Foliage very large and broad, color rich metallic bronzegreen. Certainly the best Canna where a tropical effect is desired. Doz. 50 cts ., $100 \$ 3.50$.
When considering the five varieties listed above, don't forget King Humbert and Improved Black Beauty listed on page 78 .


Cannas-Salvia and Dusty Miller

## Pink-Flowering Varieties

M1le. Berat. 4 to 5 feet. Strong grower with dark pink flowers; one of the best.
Rosemawr. Extra-fine, large-flowering, dark rose-colored variety; a fine bedder.

## Crimson- and Scarlet-Flowering <br> Varieties

Black Warrior. 4 feet. A very dark crimson, claimed, by the originator, to be the darkest known variety.
Charles Henderson. 4 feet. The standard of excellence in Crimson Bedder. Similar to Charles Henderson.
Ch. Drevet. $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ feet. A distinct Poinsettia-red; growth medium as to height; a very striking sort.
Pres. McKinley. 3 feet. One of the very best Cannas for in habit. The trusses are large and numerous and the flowers large, brilliant crimson, shaded with scarlet; showy and striking.
Pennsylvania. The flowers are often 7 to 8 inches across, Height, 6 ft .
Red Cross. 5 feet. Large'flowers, shaded dark red.
Mrs. William T. Hastings. $3^{1 / 2}$ feet. The color of this variety bright crimson, medium-sized flower of good substance. A profuse bloomer.
Wm. Bofinger. 5 feet. The brightest and richest scarlet.
N. B.-Remember our stock is strictly extra-strong roots.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## GRAND NOVELTY DAHLIAS

The list of Dahlias catalogued by us has been revised, and only such varieties as are of sterling merit and of quite recent introduction have been included. In going over this list, you may miss an old favorite, but we can assure you that the variety has been replaced by an improved variety. Prices quoted are for field-grown roots of the best quality. On orders received after May 1 , we supply growing plants that will give equally good satisfaction.

## New Cactus Dahlias for 1912 <br> (EUROPEAN INTRODUCTION)

The following six varieties of Cactus Dahlias are grown by a famous English Dahlia Specialist and are of the highest possible type for exhibition purposes. The flowers are large and are borne on robust stems, their constitution in general leaving nothing to be asked for in an exhibition collection. The varieties quoted have been tried by us and the following six we pronounce of unusual, refined and distinct merit. The following descriptions are from the introducer, which we can heartily verify

## New York <br> (STREDWICK)

The largest of our new varieties and the term massive is not too strong to describe its general appearance. The flowers are of the most incurved but not irregular type, the florets being evenly distributed. The plants make splendid specimens with grand foliage, and carry the flowers on enormous stems, the habit being almost identical to that of "C. E . Wilkins," from which it was a seedling. Color, orange-yellow in the center, shading off to deep bronzy salmon. One of our best and most striking productions. Height $4 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

## H. L. Brousson (STREDWICK)

A really first-class Cactus Dahlia, with the narrowest possible florets of great length and slightly incurving form, the flowers being of everlasting depth. The color is very beautiful, being white in the center, quickly changing to deep, rich rose, which again changes to almost white at points of petals. Although appearing so fragile, the blooms, as a matter of fact, are far less so than the majority of Dahlias, the forets being hard, and withstand both sun and rain to a remarkable degree. Plants perfectly healthy and flower freely. Height $3^{1 / 2}$ feet.

## Golden Eagle

## (STREDWICK)

Even in an unusually good set of novelties, this variety stands out as a flower possessing extra merit. The habit is perfect, being upright in growth, with long, strong, erect stems, carrying excellent blooms of first-rate form and splendid depth, a pollen centered flower being unknown. Color bright yellow with suffusions of rose and fawn, which increases in intensity as the tips are reached. The style of growth is in a measure unique, the plant always having buds and flowers in all stages, thus insuring an uninterrupted supply of bloom. Height 5 feet

For General Collections of Dahlias see pp. 82 and 83


Cactus Dahlia

## Onward

## (STREDWICK)

A variety of absolutely unicue formation, the florets being very narrow and so incurved, twisted and interlaced as to form an almost globular flower. The color is pink throughout, but of different shades graduating from tip to base. Very few, if any, of our introductions have attracted so much attention, both from experts and the general public, as was accorded our bunches of "Onward," when exhibited at the National Dahlia Shows. The plants should be induced to branch early, and all the buds on the main growths may be left to flower. Height 4 feet. Awarded first-class certificate National Dahlia Society.

## Dr. Roy Appleton

## (STREDWICK)

Just as in the variety "Onward" we have the most advanced of the incurved section, in this lovely variety we have the finest of the straight-petaled flowers, the form being perfectly star-like. It is of the largest size, the florets standing out like a circular array of spears, or, as one report put it, "as if worked up geometrically," whilst the center is a picture of perfection and neatness. The color is beautiful, a light lemon-yellow, slowly changing and deepening to light salmon till near the tips which again assume the basal color. Habit good, stems long, and under ordinary good cultivation every flower fit for exhibition. Height 4 ft . Awarded first-class certificate National Dahlia Society.

## Mrs. Douglas Fleming <br> (STREDWICK)

Undoubtedly the finest white Cactus yet raised, being of endless depth, and although composed of very narrow florets throughout, they are so numerous as to make massive flowers. The plants are particularly pleasing as regards healthy growth and all-round excellence, producing flowers freely during the entire season. For exhibitors this variety is an absolute necessity, and for any purpose it is second to none. Height $3^{1 / 2}$ feet. Awarded first-class certificate National Dahlia Society. Award of merit Royal Horticultural Society.

Pot-grown plants, May delivery

## CREAM OF THE CACTUS DAHLIAS

## RECENT EUROPEAN INTRODUCTIONS


#### Abstract

The following twenty-five varieties of Cactus Dahlias, ten of which were introduced in 19ro, are in every way a superior collection, and many of them are likely to remain among the best for some time to come. Our stock of these grand Dahlias was originally furnished by the most celebrated English Cactus Dahlia grower, and our strict attention to the growing can be relied upon, so our customers can rest assured that the varieties are true to name. Many of these Dahlias have been awarded certificate of merit at exhibitions of the National


 Dahlia Society and Royal Horticultural Society of England.ARTHUR PICKARD. We have no hesitation in describing this as one of the very finest all-round Dahlias we have ever introduced, every flower having a stem of great length and strong as a cane. The flowers are of finest form, with long, evenly incurving florets, and hold the center until the last.
C. E. WILKINS. Large flower, composed of long, narrow petals, ground color pale sulphur-yellow, gradually passing to a tender salmon-pink; a splendid bloom.
DAWN. A flower of exceptional color, which is both distinct and beautiful, being bright yellow at base gradually deepening to cerise, the tips again lightening to yellow.
FAUNUS. (Burrell.) Soft yellowish buff, shaded red and tipped salmon. Petals long, narrow and incurved. Flowers above average size, constant and good. F. C. C. Height, $3^{1 / 2}$ feet.
GLORY OF WILTS. (Keynes.) We have not the least hesitation in describing this as the very best yellow Dahlia yet raised; the form of the flower is in every way good, and the color bright. It is of the largest size. Height, 5 feet.
GOLDCREST. The brilliant yet beautiful combination of colore in this variety is unequaled by any Dahlia we have seen; the center is pure yellow, forming a disc, the upper half of the floret being bright scarlet. Form slightly incurving. Height, $3^{1 / 2}$ feet.
HAROLD PEERMAN. (Stredwick.) A deep, pure yellow, and one of the most constant free flowering and reliable Dahlias we have yet introduced. The plants, which are of sturdy growth, produce a great number of excellent flowers, which are of large size and unvarying good depth.
H. H. THOMAS. This variety has come to stay, as very few varieties combine so many good qualities. The flowers are of a beautiful formation. Color is of deep Indian red; habit of plant ranks second to none, growth being free and very strong. The petals are long, very much twisted, very slender, completely covering center. The flower is large, and somewhat resembling a globe in shape.
INDOMITABLE. A veritable champion for exhibition, having produced some of the finest bunches shown by us for the past two years. The florets are of the narrowest, exceedingly long, and perfectly incurved, the flowers being of the most graceful style yet seen in the Cactus section. The color is best described as a mauve-lilac, the tips of the florets being of lighter coloring, which greatly beautifies the whole. Height, 3 feet.
IOLANTHE. Undoubtedly a capital Dahlia for any purpose, the plants being of wiry, erect habit and flower with the utmost freedom. The blooms are large and of exceptional depth, a shallow flower being unknown, and the form is evenly though not partic ularly incurved. Color deep coral-red, every developed floret being distinctly tipped with gold.
JOHANNESBURG. A monster, yet a sterling good Cactus, as from early August till frost ended their career, our plants of this continued to produce flowers of surprising size with perfect centers and on long, strong stems. The color is bright gold, which in the sunlight has a glittering golden sheen.
JUPITER. By far the best fancy Cactus yet raised, being thoroughly good right through the season. The formation of the flowers is perfect, being very incurved, the florets narrow and numerous, and the center full and deep. It has three distinct colors, the ground being pink, with distinct yellow base, and the whole striped and splashed with bright crimson.
MARATHON. Center yellow, shading off to rosy carmine, distinctly tipped white. A very large and attractive variety Height, 5 feet.

MRS. MACMILLAN. In color, one of the loveliest; white in center, deepening to a beautiful pink at tips. Height, 4 ft .
MRS. WALTER BAXTER. (West.) This is a grand variety, especially for exhibition. It is large, of the finest quality, and blooms are produced freely. The color is somewhat similar to Nelson, but darker. Height, 4 feet.
NELSON. (West.) Deep, rich crimson, shaded magenta. Flowers of large size and formed of numerous long, twisted and interlacing florets. Height, 4 feet.
QUIMBO. The need of dark flowers in the Cactus section makes this doubly welcome. It is a flower with the narrowest of florets, all of which incurve very similar to the variety H. H. Thomas, Color crimson-maroon. The plants are strong growers, and flower, if anything, too freely, especially later in the season, when a quantity of blooms of the finest Cactus type are produced. Height, about 4 feet.
REV. T. W. JAMIESON. This is one of the best Dahlias we have ever sent out. The blooms are moderately incurved in form and the florets fluted right to the center. The coloring is also of the best, the central younger and unopened petals being yellow, but this quickly changes to lilac-rose; the older florets having edgings of deeper color, and the extreme tips yellow. Height, 4 feet.
REV. ARTHUR BRIDGE. Another grand addition, combining with its first-class exhibition flowers a type of growth and habit which is nearer the ideal than has yet been approached. The coloring is exceedingly beautiful, being a bright, clear yellow, heavily tipped and suffused with bright rose-pink. One of the very best. Height, $3^{5 / 2}$ feet.
RED ADMIRAL. One of the most brilliant Dahlias in existence, the color being a rich, fiery scarlet. Blooms are of largest size, full in center, and of the best possible exhibition type. The plants are free and of upright growth, and produce quantities of large flowers with ease. Very few of our previous introductions have been so generally praised and admired as this, and we have great pleasure in introducing it especially as an exhibition variety. Height, 5 feet.
RUBY GRINSTED. The center is a soft, tinted yellow, which is gradually suffused until it becomes a rich shade of rosy fawn. Blooms large, bold and striking. Height, 4 feet.
SATISFACTION. (Stredwick.) A very beautiful flower of the most incurved type. The florets are long and equally narrow throughout, and when fully developed they incurve and intermingle forming flowers of the most graceful character. Height, 4 feet.
SNOWDON. We have for some years endeavored to raise a really good pure white Cactus, and last year we were able to offer Snowdon, this being a grand flower of the purest possible white. The blooms are large and possess a great quantity of petals, which are long and narrow. Height, 5 feet.
SNOWSTORM. A large, bold white flower of fine form, which is moderately incurved. The plants are dwarf and sturdy, commence flowering very early in the season, and produce large flowers with the utmost prodigality. This variety is perfectly distinct from Snowdon, as from an exhibition standpoint it is probably the better flower of the two. Height, 3 feet.
WELLINGTON. With so many lighter shades now to be seen in Cactus Dahlias, flowers of darker coloring are more than usually welcome, and in this we have a bright glowing crimsonscarlet, with a shade of purple toward the tips of florets. Height, $4^{x / 2}$ feet.

Pot-Plants, May delivery, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per dozen
Pot-Plants, collection of one each of Ten varieties...................................... $\$ 475$
" " " " " "Fifteen varieties.................................. 675
6 . 68 .. " 6 " 6 Twenty-five varieties ........................... 1000


Cactus Dahlia, Master Carl

## POPULAR CACTUS DAHLIAS

The following varieties have been selected from an assortment of over one hundred sorts, and each one of them is of distinct merit. They have been selected not only because they are free bloomers, but are also best where a succession of bloom is wanted, and the amateur will find in these varieties an assortment well worthy of a trial.
Amos Perry. Very bright scarlet, with long, twisted petals.
Bridesmaid. An exquisite variety, pale primrose shading to pink.
Comet. Color silvery rose, lightly speckled and splashed crimson.
Country Girl. Very large, golden yellow, suffused salmon.
Countess of Lonsdale. A pleasing blending of amber and rose.
Earl of Pembroke. Bright plum, deep velvet toward center.
F. H. Chapman. Very fine; shaded light orange.

Floradora. Color a dark velvety crimson; profuse bloomer.
Galliard. The best scarlet-crimson Cactus, flowers very large.
H. F. Robertson. Pure deep yellow, with narrow petals.

Harbor Light. An exquisite variety; orange-red.
Hohenzollern. A rich combination of gold and bronzy orange-red. Ianthe. Yellow on buff ground, edged and tipped pale pink. Kriemhilde. A standard cut-flower variety; delicate pink. Keynes White. A fine pure white; free bloomer. Lyric. Very free; yellow at the base, shading to rich bronze-red.
Master Carl. A popular Dahlia at all shows; of gigantic size, its beautiful orange-salmon color is most attractive.
Mary Farnsworth. Pure yellow, heavily tipped pure white. Mrs. James Mace. Light pink shading to white.
Osprey. Yellow, striped with light scarlet.
Mrs. H. J. Jones. Brigh vermilion, heavily tipped white.
Princess. Very large; rose-pink.
Rosine. A pleasing shade of rose; large; free bloomer.
Siegfried. A beautiful large creamy white, with incurved petals. Uncle Tom. The best black Cactus Dahlia.

25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 18.00$ per 100

## DECORATIVE DAHLIAS SIX SUPERB SORTS

The following six varieties have been chosen from an assortment of over fifty varieties.
GENERAL POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.-Color, pure and distinct; size, very large; stems, very long, flowers borne well above the foliage; form, perfect.
August Nonin. Clear scarlet; a large and superb flower; very pleasing sort. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Delice. This, without doubt, is the finest pink-colored Decorative Dahlia. In form, excellent. In type, the ideal. In coloring, superbly delicate and appeals to the sight at once, being a bright pink suffused with a deeper shade. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Pure white flowers borne erect, stout stems, fully 18 inches long, all above foliage. The immense, perfect flowers can be kept in flower until Thanksgiving. One of the most valuable Dahlias, growing about 30 inches high and not requiring support of any kind. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Jeanne Charmet. A very excellent sort; very large flowers Color carried up and out on very long stems. Cor a shade of pink, deeper at the edges of the petals and a very light shade at the ceater of the flower. A perfect mass of color. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Mme. Victor Vassier. This is the grandest sulphurThe flowers are very large, bold, yellow Dahlia yet introduced. The flowers are very large, bold, free, fine of form; a grand ex
hibition variety. Growing plants May I, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Souvenir de Gustave Douzon. A variety grown very season. An immense flower; color a beautiful orange-red. a past profuse bloomer and an unbeatable exhibition sort. Where care is taken in the cultivation, this variety will easily produce blooms 9 inches across. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
COLLECTION, one each, six varieties. $\$ 250$


## STANDARD DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

Admiral Dewey. Brilliant imperial purple; finest form. Beauty of Brentwood. Very fine; plum striped maroon. Black Beauty. A large, dark, velvety maroon; distinct form. Blue Oban. The nearest approach to blue found in Dahlias. Catherine Duer. Bright iridescent crimson-scarlet.<br>Clifford W. Bruton. Bright golden yellow.<br>Denver. Large; yellow, shading to red toward the tips of the petals.<br>Frank L. Bassett. Bright royal purple, shading to blue.<br>Henry Patrick. A superb pure white variety of large size.<br>Lyndhurst. One of the best bright scarlets.<br>Jack Rose. A rich shade of crimson. Very fine for cutting.<br>John Elitch. Very large, deep crimson, richly shaded.<br>Lord Penn. Color pale lilac. A strong grower and profuse bloomer.<br>Miss Minrie McCullough. Soft yellow overlaid with bronze.<br>Maid of Kent. Cherry-red, tipped white, sometimes a solid color.<br>Mrs. Chas. Turner. Color pure yellow; a strong grower and profuse bloomer of immense size.<br>Mrs. Winters. Very large, finely formed, pure snow-white.<br>Mrs. Keith. Sofl salmon-pink; large and fine.<br>Minos. Velvety maroon; extra fine and free.<br>Sylvia. A superb cut-flower variety; outer edge of petals a soft pink, shading lighter toward the center.<br>25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 18$ per 100<br>COLLECTION. One each, 20 varieties.<br>. $\$ 400$

## PEONY-FLOWERED DAHLIAS

This new type has very promising claim. The flowers are distinct and artistic, and have created a sensation in Europe and America wherever shown. The blooms are borne on robust stems and are of immense size, the plant generally being of erect habit. The following varieties will give you a profusion of bloom during the entire Dahlia season, the colors contained are unique and quite indescribable.
Geisha. The most peculiar color in this class; orange-red with yellow center. paling off toward the ends of the petals, of which there are two or three rows.
Germania. Wine-color, shaded with yellow.
Herzog Heinrich. A bright red, with artistically twisted petals.
King Leopold. Primrose, shading lighter at the base of the petals.
Queen Emma. Rose with salmon shading.
Queen Wilhelmina. Pure white; a grand flower.

$$
50 \text { cts. each, } \$ 5 \text { per doz. }
$$

COLLECTION. One each, 6 varieties
$\$ 2.50$

## NEW SINGLE DAHLIAS

Crimson Century. Deep glowing crimson, shaded darker, tipped rose with rose disc ; very large.
Gorgeous. Very large; brilliant dazzling scarlet, with an occa-
Maroon Century. Rich maroon, shaded plum; vigorous grower, producing blooms well above the foliage.
20th Century. A very popular variety, of perfect form, exwith white tips and disc around a yellow center.
White Perfection. Large pure white; broad reflexed petals. One of the best.
Yellow Century. A clear canary-yellow, producing blooms well above the foliage; flowers very large. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
COLLECTION. One each, 6 varieties
. 125


Show Dahlia, John Walker

## SHOW and FANCY DAHLIAS

Agent. Delicate soft pink; very fine for cutting.
Arabella. One of the loveliest of this section. Primrose, lightly suffused pink, tipped bright rose; free bloomer.
A. Pefferhorn. Rosy crimson; very fine.

Chas. Lanier. Very large; yellow-amber shaded buff.
Crimson Globe. Very large, and round; crimson; full center.
Emily. Shades of lavender and white. Very fine.
John Walker. Pure white; full high center; one of the best.
Lemon Beauty. Very large, full, rounded form ; a beautiful shade of lemon-yellow; very fine as a cut-flower.
Queen Victoria. Deep yellow, finely quilled.
Red Hussar. Intense scarlet-crimson.
Fern-leaved Beauty. White, striped deep crimson; fern-leaved.
Gold Medal. Canary-yellow, splashed with deep red; very large.
Olympia. Flowers of immense size; color a deep rose-pink, striped crimsan.
Professor Mansfield. Flowers very large ; golden yellow, tipped white, sometimes a golden yellow, tipped red.
Progress. A magnificent flower; color a clear soft rosy lake, beautifully penciled and spotted crimson.

25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 18$ per 100
COLLECTION. One each, 15 varieties.

## POMPON DAHLIAS

Allie Mourey. Light pink, tipped deep pink.
Guiding Star. Pure white; a great favorite.
Klein Domitea. Salmon-buff, very profuse.
Little Beauty. Delicate shrimp-pink; quilled petals.
Red Indian. Deep coral red.
Snowclad. Finest pure white Pompon to date. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
COLLECTION. One each, 6 varieties.
 large, of good form and correctly placed on a heavy, straight spike; a beautiful white, with a pale lilac feathering on the inferior petals. The foliage broad and of rich green color, giving an effective setting to this most attractive Gladiolus. Price, 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz., $\$ 25$ per 100.

## NIAGARA

In type, this variety resembles "America," but the flowers appear to be somewhat larger, measuring $4 \frac{1}{2}$ inches across. In color the flowers are a delightful cream shade with the two lower inside petals or segments blending to canaryyellow. The throat is splashed with carmine, and the lower ends of the outside petals are also blushed with carmine. The stamens are purple and the stigmas pale carmine, this little addition in the coloring relieving the creamy effect of the petals. The flower spike is very erect and stout and is wrapped with broad dark green foliage. The variety is evidently destined to lead in the cream-colored varieties, in fact, it would seem to be in a class all by itself. Price, 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz., $\$ 25$ per ioo.

## TEN FINEST GLADIOLI

The following ten varieties of Gladioli have been selected by us after a very careful selection of all existing sorts, and where distinct, large flowers are wanted, and a good range of exquisite colors and shades, we can strongly recommend same.
America. This Gladiolus, which has been exhibited at all the leading exhibiAmerica. tions where it has invariably been an easy winner as the peer of the flesh-pink sorts, needs but little description. It is of vigorous habit, easily grown, long spike, large flowers, well placed, beautiful green foliage that adds an attractiveness to the already alluring and positively beautiful soft lavenderpink color. ioc. each, 75 c . per doz., $\$ 5$ per ioo.
Attraction. Deep, dark, rich crimson with a very conspicuous, large pure white center and throat. A most beautiful and attractive sort. io cts. each, 75 cts . per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100 .
Baron Hulot. Rich, royal violet-blue, one of the finest in its color. When phur King, the contrast is truly exquisite, and it should be in every collection. 15 cts . each, \$1.50 per doz., \$1o per ioo.
Kunderdi "Glory." This beautiful Ruffled Gladiolus is a distinct advance broadly expanded, paired in twos, all face the same direction and are carried on straight, stout stalks, having from three to eight of these handsome flowers open at a time. The color is a delicate creamy pink, with a most attractive crimson spike in the center of each lower petal. 15 cts . each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100 .
Lydia. A fantastic mottling of pinkish white and deep, rich crimson, in some flowers the white predominating, and Each Doz. 100 Ly in others the crimson, no two spikes being exactly alike. A charming variety that can be used for contrasting
with the scarlet and red sorts.......................................................................................................... $\$$
Mrs. Francis King, A very bright, pleasing shade of scarlet. Flowers large, borne on strong, erect
Princeps. (The Amaryllis-flowered Gladiolus.) Considered the best of its color. Wonderful-sized flower, perfect shape, brilliant coloring, and artistic form of flower-spike are each so notably an improvement of all existing varieties. Color is brilliant scarlet-crimson, carrying mostly three broad white blotches on the lower petals. First-size bulbs, i to $I^{1 / 2}$ inches......................................................................................................
Rosy Spray. Beautiful large flower of good habit; white, exquisitely sprayed rose; one of the best; magnificent,
Sulphur King. For size of flower and keeping qualities, this Gladiolus is considered as being the best of the , yellows. A few blooms cut and arranged in vases in combination with Baron Hulot will prove
most effective...............................................................................................................................................................
Wild Rose. A remarkable variety and one that will gain prestige as it is known, as it ranks with the very best.
strongly pronounced

## Standard Named Gladioli

Gladioli have enjoyed increasing popularity each succeeding year due to the fact that they are among the most charming subjects for the summer garden. Their long spikes of flowers are a perfect charm to the garden, and as a cut-flower their value can not be overestimated. The amateur will find them of easy cultivation, doing well in almost any situation, and a succession of blooms may be had from July until late fall by planting the bulbs at intervals of every two weeks, from April 15 to June 15 . Cultivate the ground around bulbs occasionally to avoid becoming hard or cakey. Plant 3 to 5 inches deep and 1 to 2 feet apart.
Augusta. Best white for the amateur to grow. Pure white, throat slightly tinted Brenchleyensis. Clear vermilion-scarlet, one of the most showy and satisContrast Flowers of great substance and a beautiful compact spike of perfect which is neither form. Color intense scarlet with large, distinct, pure white center, which is neither tinted nor mottled. One of the most striking and beautiful Gladioli ever introduced. 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per 100 .
Corsaire. Compact spike, large flowers of a very intense dark and velvety scar. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100
Eugene Scribe. Very large and wide; tender rose blazed carmine-red. io Ets. each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Lemon Drop. Light lemon color with a bright yellow throat. 10 cts each, Dr. Hogg. 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Dr. Hogd. This variety is one that should be more generally grown. The color in every collection of delicate mauve, suffused with mauve, center white. Should be
May. Pure white; delicately flaked rosy crimson and a very excellent sort for - early flowering. 5 cts . each, 50 cts . per dozen, $\$ 3.50$ per ioo.

Octoroon. A beautiful shade of salmon-pink; flower large and borne on strong, erect spikes. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Shakespeare. White, very slightly suffused with carmine-rose, large rosy blotch.
Two bulbs each of foregoing 10 varieties ( $\mathbf{2 0}$ bulbs) for $\$ 1$

## Giant-Flowered

In this class of Gladioli we have listed a variety of colors from the Childsii types; all of which are noted for their vigorous growth; large flowers and profuse bloomer. Blanche. Large pure white flowers with but faint markings. Medium height. Clane. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100.
Compacta. Large flower, very compact; wide spike, rosy blush, slightly , striped and mottled pink. Quite distinct, and very handsome. I5c. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per roo.
F. L. Oakley. Bright salmon tinged scarlet, with a pure white center. Very Dr. Sellew. Deep rich rosy crimson, slightly penciled darker. Center of petals Spot. Beautiful white, freely spotted and mottled rose. A very excellent variety, Spot. of good habit. 10 cts . each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100.
Irene. Fine large flower and stalk; color a fine shade of pink freely flaked with Mrs. Beecher. Beautiful deep rosy crimson. Large well-opened flowers, with pure white throat freely marked and spotted. 15 cts . each, \$r.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Nezinscott. Bright blood-scarlet, with deep velvety crimson-black blotches
Portland. Rosy red pencilled darker, mottled throat; a very striking variety. Portland. ro cts. each, \$1 per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
$\mathbf{W m}$. Falconer. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spikes of great length and flowers of enormous size, beauti- } \\ & \text { ful ciear light pink and blush mottled. } 10 \text { tots. each, } 85 \text { cts. }\end{aligned}$
per doz., \$7 per 100 .
Two bulbs each of foregoing 10 varieties ( 20 bulbs) for $\$ 1$


America Gladioli

## Gladioli Mixtures

Brookside Trial Grounds.
This mixture is composed of very choice varieties and represents a good many of the varieties listed in our catalogue. Bulbs of fine selected size and where an assortment of various types and colors are desired we strongly recommend same. 35 cts . per doz., $\$ 2.5^{\circ}$ per 100, $\$ 20$ per 1,000 .
AMERICAN HYBRIDS. All colors mixed. 35 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100, \$15 per I,000.
CHILDSII. Mixture of large-flowering sorts. 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3.50$ per 100, $\$ 30$ per 1,000 .

LEMOINE'S EXTRA-FINE MIXED. This mixture is composed of almost all known shades of a distinct and pleasing type. 50 cts. per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100, $\$ 25$ per 1,000.

## Various Shades

YELLOW and ORANGE SHADES. 75c. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100. SCARLET and RED. 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3.50$ per 100.
WHITE and LIGHT. 60 cts . per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## HARDY LILIES

We especially recommend deep planting, say, from 6 to 10 inches; varieties like Speciosums require at least 10 inches, with an ample amount of sand beneath the bulb to insure proper drainage. Cover the beds with leaves or litter during winter. Lilies thrive well in borders, formal gardens or shrubbery, and usually flower at a time when the shrubbery has ceased blooming, adding increased interest. The following varieties have proven to be sorts that may be planted in the fall or spring time with excellent results. Lilium candidum, listed on the following page, should be planted in September in order to obtain a fall growth, which is essential to perfect blooms the following summer.

## Four Grand Lilies

Auratum. (Golden-rayed Lily of Japan.) studded with The flowers are pure white, thickly minon spots, while through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band. Fully expanded, the flowers measure nearly a foot across, are produced abundantly from June to October, and possess a most delicious fragrance. 3 to 5 feet.


Speciosum. Undoubtedly the most popular of all the hardy varieties. The sturdy habit and free-blooming qualities have increased the demand yearly. They are frequently planted among rhododendrons, as well as in borders and beds; blooming continuously from August to November.

Album. Pure white. Each Doz. 100 8- to 9 -inch bulbs.......... \$0 I5 \$I 50 \$1200
9- to II-inch bulbs.......... 252502000
II- to 13 -inch bulbs.......... $50 \quad 500 \quad 3500$
Melpomene. Crimson.
8- to 9-inch bulbs.........
9- to II-inch bulbs.
I- to 13 -inch bulbs.
Rubrum. White, spotted rose.
8- to 9 -inch bulbs..........
9- to II-inch bulbs.......... $\quad 15$ I 50 10 00
II- to I3-inch bulbs............. $30 \quad 3 \begin{array}{lllll}20 & 25 & 25 & 00\end{array}$

## OTHER HARDY LILIES

Batemanii. A truly charming Japanese variety,
growing 3 feet high, with 6 to 8 apricot-colored Each Doz. 100 flowers on a stem. Blooms in July and August. \$0 $25 \quad \$ 250 \$ 1800$ Canadense (Canadian Bellflower Lily). One of the most beautiful native Lilies; flowers bright yellow, black spots.
Elegans. Color ranges from yellow to orangecrimson, usually with black spots. Blooming season is July and August, producing fine effect when massed in shrubbery and for naturalizing in woods. They attain the height of about 2 feet and produce from 6 to 10 flowers to a single stem.
Elegans bicolor. Bright red, flushed, very showy and large
Elegans, Painted Chief. Bright flame color. Elegans Aurora. Deep, rich orange, suffused scarlet
Elegans, Leonard Jeorg. Rich apricot, spotted; very fine
(The Yellow Speciosum.) A new

## Henryii.

 northern China. The plants are of vigorous growth, frequently attaining the height of 6 feet. This Lily is noted for its graceful habit and is an unusually excellent bloomer. Color rich golden yellow, lightly spotted with brown, and in shape guite resembles the Speciosum types.Longiflorum. Large, trumpet-shaped blooms of pure white.
$\qquad$
$15 \quad 125 \quad 900$
$\qquad$

| 15 | 1 | 50 | 12 | 00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20 | 200 | 15 | 00 |  |
| 25 | 2 | 50 | 16 | 00 |
| 20 | 2 | 00 | 15 | 00 |

$10 \quad 100 \quad 700$
$15 \quad 1501200$


Lilium auratum (Golden-rayed Lily of Japan)
Hansonii. Under favorable conditions at-Each Doz. 100 Flowers red. tains a height of 3 to 4 feet. Fluster: petalsh orange, eight to twelve in a Japan and has always been high in price, but we have a stock of strong, home-grown bulbs that will give splendid satisfaction.

$\$ 0 \quad 50 \quad \$ 500 \$ 4000$

Superbum. In a collection of best plants of all countries, our native Superbum Lily would deserve a first place. In deep, rich soil it often grows 8 feet high, with twenty to thirty flowers. It is of the easiest culture, and may be grown as a wild flower in any swampy or rough part of a place where the grass is not mown. Extra selected bulbs.
Tenuifolium. The lovely Coral Lily of Siberia. A great beauty. The brightest of all Lilies. Grows 20 inches high, with finely cut foliage, slender stems and beautiful shaded flowers of a coral-red. One ought to grow them by the dozen, they are so fine for cutting, and making clumps for the lawn. Blooms very early.
Tigrinum flore pleno. The Double Tiger Lily. The only double Tiger Lily worth growing ....
Tigrinum splendens. Improved Single Tiger Lily. 8- to ro-inch bulbs $\qquad$
Umbellatum. Somewhat similar in habit to Elegans varieties; flowering in large clusters and range in all shades from orange to deep scarlet. Mixed colors...................................
Wallacei. Orange-scarlet, spotted with maroon. 3 ft . September-blooming
$15 \quad$ I $50 \quad 1000$
$15 \quad 150 \quad 1000$

15 : $25 \quad 800$
$15 \quad 150 \quad 1200$
$15125 \quad 800$
$10100 \quad 700$

## LILY BULBS AND



Russian Lily-of-the-Valley Pips

## FROM COLD STORAGE

The following Lilies are repacked (on arrival) and put in cold storage for the convenience of our patrons who desire to have Lilies in bloom throughout the year. Lilium longiflorum giganteum are extensively forced by the florist trade all the year, and can be forced in bloom in four months. Lilium speciosum four to six months. The main point in the culture of Lilies from cold storage is to keep bulbs in a cool place or cellar, after potting, so as to produce the greatest root action before bringing to the light.
LILIUM LONGIFLORUM GIGANTEUM. The Doz.
100
best all-round Longiflorum to force from cold storage.
9- to ir-inch bulbs repacked ioo to case .......... \$3 50 \$25 0
LILIUM AURATUM (Golden-rayed Lily of Japan).
The flowers are pure white, thickly studded with crimson spots.

> 9- to II-inch repacked, 125 to case..................... $300 \quad 20$ oo
> II- to I3-inch repacked, 75 to case.................. 400 30 300

LILIUM SPECIOSUM ALBUM. Beautiful pure white.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 9- to } 11 \text {-inch bulbs repacked ioo to case........... } 350 \quad 2500 \\
& \text { II- to I3-inch bulbs repacked } 75 \text { to case............ } 5003500
\end{aligned}
$$

LILIUM SPECIOSUM MELPOMENE. Rich
crimson, and very excellent variety for forcing either for Thanksgiving or Christmas.

9 - to ri-inch bulbs repacked roo to case........... $300 \quad 2000$
II- to 13 -inch bulbs repacked 75 to case............. 4 o 3000

LILIUM SPECIOSUM RUBRUM. White ground,
suffused and spotted deep pink; a popular and easily forced variety. 9 - to 1 -inch bulbs repacked 100 to case........... $300 \quad 2000$
II- to 13 -inch bulbs repacked 75 to case ........... $400 \quad 3000$

## Russian Lily-of-the-Valley Pips FROM COLD STORAGE

## THE FINEST VALLEY PIPS OFFERED

In judging our price of Cold-Storage Russian Lily-of-the-Valley, please remember that the best is the cheapest. Our Valley is positively among the best. Is bought at open prices, with instructions for a selection of the best-developed pips. Our long experience and large importations have commanded this extra selection. Introduced a few years ago, it has now become famous, being forced very extensively by a large number of celebrated Lily-of-the-Valley growers. The Russian Valley produces strong spikes of flowers, about 15 inches in height, bearing from I2 to 20 extra-large pure white bells, which are delightfully fragrant. We make a specialty of Lily-of-the-Valley, and are prepared at all times to supply from our cold storage warehouse in original cases of

| 100 S. \& W. Co.'s |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Famous Russian Valley <br> for $\$ 3$ | 250 S. \& W. Co.'s <br> Famous Russian Valley <br> for $\$ 6.50$ | 500 S. \& W. Co.'s <br> Famous Russian Valley <br> for $\$ 12$ | 1,000 S. \& W. Co.'s <br> Famous Russian Valley <br> for $\$ 22$ | 2,000 S. \& W. Co.'s <br> Famous Russian Valley <br> for $\$ 40$ |

## LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY CLUMPS FOR OUTDOOR PLANTING

These clumps, planted in the early spring, will flower the same season. Are perfectly hardy, and will last forever when once planted. Each clump will produce from 25 to 35 sprays of flowers. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz., $\$ 25$ per 100 .


Caladium esculentum (Elephant's Ear)

## GENERAL LIST of BULBS and PLANTS

## FOR GARDEN, GREENHOUSE AND CONSERVATORY

NURSERY. Our stock of Hardy Herbaceous Plants, Shrubs, Trees and Evergreens is quite complete, and we constantly supply NURERI. Plants, Shrubs and Trees to the Best Country Estates, as well as the Suburban Homes. We shall at all times be pleased to correspond with persons intending to make improvements on the grounds of their homes, and will cheerfully submit estimates of stock desired, or be pleased to make suggestions for the proper embellishment of grounds or gardens.
Bulbs and Plants by Express. We do not deliver plants or bulbs free by express, the purchaser paying the charges, which are, strongly urge this method of transportation, as it enables us not only to give better values in the form of larger and finer plants and bulbs, but we also always add liberal "extras" to help defray charges, and, unless inscructed to the contrary, all orders are formarded by express.

ANEMONE. None of the spring flowers surpass the Anemone for brilliancy of color or profusion of

Coronaria. Single blue, crimson, white and scarlet. 25 cts. per doz., \$1. 75 per ioo.
French De Caen. Mixed. 25 cts. per doz., $\$ 1.75$ per 100.

AMARYLLIS.All the varieties in this list are of the easiest culture; the great secret being to give them alternately a season of growth and one of rest. To do this well, the plants should be abundantly supplied with water and heat, and placed near the glass when they are coming into flower, and water should be withheld from them gradually when they have ceased flowering, when they should be laid away in a dry, cool place. The soil suitable for their culture is a rich loam, one-fourth part of wellrotted manure and a slight proportion of sand.

## If ordered by mail, add 5 cts. each for postage

Belladonna Major. Large violet and white. 15 cts . each, \$1.50 per doz.
Equestris (The Barbadoes Lily). Bright orange-scarlet, with white throat. 20 cts , each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Formosissima (Jacobæan Lily). Brilliant scarlet. 15 cts. each, \$x. 50 per doz.
Johnsonii. Crimson, striped with white. 25 cts , each, $\$ 3$ per doz.
Defiance. Carmine-red, bars white, running through petals. \$I each, \$ro per doz
Vittata. White, red-striped. 60 cts , each, $\$ 7$ per doz.
APIOS TUBEROSA
(Tuberous-rooted Wistaria).
Clusters of rich, deep purple flowers, which have a strong, delicious violet fragrance. Tubers io cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per ioo.

## CALADIUM ESCULENTUM

## Elephant's Ear

One of the most effective plants in cultivation for beds, borders or for planting out upon the lawn. Very frequently used as border plant about suburban residences, where their large rich green leaves afford an excellent embellishment when contrasted with the colors of the dwellings. Leaves often measure 3 to 4 feet long and $21 / 2$ feet wide.

Each Doz. 100


## BESSERA ELEGANS

## Coral Drops

If stored during winter in a dry place and planted in the garden in the spring, it can be grown with perfect ease; its umbels of bright coral-like flowers open in succession during fully two months of the late summer. The flowers are of vermilion-red, variously marked with white on the inner surface; bright purple anthers. Height I to 2 feet. 5 cts. each, 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100.

## CINNAMON VINE

## Dioscorea Batatas

A beautiful rapid-growing summer climber, with bright green glossy foliage, and spikes of deliciously cinnamon-scented white flowers. It is periectly hardy, the stem dying down in winter but growing with great rapidity in the spring, so as to cover any trellis or arbor very early in the season. Large select ronts. Ioc. each, \$r per doz., $\$ 7$ per ion. Mammoth roots, 25 c . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per ioo.


Bed of S. \& W. Co.'s Tuberous-Rooted Begonias

## Tuberous-Rooted Begonias

We are headquarters for Tuberous-Rooted Begonias; our stock being strictly selected bulbs of the highest possible quality. The opportunities offered by Tuberous-Rooted Begonias for the embellishment of the shady spots in every garden should specially suggest their use, and where grown as a pot-plant for greenhouse or conservatory decoration they are truly a most worthy subject. Thousands are annually planted in beds in our public squares and parks, as well as used for borders of beds. They will thrive in the open sunlight if care is taken to see that the soil is kept moderately moist. May be started indoors in February or planted out in dormant state in early May.

CULTURE.-A popular method of culture adopted by most amateurs is to provide a pan or box, and cover bottom surface to the depth of say one inch or two with sphagnum moss, placing the bulb immediately on top and then covering with still another layer of sphagnum moss. They should be kept moist and moderately warm. Plant in pots in a light but finely sifted soil, about one inch below the surface, and water cautiously until plant has shown considerable growth, then increase the amount. Good drainage is essential. A finely developed plant might consist of three bulbs planted in a 7 -inch pot.

## ERECT TYPE

## (Large Bulbs $11 / 2$-inch and up)

 SINGLE-FLOWERING BEGONIASThis class of the Tuberous-Rooted Begonias are largely used for bed- or border-planting.

| White | Pink | Dark Red |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yellow | Rose | Salmon |
| Nankeen | Red | Orange |

5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100
Select mizture of all sorts, equal proportions, 5 cts . each, 40 cts . per doz., $\$ 3.50$ per 100

## DOUBLE-FLOWERING BEGONIAS

This class of Tuberous-Rooted Begonias are largely used for potculture and are graded the same as our Single-Flowering varieties.

| White | Pink | Dark Red |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yellow | Rose | Salmon |
| Nankeen | Red | Orange |

10 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100
Select mixture of all sorts, equal proportions, 10 cts . each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100

## Giant-Flowering Fringed Begonias MONSTER BULBS

Beautiful giant blooms, with elegantly fringed edges, giving the flowers a most graceful appearance.

| Orange | Red | Wellow |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Roses | White | Salmon |
| Named kinds, 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ | per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100 |  |
| Special mixed, | 15 cts . | each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz, $\$ 12$ per 100 |

## Four Beautiful Bedding Begonias

The following four beautiful double hybrid Tuberous-Rooted Begonias have stood the firm test as bedding varieties, and their popularity continues undiminished and might easily be termed The Four Best Giant Continuous-Blooming Begonias. They have all the characteristics of a most desirable Begonia. Most desirable for partially shaded places in the garden where they keep up a continuous show of their gorgeous flowers all summer. Dwarf habit-about Io inches, free bloomers, with flowers of gigantic size borne on strong spikes well above foliage.

## Duke Zeppelin. <br> Intense pure vermilion-scarlet. This variety has been grown very extensively as a

 pot plant in greenhouses, and when contrasted with that of Kathleen Mallard Lobelia the effect produced is most charming; as a border in the garden it will also prove effective. I5 cts, each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., \$12 per 100 .New Yellow Zeppelin. This variety resembles Duke tinctly new. A strong grower; color clear canary-yellow and a very valuable addition to this already famous type. As a pot-plant this variety should be grown, as it contrasts well with Duke Zeppelin and Lafayette. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz., $\$ 25$ per 100.
Lafayette. Beautiful rich crimson-scarlet. This variety is of tainly a good companion to the two preceding varieties, Duke Zeppelin and New Yellow Zeppelin. 20 cts . each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.
Worthiana. This is a dwarf variety of Begonia Bertini, out last year. It is excellent and very free-flowering, which we sent out last year. It is a continuous bloomer, and the brifliat red flowers are borne in great profusion. It will make an excellent bedding variety. and will also be found very useful for edging, and in time will supersede the Vernon and other Semperflorens varieties. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 12$ per 100 .

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## NOVELTY GLOXINIAS

This is perhaps one of the handsomest of summer-blooming tuberous-rooted plants and should be grown more by the amateur than it has been. As a pot-plant for the window-garden it is grand. The main points to observe are, proper care in watering, see that the drainage is good, and that the soil is properly mixed. The soil should consist of one part loam, one of leaf-mold, and one part sharp sand. Water regularly and be careful not to have it strike the foliage. Use a can with a small spout that can be thrust into the foliage without injury and deliver water at the base of the plants. Endeavor to keep soil evenly moist and do not permit to become heavy like mud by tooexcessive use of water. A fine sprinkling of bone meal occasionally gently pressed into the soil around the plant will make the plant grow luxuriantly and the flowers will be larger and of greater substance. The crested or frilled varieties do not make so large a bulb as the standard varieties, but are much superior as regards size of flower and freedom of bloom. The following varieties have proven from our trials to be of unusual merit :

## NEW FRILLED SORTS



New Frilled Gloxinia

Waterloo. This is the handsomest and most striking deep purple, exquisitely frilled brought out. The flowers are purple, exquisitely frilled, bordered brilliant carmine; borne on strong, erect stems, with excellent recurved foliage.
Meteor. A brilliant variety that is not easily described. A beautiful fiery carmine-scarlet finely edged pure white, heavy frilled and solid flower. As an exhibition variety, this is bound to be much in demand.
Nixe. This variety varies somewhat in the color of its beauNixe. tiful broad borders. It is a beautiful white; some have a most exquisite deep broad blue border, while others have the rose. The habit of the plant is all that is to be desired. The blooms are large and are borne very profusely on strong, erect stems well above the foliage.
Marienthaler. A most excellent crimson, bordered deli-large-flowering variety. cate rose, very handsome and attractive Zeppelin. Brilliant carmine; large, beautiful, fringed and frilled; quite distinct from any of the standard sorts. 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per 100

## STANDARD SORTS

The following eleven varieties have been selected from a list of greater length and are the best varieties of the standard named EMPSEROR FREDERICK. Red, bordered white.
EMPEROR WILLIAM. Violet, bordered white.
PRINCESS ELIZABETH.
White, bordered blue.
MONT BLANC. Pure white. VIOLACEA. Dark violet.
MADAME HELENE. White, crowned violet.

## FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUMS

No other summer-foliage plant equals the Fancy Caladium in rich and gorgeous, yet soft coloring. All of the varieties are of marvelous beauty for the furnishing of the conservatory during the summer months, for window-boxes or even for outdoor bedding in shady or semi-shady positions. They are of easy culture. The soil should be rich and light; a mixture of equal parts of loam, leaf-mold and thoroughly decomposed stable manure suits them best. The bulbs should be covered with about an inch of soil. Care must be taken in watering until active growth commences, when they delight in a liberal supply, but at all times providing them free drainage. In the autumn, when they show signs of resting, water must be withheld, and the pots containing the roots may be stored in a dry place where the temperature will not fall below 60 degrees.
Acary. Violet-red center and ribs, creamy white zone and large scarlet spots; border green.
Alfred Bleu. White spots on flesh center ; rich green ground.
Alphonse Karr. Green ground, carmine-lake ribs; deep red spots. Araras. Rosy white ground, with dark green ribs and veins.
Bicolor Splendens. Center deep red, border bright green.
Bilontra. Bluish violet center, lighter zone, green border.
Candidum. White ground, with strongly-marked green ribs
Chantini. Red ground, with white spots and green margin. Euterpe. Center and ribs red, border green, spotted white. Dr. Boisduval. Red center, pink spots and green border.
Dr. J. Singeimann. A strong-growing white.
Fascination. Pink center, bronzy red zone, green border.
Formiga. Transparent rose, dark green ribs.
Gaze de Paris. Transparent white, veined green.
Itaqui. Pale rosy ground, red ribs, black stems.

Lepeschkinei. Glowing red center and rosy red spots on a green margin.
Mme. Alfred Bleu Major. Large, round, white leaves, shaded rose. Veins and nerves reddish rose and green.
Porto Novo. Deep green with greenish white center, crimson ribs and spots.
Petsch Kani. Deep red center, green border.
Rio Claro. Transparent, rosy white, with cerise ribs and green border with white spots.
Roncador. Deep glossy green foliage, with almost black ribs and old-rose markings.
Splendidum. Deep crimson center with bronzy green border.
Thomar. Green, spotted deep red, suffused with pink.
Virginale. White with green spots.
Wightii. Green ground, spotted red and white.
set of twenty-five varieties, $\$ 4$

## CALLAS (Richardia)

The varieties offered below succeed best when treated in the same manner as gladioli, tuberoses and other summer-flowering bulbs. They should be planted in the open border in a dormant condition when danger from frost is over in spring, and will then flower during the summer months. When the tops are killed by frost in the autumn, dig and store through the winter as you would potatoes.
Golden Yellow (Richardia Elliottiana). This is the best of the Yellow Callas, its flowers being as large as the popular white winter-flowering variety, and is of a rich, lustrous golden yellow of velvety texture ; the foliage is dark green, with a number of translucent creamy white spots, which add much to its beauty. Strong bulbs 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Spotted Leaf (Richardia albo-maculata). The leaves of this variety are deep green, with numerous white spots, which give the plant a very ornamental appearance. The flowers are white, with a black center. Io cts. each, $\$ \mathrm{I}$ per doz.

## DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS

## Bleeding Heart

A well-known ornamental spring-flowering plant with green foliage, and bearing racemes of pink-and-white heart-shaped flowers. Plant as soon as the ground can be worked. They may be left undisturbed for years. By express only. Extra-large clumps, 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per 100 .


## LYCORIS SQUAMIGERA <br> Amaryllis Halli <br> The Magic Lily of Japan

A perfectly hardy Amaryllis bearing beautiful pink flowers. Produces in early spring attractive green foliage which grows until July, when it ripens off and disappears, and any one not familiar with its habits would think the bulb had died; but about a month later, as if by magic, the flower-stalks spring from the ground to a height of 2 or 3 feet, developing an umbel of large and beautiful lily-shaped flowers 3 to 4 inches across and from 8 to 12 in number, of a delicate lilac-pink, shaded with clear blue. As the bulb is perfectly hardy without any protection, it can be planted either in the fall or spring but we consider the spring the best time as the bulbs will have splendid chance to get established before flowering time. Cover the crowns about 4 inches. As a subject for the hardy border or for planting among shrubbery, this is a most excellent subject and should be more generally grown. Strong flowering bulbs, 35 cts . each, 3 for $\$ 1, \$ 3.50$ per doz., $\$ 25$ per ioo.

## MADEIRA VINE Climbing Mignonette

## GIANT SUMMER HYACINTH

## Hyacinthus candicans

Luxuriant, free-growing summerflowering plant; spreads 2 or 3 feet, throwing up great, tall spikes 4 to 5 feet in height, each bearing 20 to 30 large white bell-shaped flowers; of the easiest culture and fine for groups. 5 cts. each, 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100 . If ordered by mail, add io cts. per doz. for postage.

## OXALIS

## (Summer-

 flowering)Valuable for edging walks, flower beds, etc. Bulbs planted 3 inches apart form rounded rows of delicate foliage, about I foot high, which produce flowers in endless succession Lasiandra. Rosy pink. Extra-fine, large flowers. 25 cts per doz., \$2 per 100.
Deppei. Pink-flushed lavender and crimson. 25 cts. per doz., $\$ 2$ per 100.

## THE GREAT ISMENE

Those who are familiar with the true Giant Ismene cannot say enough in praise of its beauty and purity. The flowers are of a very large size, like an Amaryllis, of novel form and snowy whiteness, and are also exceedingly fragrant. It is really one of the most lovely of all the great Amaryllis tribe, having a peculiar grandeur, which one can appreciate at sight, but cannot describe. Bulbs are large and strong and begin to flower in two or three weeks after planting, sending up tall flower-stems, which bear several of its magnificent blossoms. The bulbs are not hardy, and should be taken up in the fall and stored in a suitable place until spring. Splendid pot-plants for the home. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

A beantiful and popular vine covering a
A beautiful and popular vine, covering a large space in a short time. Fleshy heart-shaped leaves of a light green, and numerous racemes of feathery flowers of delicious fragrance. Protect with litter in this latitude. 5 cts, each, 40 cts. per doz.; by mail, io cts. per doz. extra.


## MILLA BIFLORA

Mexican Star Flower
A beautiful summer-blooming bulb, for sunny positions A row or bed of them is always in flower after the middle of summer and very attractive. Flowers starshaped, I $^{1 / 2}$ inches across, clear waxy white, of great substance, enlivened by a frost-like sparkle; the fragrance is delightful. Place a stalk in water and the flowers will all open; we have seen eleven stalks shoot up successively from one bulb. The bulbs flower profusely and with great certainty. Height 12 to 18 inches. 5 cts. each, 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100.

## EREMURUS ROBUSTUS

A noble and rare bulbous plant from Turkestan, and one of the choicest subjects for the permanent hardy border. They thrive best in a well-drained, sheltered sunny position, and prefer a deep, sandy loam to which has been added a liberal quantity of well-rotted cow manure. A covering of 4 or 5 inches of leaves or litter will be beneficial and save the young shoots, which


Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart) start early, and are liable to be damaged by late frosts. It produces immense flower stems, 6 to to feet high, bearing a dense raceme of flesh-pink flowers, each nearly 2 inches across. Extra-strong flowering roots. 75 cts , each, $\$ 6$ per doz. Hîmalaicus. Another noble variety, 4 to 8 feet high, from the temperate Himalayan mountains. Bears a splendid raceme, nearly 2 feet long, of lovely pure white flowers as large as a fifty-cent piece. This is perhaps the hardiest and easiest grown of this magnificent genus. Strong-flowering roots, 75 cts. each, $\$ 6$ per doz.

> If you grow Lily-of-the-Valley, why not try our Russian Brand?


Montbretia Germania

## MONTBRETIAS

The Montbretias are one of the brightest of our summer-flowering bulbs, and deserve to be planted extensively. The bulb should be set out during April or May, 3 to 6 inches apart, in clumps of a dozen or more. They should be protected during the winter with a heavy covering of leaves or litter.
Giant Montbretia, Germania. Grows from 3 to 4 feet high, producing graceful, free-branching flower-spikes, bearing very large, widely expanded flowers 2 to 3 inches across. The color is a rich, glowing orange-scarlet, with red throat. 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., $\$ 2.75$ per 100, $\$ 25$ per 1,000 .
Giant Montbretia, George Davison. Variety of great merit and a splendid Montbretia. The stems are 3 feet high, eight- to ten-branched, bearing lovely pale orangeyellow flowers 3 inches across, widely expanded and tinted deeper orange externally. It is among the first to flower. Strongly recommended. io cts. each, $\$ \mathrm{r}$ per doz., $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
Giant Montbretia, Martagon. Deep orange, with brownish center, reflexed petals; very beautiful. 5 cts. each, 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100.

## THREE GOOD STANDARD SORTS

California. A beautiful deep golden yellow very recommendable, and a profuse bloomer. 25 cts. per doz., $\$ 1.75$ per 100, $\$ 15$ per I,000, express prepaid.
Star of Fire. Bright vermilion, center yellow, outside blood-red. 25 cts . per doz., $\$ 1.75$ per 100, $\$ 15$ per 1,000 , express prepaid.
Sunset. Golden yellow. 15 cts . per doz., $\$ 1$ per $100, \$ 7.50$ per 1,000 .

## PANCRATIUM (Spider Lily)

This grand Spider Lily forms large imposing clumps, that are a mass of clustered heads of pure white, fragrant flowers. The flowers have a peculiar and striking beauty, which must be seen to be appreciated. The flowers are borne in large clusters, are of waxy whiteness and unsurpassed fragrance. Fine flowering bulbs, 15 cts , each, $\$ 1.50$ per cloz.

## TRILLIUM GRANDIFLORUM

## Great American Wood Lily

This one of the most beautiful American plants, perfectly hardy, growing and flowering profusely in partially shaded nooks about the lawn, under trees, etc. The flowers are large, of the finest white, changing in a few days to soft rose; if grown several in a pot, it makes one of the best white winter flowers. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100 .

## TIGRIDIAS (Tiger, or Shell Flower)

These gorgeous summer-flowering bulbs look well associated with gladioli, lilies and kindred stock; grow about $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2}$ feet high and flower freely throughout the summer. They require the same treatment as gladioli and should be lifted in the autumn and dried off in the same way.

، grandiflora alba. White ..................................................................... io 75 . 500
66 pavonia red. Deep red $\qquad$
6 6s Canariensis. Light yellow o

66 speciosa. Scarlet-red IO

66 6t speciosa. Scarlet-red...................................................................... IO
66 66 Iilacea. Reddish lilac
Above prices, express prepaid

## TUBEROSES

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the summer-flowering bulbs. By skilful management a succession of flowers may be obtained all the year round. For early flowers they can be started in February or March in the greenhouse or hotbed; and for a succession they can be planted at intervals as late as July. For flowering in the open border, plant about the middle of May, or as soon as the ground becomes warm.
Excelsior Double Pearl. First size, 5 cts. each, 35 cts. per doz., $\$ 2$ per 100. Mammoth bulbs, io cts. each, 60 cts . per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100, express prepaid.
Armstrong's. The single everblooming Tuberose. 50 cts . per doz., $\$ 3.50$ per 1oo.
Complete list of New and Rare varieties of Carnations and Chrysanthemums furnished
on request


Tuberose

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING PLANTS

## CARNATIONS

Carnations listed below are strong plants from 3 -inch pots, delivery to be made in May, when they can be immediately planted in the garden, 12 inches each way, and kept well cultivated until they begin to bloom, when a light mulch of strawy manure will be beneficial, to retain moisture in the soil and help nourish the plants.

Plants so treated should begin to flower in July and continue to produce an abundance of flowers until killed by frost. For winter-flowering, the same cultural notes apply, with the exception that they can be planted somewhat closer in the garden, and flower-shoots kept pinched back until about the middle of August, when they should be planted on benches in the greenhouse for the season's crop of flowers. Any good, fresh soil, moderately enriched, will grow them. Plant 9 to 12 inches apart, according to the size of the plants. The same night temperature that is required for the little plants before planting out, will make good flowers, with fifteen to twenty degrees higher and plenty of fresh air during bright days; water only sufficienty to keep plants from wilting.

## Ten Best Garden Varieties

AFTERGLOW. A fine, large, cerise-pink.
BEACON. A deep crimson; a very large and profuse bloomer.
WINONA. Beautiful pink.
ENCHANTRESS. Exquisite, delicate pink.
HALLOWARDEN. Glowing crimson.
ROSE PINK ENCHANTRESS. Rose-pink.
RUBY. A large, deep crimson
WHITE ENCHANTRESS. A very free and beautiful white.
WHITE PERFECTION. The best white.
WINDSOR. Finest silvery pink.
Selected 3 -inch pot plants, 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100, express prepaid
COLLECTION. One each, 10 varieties


Enchantress Carnation

## SIX CARNATIONS OF STERLING MERIT

The following six varieties might well be considered as the cream of this and last year's introductions, a number of which will supersede existing popular varieties, both for the private or commercial grower.

Wodenethe (White Beauty). The white you have been more talked of or so closely watched as this, our chief introduction for this season of 1912. It has been called by experts the most perfect Carnation ever raised. The flowers are very large, running from 4 to $4^{3 / 2}$ inches of absolutely perfect form, delightfully fragrant, and the calyx positively does not split. It is a seedling, now in its fifth year, and has not been unduly forced, consequently the habit is very vigorous and its constitution is unimpaired. This variety has never failed to draw forth warmest praise wherever it has been exhibited. It has easily beaten every variety with which it has been in competition. Rooted cuttings, $\$ 3$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Christmas Cheer. This dwarf Carnation makes a splendid success after the chrysanthemums are cut and thrown out, in time for Christmas. The color is the ideal Christmas-red and, while the flowers are not large, it will pay any grower to handle this just for Christmas flowers alone. Rooted cuttings, $\$$ r. 50 per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100.

Dorothy Gordon. A seedling of Lawson on Enchantress, and a trifle darker than Pink Enchantress. Vigorous, free from disease, large and a very profuse bloomer. Rooted cuttings, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100 .
Gloriosa. An attractive and pleasing shade of pure light pink. Glos. It is darker than Pink Delight, without the salmon cast and the color is distinct from any pink variety in commerce. Rooted cuttings, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$$ io per ioo.
Princess Charming. This is one of the finest-keeping Carnations ever introduced. It will travel for days without getting sleepy. In color it resembles Enchantress very much, running a shade deeper in the winter time. Rooted cuttings, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per roo.
Scarlet Glow. The color, an exceptional bright scarlet, bloom; growth much on the order of Beacon, makes large, wellshaped plants with a long, narrow leaf; stems long, straight and stiff. Rooted cuttings, \$1.50 per doz., \$1o per 100.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS <br> SEVERAL 1911 FAVORITES

Mrs. David Syme. The finest white ever produced for any purpose. Won the C. S. A. Silver Cup and First Prize in every competition in which it was entered. Absolutely perfect in flower, stem and foliage. 5oc. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Mrs. W. A. Read. Intense fiery crimson. Like so many of this color, a little disposed to burn, but it will pay any grower to study this variety and do it as well as he can. A bud around August 15 is not nearly so liable to dampen as later buds. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

Wonderful crimson; fully 12 inches across and ro inches deep. 50 . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

William Turner. A splendid variety. It will rank among well grown from early stock, may be the leader in its color. It is a true Japanese reflexed, and the petals hang down to meet the foliage. Purely an exhibition variety, and one well worthy of the grower after whom it is named. Bud August 30 and later. $\$ 1$ each, $\$ 9$ per doz.

[^2]
# STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., NEw York <br> <br> Standard Collection of Chrysanthemums 

 <br> <br> Standard Collection of Chrysanthemums}

## BEST CUT-FLOWER AND EXHIBITION VARIETIES



Exhibition Chrysanthemum

Beatrice May. Standard sterling white.
Cheltonii. Pure yellow; of graceful form.
Col. Appleton. Large; deep yellow; incurved.
Chrysanthemiste Montigney. Lemon-yellow; large size.
Dolly Dimple. Large, well-formed, late yellow.
Early Snow. A first-class early variety.
Glenview. A magnificent globe of dark red; dwarf grower ; with stiff stem.
Glory-of-the-Pacific. Fine, early pink; dwarf grower; bud about August 20.
Jeanne Nonin. A splendid late commercial white. If last bud is taken about October I, blooms can be had in perfect condition for Christmas.
Mary Donnellan. The finest shade of yellow. A splendid incurved variety, which has taken a great many honors wherever exhibited.
Mrs. H. Partridge. Crimson. As an exhibition flower always ranks very high, dwarf; beautiful grower; always satisfies.
Pockett's Crimson. The greatest thing in its color ever sent out. Crimson with a gold reverse. Makes a flower 9 inches across; splendid grower, with foliage right up to the flower.
Mrs. W. Duckham. Golden yellow, late buds sometimes striped crimson. A very handsome variety; good grower and of easy culture.
Lady Hopetown. A very large heliotrope-pink; usually captures first prize for size.
Miss Miriam Hankey. Late pink; splendid grower.
Merza. Still unequaled as a white on the exhibition table.
Monrovia. Very largely grown as an early yellow, coming in from September 20 to October 15
Dr. Enguehard. Beautiful late pink.
Golden Glow. Bright yellow ; can be had in flower best part of the year.
J. H. Shrimpton. Very good pink.

Roserie. A very popular early pink,
Major, Bonaffon. Beautiful and popular yellow.
Smith's Advance. A very early white.
Garza. A pure white; anemone-flowered ; a popular variety. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100

## Early-flowering Chrysanthemums, Excellent Outdoor Varieties

An assortment of very early-flowering varieties selected from an English collection. We have, during the past two seasons, given these varieties a trial at our own grounds, and are pleased to say that where they were permitted to make their natural growth, without disbudding, making as many shoots as they desired, they gave us a splendid display from the middle of September to the second week in November.

Carrie. Deep yellow; grand.
Comtesse de Cariel. Orange-yellow; bushy habit; free.
Coral Queen. Lovely variety, of quite a new color.
Crimson Masse. Crimson; a grand variety.
Crimson Queen. A good crimson.
Eden Nonin. Bright rose.
Fleure Rouge. Reddish crimson ; pleasing.
Francis. Bronzy-red ; grand habit.
George Bowness. Crushed strawberry.
Goacher's Crimson. Large, deep crimson; red, with goldenbronze reflex.
Harrie. Bronzy orange.
Holmes' White. Pure white.
Horace Martin. Deep yellow; one of the finest, and free-flowering. We cannot recommend this variety too highly.
Jimmie. Crimson-purple.
King of Whites. The finest white in existence; fine, long petals; a most graceful flower and absolutely pure white.

Lillie. Pearl-pink; lovely variety.
Maxim. Rich orange.
Meduce. Old gold.
Mignon. Delicate rosy mauve.
Nina Blick. Scarlet-flushed gold.
Normandie. Lovely delicate pink.
Pride of Keston. Reddish rose.
Ralph Curtis. Creamy white; very free.
Robbie Burns. Amber-yellow, suffused with rosy salmon.
Rosie. Terra-cotta; fine.
Touraine. Porcelain-white; new.
White Pitcher. Blush-white.
White Masse. A pure white sport of Mme. More Masse.

$$
20 \text { cts. each, } \$ 2 \text { per dozen }
$$

COLLECTION, one each, 25 varieties, $\$ 3.50$

## GERANIUMS Best Ten Double Varieties

Alphonse Ricard. Large, semi-double flowers of bright vermil-ion-scarlet; large florets and trusses.
Beaute Poitevine. Best semi-double bedders among the salmon shades.
Berthe de Presilly. Large, semi-double flowers, profusely produced in splendid trusses the entire season. Best light pink
General Grant. Dazzling scarlet; profuse bloomer.

Jean Oberle. A beautiful shade of hydrangea-pink. Jeanne Viaud. Beautiful bright shade of mauve-rose. John Doyle. Beautiful white.
Mrs. Lawrence. Bright, satiny salmon-pink, slightly tinged.
Mme. Recamier. Considered by many as the best double white.
S. A. Nutt. Brilliant scarlet, maroon shading.

Selected pot stock 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100

# BEST EVERBLOOMING ROSES 

Best English-grown, from the nurseries of George Prince, the famous English Rose specialist. Our Roses are budded on the cultivated seedling English Briar, and are exceptionally strong and worth ten times more than Roses grown on marshy, wet soil, such as are generally offered at a low price. This class of Roses are continuous bloomers the entire summer, but are not entirely hardy in this section, and should be protected during the winter months with a covering of straw or any material handy. To obtain the best results, in addition to the covering of the tops, protect around the roots with 5 to 6 inches of well-rotted manure. This will give added strength to the plants, and additional bloom the following summer.

## TEN GRAND EVERBLOOMING ROSES

The following ten varieties have been selected with a view to giving the amateur Rose enthusiast an opportunity to get the best varieties that will give a goodly share of blooms throughout the summer and autumn months, as well as to meet the requirements of those wishing the best varieties to select from and being limited as to the amount.
Betty. The flowers of this new Rose are of a fine form, double and deCaroline Testout. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Large, full, globular flowers of bright satiny rose, } \\ & \text { center a trifle brighter; a grand bedding Rose. }\end{aligned}$ Countess of Gosford. A splendid extremely free-flowering Rose long, pointed buds of a beautiful salmon-pink, the base of petals suffused with saffron-yellow.
Dean Hole. A very much talked of variety, and one that has received mine, with salmon shadings; entirely distinct and up to date, the finest of its color. Its vigorous growth, fine form when in bud or fully expanded, combined with its free-blooming qualities, makes it a very desirable variety.
Gruss an Teplitz. A charming variety, of deep, rich scarlet, shadtensively used for bedding purposes, where its magnificence of color and profuse blooming qualities continue to be a matter of much comment.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. An excellent summer Rose; with a faint suggestion of primrose toward center, rendering it a very valuable variety.
Killarney.
Flesh-shaded white, suffused pale pink; the blooms are large, the buds very long and pointed; petals very large and of great substance ; a lovely and distinct Rose of great merit.
Lady Faire. A very beautiful Rose; flowers a are of good size and shading lighter toward the edges.
Mme. Ravary. One of the best and should be in every collection. Color rich, deep nankeen-yellow, becoming lighter as the flower expands. Excellent form, very double and quite fragrant.
Richmond. One of our best American introductions. It is one of the Ril best and most brilliant dark blood-red Roses, and is also one of our best everbloomers for outside culture.

Price, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100
COLLECTION, one each, ten varieties
$\$ 450$

## FOUR GRAND NEW ROSES

Juliet.
A very distinct and attractive novelty, with large, perfect-shaped flowers. The outside of the petals are old gold, the interior rich, rosy red, changing to deep rose as the flowers expand; of powerful, delicious fragrance; universally admired. Strong, two-year-old plants, \$I each, \$1o per doz.
Lady Hillingdon. One of the most popular yellow Roses yet orange shadings in the center. An excellent outdoor, as well as indoor, variety. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Marquise de Sinety.

Every one who has seen this beautiful Rose is enthusiastic over it. The buds are of a rich yellow-ochre, suffused with carmine ; the expanded flower, which is of good size, is fairly double, of perfect cupped shape, and of a rich golden yellow or Roman ocher, shaded with bright rosy red; delightiully fragrant. Strong two-year-old plants, 75 cts. each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
The Lyon. This grand Rose has, perhaps, enjoyed as much of a senIn habit vigorous; buds are long, tipped light red and chrome-yellow at base. Foliage rich reddish green; flowers expand large and full; the predominating color being a delightful salmon-pink, shaded chrome-yellow in the center, toning to shrimp-pink at the tips, making a beautiful contrast. A very profuse bloomer, fragrant and hardy. Strong two-year-old plants, 75 cts. each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.


Gruss an Teplitz Roses

## GENERAL LIST OF BEST EVERBLOOMING ROSES

Captain Christy. Delicate fleshy white, the center richer in color; very large and full; most useful early and late.
Countess Folkestone. Creamy white, shaded flesh color; large, full and free flowering.
Dr. J. Campbell Hall. Coral-rose, suffused white; quite distinct.
Etoile de France. Velvety crimson, center vivid cerisered; blooms very large, full and cup form.
Gustave Regis. Canary-yellow, very long, pointed buds; good in autumn.
La France. Beautiful hright pink Rose; large, full and fine form; free-blooming and one of the best; early and late; very highly perfumed.
Lady Ashtown. Rich pink; continuous bloomer; fineshaped flowers; a beautiful Rose; grand in autumn. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100 .
Mme. A. Chatenay. Carmine-rose, shaded deep salmon; flowers fair size; very free.
Mildred Grant. Ivory-white with an occasional peach shading ; enormous size and of wonderful lasting power in water; magnificent exhibition variety.
Maman Cochet. Pink-carmine mingled with salmon-yellow; large and full; superb.
Mrs. Edward Mawley. Bright carmine, shaded with salmon; a superb variety ; chaste and perfectly formed flowers of marvelous beauty.
Mrs. W. J. Grant. Imperial pink; large flowers; well formed, with perfect high center; splendid.
White Killarney. A pure white sport of the popular Killarney Rose ; identical with its parent in form and size, but in color it is a pure white.
White Maman Cochet. A sport from Maman Cochet, which it resembles in every particular except color, which is pure white occasionally tinged with blush.

Price, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100

## TEN BEST HARDY GARDEN ROSES

These are specially grown for us by one of the leading rosarians of England, where Roses develop firm wood and fibrous roots. They are much better adapted to our severe and changeable climate than the soft wooded plants grown on the meadows of Holland, so generally sold here, and which so frequently cause disappointment.
Roses should be planted with the diverging roots at least 9 inches below the surface of the ground, the soil made firm about them and liberally watered.
Our collection comprises the most select sorts of all colors and of the finest form.

## HYBRID PERPETUALS

This class of Roses are perfectly hardy and bloom during June, with an occasional bloom in the autumn, and do not necessarily require protection in winter.
Alfred Colomb. Bright red, very large, full and globular; free-blooming and fragrant; a grand Rose.
Frau Karl Druschki. Snow-white; petals shell-shaped; very large, full, perfectly formed, opening well; a superb Rose.
General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson-scarlet, large and full; very fragrant. An excellent variety for all purposes.
Margaret Dickson. White, pale flesh center, petals very large, shellshaped, and of immense substance, magnificent form; growth very vigorous. A very fine variety.
Magna Charta. Bright rose, very large and full; fine, early in the season.
Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, very large and fine form; a good grower and abundant bloomer. A variety of special merit.
Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Light silvery pink; very free bloomer. A grand flower and quite distinct; best in early season.
Paul Neyron. Deep rose, flowers of enormous size, with fine foliage and growth.


Hardy Rose, Soleil d'Or, or Golden Sun


Frau Karl Druschki Rose

Hugh Dickson. Brilliant crimson shaded scarlet; large, very fragrant and free flowering.
Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-crimson, of large size, fine form. A good garden or exhibition Rose.

Price, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100
COLLECTION, one each, ten varieties
$\$ 450$

## Soleil D'Or, or Golden Sun

A distinct type. A cross between Persian Yellow and a hybrid perpetual color varying from orange-yellow to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium red; conical-shaped buds opening to large, full, flat-shaped fowers; perfectly hardy and free-blooming. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## SEVERAL SELECT FAVORITES

Captain Hayward. Scarlet-crimson, long-pointed buds; good.
Clio. Flesh, shaded in the center with rosy pink.
Duke of Edinburgh. Bright velvety crimson; large, full and free.
Dupuy Jamain. Very bright cerise; large, full.
Mrs. Sanford. A sport from Mrs. John Laing. Of the same habit and growth, but pale blush-pink shading to white.
Mrs. S. Crawford. Deep rosy pink, shaded pale flesh; very free; good form.

Price, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100
MOSS ROSES perfect form; well mossed.
Cristata. Rose-pink.
Old Moss. Pink.

Blanche Moreau. Pure white;
Alfred de Dalmais. Rosy white (perpetual).
Salet. Clear rose (perpetual).
White Bath. Paper-white.
Price, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 35$ per 100


Dorothy Perkins Rose

## Hardy Climbing Roses

The following varieties of Rambler Roses, while few in number, might easily be considered as being among the very best. It is our aim to list only those of distinct merit.

## SUPERB RAMBLERS

American Pillar. A decided acquisition. This beautiful single-fowering variety is a rare beauty, and one of the most talked-of recent introductions. The flowers, often measuring 3 inches in diameter, a beautiful shade of pink, are borne in large clusters and last in perfection a long time. The beautifu 1 green foliage is retained until late autumn in true color, giving the plant an artistic effect much its own. Extra-strong plants, 75 cts. each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Hiawatha. Decidedly the most brilliant scarlet. The flowers often measure $13 / 2$ inches across, and are produced on long, pendulous sprays, frequently having 50 flowers to the spray. Its clear white eye and golden stamens combined with its dazzling scarlet color make a sight of much beauty. Like American Pillar its foliage remains a lovely shade of green until late autumn. Extra-strong plants, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Tausendschon. "A thousand times beautiful", is not overestimating the flowers are very large for this type of Rose, being fully 2 to 3 inches across, and of decidedly graceful form. Opening flowers pink, rosy carmine when expanded; are produced in large trusses of from 10 to 15 flowers. Extra-strong plants, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Dorothy Perkins. One of the handsomest of all the cluster Climbing Roses; flowers rose-pink, clusters very large and abundant. Medium-sized plants, 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; large-sized plants, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz. ; XX large-sized plants, 75 cts . each, $\$ 8$ per doz.
Lady Gay. A variety of remarkably vigorous growth, flowers a delicate effect produced by the combination of cherry-pink buds and the tinted white flowers, and the deep green of the foliage, is indred most charming. Medium-sized plants, 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; large-sized plants, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.; extra-largesized plants, 75 cts. each, $\$ 8$ per doz.
Yellow Ramblet. Flowers small, semi-double, borne in clusters of 12 to 30 strong plants, 50 cts . each, well-formed and decidedly fragrant flowers. Extra6 varieties, $\$ 2.50$.
Crimson Rambler. This favorite is well known, one of the first introduced flowers borne in huge clusters of beautiful crimson Medium-sized plants, 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; large-sized plants, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.; extra-large, strong plants, 75 cts. each, $\$ 8$ per doz.

## BEDDING ROSES

Bermosa. Bright rose. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Baby Rambler. The best bedding Rose; a continuous and free bloomer; very hardy and should be grown in every garden. Small plants, 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; large, 2 -year-old plants, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Gruss an Teplitz. A charming variety, of deep, rich scarlet, shading to velvety crimson. A variety that is extensively used for bedding purposes, where its magnificence of color and profuse blooming qualities continue to be a matter of much comment.

## STANDARD, OR TREE-SHAPED ROSES

The following five varieties are among the best of the varieties. Stems rising about four feet, strong and straight.
Caroline Testout. Bright satiny rose; everblooming.
Frau Karl Druschki. Best pure white; hybrid perpetual.
La France. Beautiful bright pink; everblooming.
Killarney. Bright pink; everblooming.
Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-crimson.
Strong plants \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

## HEDGE PLANTS

California Privet. One of the most satisfactory plants for hedges known at the present time. Glossy green foliage, easily kept in shape, and of fine symmetrical shape naturally. 100 x,000 18 to 24 inches high, 2-year old .............................. $\$ 350$. $\$ 3000$ 24 to 28 inches high, 2-year old................................ 500.50. 28 to 36 inches high, 3 -year old.................................. 700.650. 36 to 40 inches high, 4-year old........................................... 9 00 80 00 All our Privet is extra-fine and bushy, and is extra-well rooted. Special prices on large lots.

Berberis Thunbergii. From Japan. A pretty species of dwarf habit.; small foliage, changing to a beautiful coppery red in autumn. Showy orange-yellow flowers in May, and succeeded by bright red fruit; very hardy, and the best low-growing hedge plant. Also valuable to grow as a shrub.
3-year-old plants, 12 to 15 inches high................................... $\$ 6$. 50 4-year-old plants, 15 to 18 inches high................................................. 9 . 00 5-year-old plants, 18 to 24 inches high..................................... 15 . 00 Prices furnished on larger sizes and larger quantities, on application.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

# HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS 

## Ampelopsis Veitchii $\begin{gathered}\text { Sometimes } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { anded bapan Ivy } \\ \text { Jon Ivy }\end{gathered}$

This is the most deservedly popular of all climbing plants, being entirely hardy in the most exposed places and attaining a height of 30 feet in two or three years; clings to stones, brick or woodwork with the greatest tenacity. During the summer the leaves are a rich shade of green and lap over each other with great regularity, like a coat of mail or like slates on a roof. But it is in the fall that it shows its exquisite beauty. The leaves then change to the brightest tints of scarlet, crimson and orange, so dazzling as to be seen at a great distance. First-size plants, 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz; extra-size plants, 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; pot-grown plants, extra strong, 75 cts. each, $\$ 8$ per doz.

## Akebia Quinata

Singular Japanese climbing shrub, with fine foliage, purple flowers and ornamental fruit. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe)

A native species, of climbing habit and rapid growth, with magnificent light green foliage ro to 12 inches in diameter, and curious pipe-shaped, yellowish brown flowers. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Bignonia (Trumpet Creeper)

For covering unsightly places, stumps, rockwork or planting in crevices in ledges, the Bignonias will be found very useful. The flowers are large, attractive and showy, and borne profusely when the plant attains a fair size. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## CLEMATIS

The Clematis we offer this season are exceptionally fine, strong 2 -year-old plants We have reduced the number of varieties to such sorts as, from experience, we know to succeed best in our climate. Many failures in the growing of Clematis are the result of too shallow planting; the crown of the roots should be set at least 3 inches below the surface of the soil.

## Small-Flowering Variety

Paniculata (Japanese Virgin's Bower). This handsome hardy climber is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing flowering plants we know. The plant is of strong, rapid growth, with small, dense, cheerful green foliage, giving it a grace and elegance possessed by no other hardy climber. The flowers appear in the greatest profusion during August, and continue until late in the fall, are of a white color and most deliciously fragrant. The plant succeeds in almost any position ; not only is it well adapted to run up all kinds of supports, but is just as useful for planting among rockwork, sloping banks, covering graves, or, in fact, any position where a graceful vine is desired. Strong two-year-old plants, 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; strong one-year-old plants, 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Large-Flowering Varieties

Jackmanni. The best-known and most valued variety of this popular family. A perfect mass of bloom when in full fower. Color, dark, rich, royal purple, 50 cts . each.
Duchess of Edinburgh. This variety is perfectly double, like a rosette. It is sweetly fragrant, and equally hardy and vigorous with the others. 50 cts. each.
Bangholm Belle. Large; very fine pure white. 40 cts. each.
Fairy Queen. White, with light lilac bars. 50 cts . each.
Gipsy Queen. Rich, dark purple. 40 cts . each.
Henryi. Pure white; large and remarkably handsome, 40 cts. each. Madame Baron Veillard. Light lilac; a peculiar but fascinating and distinct shade. 50 cts . each.
Sieboldii. Lavender-blue; large, strong, vigorous grower. 4oc. ea. M. Koster. A very free-flowering variety; bright rosy carmine. \$I each, \$Io per doz.
Collection. 1 plant each of above 9 varieties, for $\$ 4$, delivered free anywhere in the United States

## Japanese Kudzu Vine

These roots are imported from Japan, and will, if planted early, grow 20 to 30 feet the first season. Very hardy and a first-class vine for general use. Small size, 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; large size, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.


Clematis Jackmanni

## HONEYSUCKLE

Aureo-reticulatá (Golden Variegated Honeysuckle). Foliage handsomely variegated with gold and green during summer, and adding a charming tint of pink during the Winter months. 35 cts each, \$3.50 per doz.
Halleana (Hall's Japan Honeysuckle). A strong, vigorous, almost evergreen sort; white flowers changing to yellow; very fragrant ; flowering from July to December ; holds its leaves nearly all winter
35c. ea., $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; small i-year-old plants, 20c. ea., $\$ 2$ per doz.
Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle. This and its varieties are the handsomest in cultivation. It is a strong, rapid grower. and produces scarlet inodorous flowers. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Matrimony Vine

A vigorous, hardy climbing plant. It covers a great amount of space in a short time, and every new growth is at once covered with bright purple flowers, which are succeeded by brilliant scarlet berries nearly an inch long. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## WISTARIA

W. sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). A most beautiful climber of rapid growth. When well established it makes a growth of is to 20 feet in a season. Flowers pale blue. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
W. White. 35 cts, each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

Extra-strong plants, that were originally out of 8 -inch pots, and then planted in the Nursery for 3 years, either in white or purple, and will flower the first season. $\$ 2.50$ each, $\$ 24$ per doz.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING PLANTS

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS

ACHILLEA, The Pearl. Pure white flowers in profusion. 18 to 24 in. All summer. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
tomentosa (Woolly Yarrow). Handsome cut foliage and bright yellow flowers in a multitude of flat heads during June; height about 12 inches. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
ACONITUM autumnale. Deep purplish blue flowers in September. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Napellus. Flowers blue, very fine. 18 to 24 in . September and October. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Wilsoni. Novelty recently introduced from China. The graceful flower spikes attain a height of about 6 feet, and produce many fine pale blue or violet flowers. It blooms from the beginning of September until the end of October. 25 c . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
ADONIS vernalis. Flowers bright yellow, 2 to 3 inches across. 12 in . Early spring. io cts. each, \$r per doz.
ALYSSUM saxatile f1. pl. Although this plant is new, it is not very common. In early spring it blooms with large quantities of double bright yellow flowers. 25 c. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz. rostratum. Dwarf; yellow; floriferous. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
ANCHUSA incarnata. Flesh-pink; very fine. 2 to 3 ft . July and August. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Italica, Dropmore Variety. A grand improvement on the old Italian Alkanet; grows 5 to 6 feet high and produces its pretty gentian-blue flowers throughout the entire summer; one of the best blue perennials. 25 c . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
ANEMONE, Honorine Joubert. Pure white, large flowers. 18 to 24 in . July to October. 15 c . each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Queen Charlotte. Semi-double, light pink. 18 to 24 in . July to October. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Whirlwind. Semi-double, pure white. 2 to 3 ft . July to October. 15 cts . each, $\$$ r. 50 per doz.
Japonica purpurine. Novelty of recent introduction, with large semidouble, deep purplish rose-colored flowers. One of the very best. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Prinz Heinrich. New German variety, of dwarf, compact habit, with very large, semi-double dark red flowers; the darkest double Anemone. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
ANTHEMIS Kelwayi. Flowers golden yellow, of dense, bushy habit. 12 to 18 in . July to November. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
AQUILEGIA alpina, Blue. One of the very best. 12 to 18 in . All summer. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz. coerulea. Bright blue and white longspurred flowers. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Skinneri. Flowers scarlet, with greenish tip. A very distinct variety. 12 to 18 in . All summer. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Californica. Large yellow flowers, dark orange spurs 12 to 18 in. All summer. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
ARABIS alpina. One of the most desirable of the very early spring-flowering plants that is especially adapted for edging and for the rock garden, but does equally well in the border, where it forms a dense carpet, completely covered with pure white flowers. Lasts for a long time in bloom. 15 cts . each, $\$$ r. 50 per doz. flore pleno. A distinct and pretty double-flowering form. 15 cts . each, $\$$ 1.50 per doz., $\$$ Io per 100.

## ASTERS

ASTER hybridus, Flossy. Novelty, with pure white feathery flowers of moderate growth and very free-flowering. Extra for cutting. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
hybridus, Weisse Zwerg Konigin (White Dwarf Queen). One of the finest white-flowering autumn Asters, growing about 2 feet high. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.


Anemone, Whirlwind

Aster Novi-Belgii, Perry's Pink. This new variety grows about $3^{3 / 2}$ feet high; erect, having large branching heads, covered with medium-sized flowers of a clear, reddish pink. I5c.ea.,\$1.50 per doz.
Novi-Belgii, Regina. New variety recently introduced ; medium habit, with large, clear rose-violet flowers, with yellow center. Remarkable for its freedom of bloom. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Novi-Belgii semi-plenus. One of the finest late-flowering As-
ters; beautiful semi-double blue flowers. I5c. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Spikes of bright orange flowers; very showy. 2 ft . July to September. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
BELLIS perennis (Double Daisy)-
Maxima, Red. 4 in . Spring. io cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz.
Maxima, White. 4 in . Spring. ioc. each, $\$ 1$ per doz.
Maxima, Longfellow. 4 in. Pink. Spring. 1oc. each, $\$$ i per doz. BOCCONIA cordata. A noble hardy perennial, beautiful in foliage and flower, admirably adapted for planting in the shrubbery borders, center of beds, and in bold groups in almost any position. It will grow in any soil or situation, attaining from 6 to 8 feet in height; flowers in terminal panicles, of a creamy white color; during July and August. 15c.ea.,\$1.50 per doz.
BOLTONIA asteroides. Pure white. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
latisquama. Pink, slightly tinted with lavender. 4 to 6 feet. 15 cts ., each, \$1.50 per doz.
CARNATION, Non Plus Ultra. Border pinks; extra-fine mixture. Io in. Summer. 10 cts . each, $\$ 1$ per doz.
COREOPSIS lanceolata. One of the best perennials in cultivation, with large lemon-yellow flowers on long stems. 2 to 3 feet. All summer. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
grandiflora. A free-flowering, desirable species, with rich golden yellow flowers. 18 in . All summer. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## CAMPANULAS, or BELLFLOWERS

CAMPANULA Carpatica'(Carpathian Harebell). A pretty species growing in compact tufts, not exceeding 8 inches high; flowers clear blue, held erect on wiry stems. It begins blooming in June, continuing without interruption until October.
Carpatica alba. The white-flowered form of the preceding.
Medium (Canterbury Bells). Our stock has been grown from the very finest strain; blue, rose and white. 3 feet.
Medium calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer Canterbury Bells). A beautiful form of this favorite flower. Blue, rose and white. glomerata (Clustered Bellflower). Dense clusters of funnelshaped violet-blue flowers. June to August. 18 inches.
persicifolia. Large-flowering blue; very fine. 18 to 24 in . July and September.
persicifolia alba. Pure white form of the above.
Price of all the above varieties, 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
persicifolia Moerheimi. Beautiful double pure white, very large flowers. This variety is very compact and vigorous. 18 to 24 in. June and July. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
CHELONE (Shell Flower). Stately and handsome perennials, growing about 2 feet high and bearing numerous spikes of large flower-heads during the summer and fall.
glabra alba. Terminal spikes of creamy white flowers.
Lyonii. Heads of deep red flowers.
obliqua alba. Clusters of pure white flowers.
25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

CHRYSANTHEMUM maximum Robinsoni. A very handsome variety, with beautifully fringed flowers. One of the best. 2 feet. All summer. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
maximum. White; fine for cutting. 2 ft . All summer. 25 cts . each, \$2 per doz.
maximum, Triumph. Very large, single white flowers. 2 feet. All summer. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.

## Hardy Pompon Chrysanthemums

These varieties have met with continued favor, and there is no cause for surprise as they are well adapted for outdoor bedding. The blooms are borne in lavish profusion, giving color to the garden at a time of the year when all other plants have been destroyed by frost. Frost does not materially affect their flowering and frequently one is able to gather quantities of these beautiful blooms late in November. Should be planted in a well-drained position and given a slight covering of leaves or litter during the winter.

## SMALL, OR BUTTON VARIETIES

Eleganta. Deep rose.
Little Pet. Rich violet-red.
Lyndhurst. Scarlet-bronze.
Dawn. Daybreak pink.
Nellie Bly. Blush-pink.
Rhoda. Pink, shaded white. Sunshine. Golden yellow. Baby. A miniature lemon-yellow. 10 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 7$ per 100

## SINGLE VARIETIES

## Aaron. Bronze-scarlet.

Northumberland. Bright scarlet.
Princesse de Thule. Red-orange. Rosy Morn. Silver-pink.
Sir Walter Raleigh. Light bronze. Vallis. Pure yellow.
10 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 7$ per 100

## LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES

Findon. Violet-rose
Miss Julia. Orange-red.
Mrs. Porter. Bright bronze.
Triumph d'Or. Pure golden yellow.
Julia Legravere. Crimson-maroon. King Philip. Rich rose-pink.
St. Elmo. Splendid white.
10 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 7$ per 100


Delphiniums

DICTAMNUS Fraxinella (Gas Plant). Showy border perennial, forming a bush $2^{1 / 2}$ feet high having fragrant foliage, with showy rose-pink flowers. I5 cts. each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
albus. Pure white variety of the above. 15c. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Cancasicus. A gigantic form. Flowers double the size of the two preceding varieties. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
DIGITALIS gloxiniaeflora (Foxglove). Pure white to deep pink. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
DORONICUM Clusi. One of the most effective of the very early flowering perennials, growing about 2 feet high, flowers rich yellow, 2 to $21 / 2$ inches across. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
excelsum. Large; orange-yellow. $3^{1 / 2}$ inches across. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
EULALIA gracillima univittata (Japan Rush). Of graceful habit, with very narrow foliage; of a bright green color, with a silvery midrib. 25 cts, each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; clumps, 50 cts. each.
GAILLARDIA grandiflora. One of the most effective and showiest hardy flowering plants, with gorgeous flowers of bright yellow and orange, with deep crimson center. 18 inches. All summer. 15 cts. each, \$r.50 per doz.
GYPSOPHILA paniculata. An elegant light and graceful perennial, forming a mass of thread-like stems, with an abundance of small, white flowers. 2 to 3 ft . July and August. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
paniculata fl. pl. This beautiful plant, which we consider to be the very best novelty that has been raised in the last few years, grows about $3^{1 / 2}$ feet high and its pure white flowers are perfectly double. They are produced in large quantities, and the plant is at least as graceful as the ordinary variety, so that it is of great value for decoration and cutting purposes. It is perfectly hardy. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
HARDY SUNFLOWERS, Rigidus. One of the most desirable of our native varieties, beginning to bloom early in July and continuing until fall; flowers golden yellow, with dark centers. 3 feet. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$ per doz.
Miss Mellish. Flowers in September and October. Grows about 6 feet high, with large, single, golden yellow flowers. 15c. each, \$r. 50 per doz.
Meteor. Large, double, orange-yellow flowers, with bold yellow guard petals. 5 ft . August and September. 15 cts each, \$1.50 per doz.
Soleil d'Or. Deep golden yellow,

## DELPHINIUMS

In this class of plants belongs the distinction of being one of the most popular subjects for the hardy border. They are of easy culture and no hardy border is complete without some of these grand hardy perennials.
Belladonna grandiflorum. The stems of this new Belladonna are much stronger than the common sort, and the flowers, which are of the same fine sky-blue color, are much larger. A striking aquisition. 40 cts. each, $\$ 4$ per doz.
Formosum. Beautiful dark blue, white center, 3 to 4 feet high. Very vigorous and free-flowering. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
Formosum coelestinum. Sky-blue, very handsome. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
King of Delphiniums. One of the finest Delphiniums, with flowers of enormous size, semi-double of a deep purple-blue color with white eye. 35 cts., $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
J. S. Bruton. Its beautiful flowers are of the finest sky-blue in the style of "Belladonna," but larger. It does not grow higher than 3 to 4 feet, and produces an immense quantity of long, graceful spikes flowering throughout the whole summer. No other variety surpasses it in abundance of flowers and, therefore, it is of great value for cutting purposes. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
quilled petals, not unlike a dahlia. 4 feet. August and September. 15 c . ea., $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Multiflorus fi. pl. (Double Hardy Sunflower). Large, double, golden dahlia-like flowers in great profusion during July and August. 4 feet. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
HELENIUM pumilum magnificum. A fine cross between $H$. pumilum and $H$. autumnale superbum. It grows $2^{1 / 2}$ feet high, and produces a great number of large yellow flowers from June till autumn. 15 cts . each, \$1.50 per doz.
grandiflorum striatum. I5 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Hoopesi. Orange. Io cts. each, \$i per doz.
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. Io cts. each, \$I per doz.
HEMEROCALLIS. Fine, tall-growing plants, with sweet-scented lily-like flowers.
aurantiaca major. Sweet-scented, trumpet-shaped, deep orange color. 3 feet. July and August. 25 c . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz. Kwanso. Double. Very free-flowering; copper-color. 4 feet. Summer. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.
Middendorfii. Deep golden yellow. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
HEUCHERA sanguinea. Bright crimson, lily-of-the-valley shaped flowers. I to 2 feet. All summer. ISC. ea., $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$ per doz.
HOLLYHOCK. Finest double white, rose, pink, purple, crimson and yellow. 4 to 6 ft . Summer. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Allegheny. Single and double mixed, 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.

## NEW JAPANESE IRIS

## (Iris Kaempferi grandiflora)

The magnificence of these new Irises surpasses description. The flowers are of enormous size, averaging from 6 to 8 inches across, and of indescribable and charming hues and colors, varying like watered silk in the sunlight, the prevailing colors being white, crimson, rose, lilac, lavender, violet and blue, each flower usually representing several shades, while a golden yellow blotch surrounded by a halo of blue or violet at the base of the petals intensifies the wealth of coloring. The Japan Iris is perfectly hardy, and flowers in greatest profusion in June and July, and attains greatest perfection if grown in moist soil, or if plentifully supplied with water while growing and flowering. The following varieties have been selected from a large collection, grown by a famous Japanese horticulturist, and recognized as the finest assortment of Japanese Iris known. The different varieties having Japanese names, we have deemed it advisable to distinguish the various sorts by numbers, as follows:

1. White, yellow center, veined
2. Dark purple edge, running to a blue and yellow center, under part of flower lavender.
3. Very light blue, white-veined, yellow center, inner petals of flower tinged with dark blue.
4. Maroon, yellow center, inner petals white, with a purple top.
5. Yellow center, dark blue, shading into light blue and white, rather streaked, inner petals purple-tipped.
6. White, dark purple veins, yellow center, dark purple, shading to white inner petals.
7. Dark red, black and white veins, yellow center, white and purple inner petals.
8. White, well-spotted dark pink, shading into pink at edges, yellow center, with a little purple border.
9. Dark purple, bright yellow center, dark blue inner petals.
10. Yellow center, blue, black veins, inner petals red, with red veins and blue spotted with white.
11. Yellow center dark purple, varying to a lighter shade toward the edges, well-veined inner petals.
12. Yellow center, shading into light purple, then a light red, then a darker red, well spotted with a very dark red.
13. Very dark blue, yellow center, purple inner petals.
14. Yellow center, white and blue stripes, shading into a light violet, darker toward the edges, with a much heavier shade of violet directly on the edge, inner petals white tipped with dark violet.
15. Yellow center, with rather a dark purple, shading into a light red, and a dark red near the edges, well-veined inner petals white, with purple edges.
16. Yellow center, white flowers with a dark purple edge or border.
17. Yellow center, very dark red flower, heavily veined, inner petals white and dark purple.
18. Yellow center, blue flower shading into a dark purple near the edge and border, white veining, inner petals very dark purple.
19. Yellow center, light and dark blue, spotted with very dark blue, inner petals white and dark purple.
20. Yellow center, dark purple, shading into light purple and darker purple again at the edges, well-veined inner petals of a light purple.
21. Orange center, rather a gray-white, shading into pure white at the edges, white veins.
22. Yellow center, very dark red, shading into a lighter red with rather a white and pink tipping; white spots appear occasionally on this flower; inner petals of light and dark purple.
Price of any of the above named varieties: 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; or, a complete collection, one each of the above 22 varieties, $\$ 4.00$. Large undivided roots.


Iris Kaempferi grandiflora (New Japanese Iris)

## GERMAN IRIS

## (Iris Germanica)

The German Iris is one of the most desirable early spring-flowering plants. The flowers are of large size and exquisite colors. It delights in low, wet ground, and does equally well in the border. No garden is complete without a collection of these beautiful flowers.
Agnes. White, edged pale lilac.
Asiatica. Standards rich blue; falls violet-purple.
Aurea. Canary Bird. Golden yellow.
Darius. Standards light yellow; falls purple, veined yellow and white.
Empress Victoria. Standards pale blue; falls purple.
Gloire de Hillegom. Beautiful porcelain-blue.
Innocenza. Large; pure white.
Macrantha. Blue and violet; large flower
Mad. Chereau. Standards white, with sky-blue feathered edges; falls white, slightly frilled blue.
Maori King. Standards deep golden yellow; falls blackish chestnut bordered gold; one of the very best varieties
Mrs. Horace Darwin. White, slightly veined violet at base
Queen of May. Beautiful rosy lilac.
Named varieties, 15 cts . each $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100; Mixed 10c. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100

## GRAND GERMAN IRIS

## (Iris pallida Dalmatica)

One of the finest of the Germanica type, of strong, vigorous habit, growing in good soil, 4 feet high, with exceptionally large, fragrant flowers, standards lavender, falls lavender shaded blue; exquisite in every way and fine for massing. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 20$ per 100 . LEONTOPODIUM alpinum (Edelweiss, or Alpine Snowflower). This Alpine beauty is well known to tourists who have traveled in Switzerland. It is a hardy plant, and well worth a trial. It should be grown either on the rockery or in well-drained sandy soil. 25c.ea., $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica. Brilliant scarlet flowers. 2 to 3 ft . All summer. I5 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.
vespertina alba plena. This very free-flowering double white Lychnis is one of the best and most effective border plants. Also useful for cutting, but stil very rare. Flowers during the whole summer. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.
viscaria fl. pl. (Ragged Robin).
Deep red, double flowers; May to July; $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. 15 cts . each, \$1.50. per doz.
Haageana Hybrids, White to pink and deep red; May to July. $11 / 2$ feet. I5 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
LINUM perenne (Flax). A desirable plant either for the border or rockery, growing about 18 inches high, with light, graceful foliage and large flowers, which are produced through the entire summer. 15 cts. each, $\$$ I. 50 per doz.
LUPINUS arborea (Yellow Tree Lupin). Ioc, each, \$r per doz. polyphyllus Moerheimi. This is one of the finest novelties we ever had the pleasure of introducing. It flowers very long, with fine, long spikes of pink- and white-colored flowers, and is therefore a grand acquisition for cutting purposes; as well as for the border. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
LIATRIS spicata (Blazing Star). Deep purple flowers on spikes 2 to 3 feet high. 15 cts, each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
MONARDA didyma (Oswego Tea). Flowers bright scarlet, plants very showy; 2 to 3 feet high; during July and August. I5 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.
rosea (Bee Balm). A pretty rose-colored form. 15c. ea.,\$ I. 50 per doz. fistulosa alba. White-flowered variety. 15 c . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## PEONIES (Chinensis)

Peonies rank among the most beautiful of all hardy perennials, and no garden is complete without their charming influence. When once planted they remain indefinitely, adding increased blooms each year, many of which are quite fragrant, oftimes rivaling the rose. Strict attention is given at our nursery in the matter of variety, and all our stock is "trued up." We do not ship roots of Peonies unless they have already bloomed at our nursery.

TIME FOR PLANTING.-Peonies may be planted during any of the spring months and from September i to October io.
Note.
Our 2-year-old roots are selected with two to three eyes; 3-year-old roots have four to five eyes, and 5-year-old clumps are original undivided plants. Both 3-and 5-year-old will give a goodly share of blooms the first year after planting.

Agnes Mary Kelway. Outer petals rosy pink, center yellowish; one of the earliest to flower..
Agida. Dark red; fine full flower.
Alba plena. Pure white; fine, strong plant; good for cut-flowers
Boule de Neige. Sulphur-white, with carmine tips on some of the petals
Caroline Allain. Blush-white
Canary. White, tinted primrose; very handsome, large, full flower
Charles Leveque. Delicate rose large erect flower very pretty when finest rose-colored varieties
Cytheria. Creamy white, tinted rose; an exceptionally fine cut-flower variety, very strong stem and a good grower
Duchesse de Nemours. Pure white, perfect flowers; extra fine
Duke of Wellington. White, yellowish center; perfect flower; very fragrant
Festiva maxima. Early; very large and full shell-shaped flower, often 6 to 8 inches in diameter, stems 3 to $3 \mathrm{~K} / 2$ feet; color snow-white, shading to delicate creamy white at base of petals, with an occasional clear purple spot on edges of center petals; very fragrant. The finest early white.
Fragrans. Red; good bloomer; long stems; a very good variety.
Francis Ortegal. Purplish crimson
Hamlet. Red; good flower.
Humei Carnea. Clear cherry-pink; strong grower; large, very full, highly cinnamon-scented flower; very late; graceiul habit. An excellent variety for cut-flowers
Lady Leonora Bramwell. Compact, vigorous habit; color delicate silvery pink, shaded lilac and chamois; three nankeen petals tipped with crimson at the center; good keeper and shipper.
Mary Lemoine. Very large; ivory-white bloom, shaded pink and chamois; strong stems of medium height; late bloomer; excellent variety; scarce..
Mme. Calot. Pinkish white, tinted with flesh color.
President Roosevelt. Extra large flower, fine scarlet; good keeper
Pulcherrima Rose-violet, center rose and salmon; a rood vari
Queen Victoria. Large, full, compact bloom, with fine broad guard petals; opens flesh-white, center petals tipped with red blotches. One of the best cut-flower varieties, as it is an exceptional shipper and keeper.


Peony, Festiva maxima blotch on center petals.
Richardson's rubra superba. Brilliant deep crimson; the latest of all Peonies to bloom; very fragrant; the best keeper......
Rubra triumphans. Rich
glowing crimson...................
Edulis superba. An excellent shell-pink variety
Mme. Chaumy. Globular; soft pink, much like Lady Bramwell; only larger and later. This is one of great beauty and a good keeper
Louis Van Houtte (Calot) Rich, glaring purplish pink. Very satisfactory variety ......
Berlioz. Brilliant dark red, tinted rose; flowers of very large size, imbricated. A fine keeper, dwarf, compact grower.........
Meissonier. Deep self-colored crimson, with guard petals reflexed clear to the stem, thus forming a regular ball; double late

No. 1. Pink, tipped white, variegated center.
No. 3. Pink, tipped white, white-shaded center.

No. 16. Handsome pure white center.
No. 27. Solid dark scarlet-red; very handsome

$50 \quad 500$

## Japanese, or Anemone-Flowered Peonies

No. 2. Blush petals, large, full chrysanthemum center
No. 5. Rose, shaded white, crimson, tipped with orange center.
No. 6. Blush, with rose at base of petals, yellow center
No. 11. Purplish rose, with variegated center; very handsome
No. 13. Rose and white, with dark rose at base of petals, full orange center.
No. 14. Violet-red, full variegated yellow and maroon center.
No. 23. Red, shading to wine-color, chrysanthemum-shaped center of gold.
No. 26. Twisted and curved petals of rose, cardinal-white, variegated

Price, 2-year-old roots, 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz,; 3-year-old roots, \$1 each, $\$ 10$ per doz.; 5-year-old clumps, $\$ 2$ each, $\$ 20$ per doz.

## HARDY PHLOX

The hardy Phloxes are, without doubt, the most important of all hardy perennials, and are now to be found in nearly every garden. They succeed in almost any kind of soil or position, and flower from early summer until late in the fall. They also improve from year to year and contain a range of brilliant colors not found in any other hardy plant. We have a very fine collection of them.

Culture.-Hardy Phlox may be planted in spring or fall; a mulch of old manure thrown around the roots will be of benefit to the plants. Phlox should be set out 18 inches apart, and if kept well watered will produce both individual blossoms and heads of bloom far larger than otherwise, and amply repay the extra trouble. To "procure best effects, plants should be massed in from six to twelve clumps of each variety.

## Ten Hardy Phloxes of Special Merit

It is difficult, out of the great number of varieties of Hardy Phlox, for the amateur who desires a limited number of varieties always to get the best. While all the varieties listed are entitled to a place in a good collection, the following ten are in every way among the best: Elizabeth Campbell. New. Very large spikes with flowers of quite a new color; light sal.
F. von Lassburg. 3 feet. Purest white. Best for massFrau Buchner.

New. Undoubtedly the finest pure white Phlox yet raised. Strong habit, individual flowers of enormous size and perfect form. Dwarf.
G. A. Strohlein. $\begin{gathered}\text { Bright fiery red with rose eye. } \\ \text { variety does not burn so badly as most of }\end{gathered}$ its color. A grand acquisition.
Iris. Magenta-self with violet reverse to the petals; large, muchbranched truss. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. A showy variety.
Mad. Paul Dutrie. Soft pink color, reminding one of the Immense panicles of very large flowers.
F. Rosenberg. New. Fiery carmine-violet with blood-red eye.
R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy carmine with claret-red eye. R. P. Struthers. Large flowers and fine truss.

Selma. Pink with cherry-red eve. Strong habit, produces very large flowers in pyramidal trusses.
Wolfgang von Goethe. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brilliant rose with dark red } \\ & \text { shade and large white center. }\end{aligned}$ 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 18$ per 100
COLLECTION, one each, 10 varieties.
$\$ 200$

## General Collection of Hardy Phlox

Alceste. Bright pink, deep red center.
Bridesmaid. Pure white with large crimson-carmine eye.
Amphitryon. Bluish lilac, tinged with purple and paler near the eye.
Charles Darwin. Salmon-pink, crimson center.
Coquelicot. Bright fiery red with rose eye.
Caran d'Ache. Bright salmon-rose.
Eclaireur. A.M.R.H.S. Rosy magenta with an indistinct paler band surrounding the eye.
Epopee. XXX, R.H.S. Magenta, shading paler toward the eye.
Esperance. Pale rosy purple, with white center.
Etna. A.M.R.H.S. Fiery red with a rose eye.
Ferdinand Cortez. XXX, R.H.S. Rosy magenta with deep eye, tinged salmon round the eye.
Flambeau. XXX, R.H.S. Strawberry-red with deeper eye.
Independence. A large pure white variety.

G. A. Strohlein Phlox

Gen. Chanzy. Fiery red, starry flowers, loose-branched truss.
Gen. Van Heutz. Bright fiery red with large pale rose center.
J. H. Slocum. Rose-pink with crimson eye.

Jules Jouey. Deep bluish lilac running to white at the eye.
Mme. P. Langier. Bright red, vermilion center.
Pantheon. XXX, R.H.S. Salmon-rose with a magenta eye and a pale zone around it.
Premier Ministre. Rosy white, 'deep rose center; fine for massing.
Richard Wallace. White, violet center.
R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy carmine with claret-red eye.

William Ramsay. Crimson-carmine with a deeper eye.
Borden Queen. Pink, a very good dwarf border variety.
Price, any of the varieties in the General Collection, 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Early-flowering Hardy Phlox (Phlox suffruticosa)

Miss Lingard. A grand white variety, which begins flowering after the middle of June and continues throughout the season. Extensively used for cut-flowers. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 12$ per 100.

## Phlox subulata (Moss, or Mountain Pink)

An early spring-flowering type, with pretty moss-like evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground or covering graves.
Alba. Pure white.
Atropurpurea. Purplish rose.
Bridesmaid. Purplish, tinted white.
Llacina. Light lilac.
Nelsoni. Pure white.
Rosea. Bright rose.
15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## ORIENTAL POPPIES

## (Papaver orientale)

Every one is familiar with the gaudy Oriental Poppies, and doubtless many are aware that during the last few years hardy plantsmen in England, Holland, etc., have been working hard on their improvement, with the result that today we have quite a host of new varieties and in many lovely colors.
PAPAVER orientale, Goliath. One of the most effective Papavers, with strong erect stems of $3^{1 / 2}$ feet, producing enormous scarlet flowers in great abundance. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
orientale, Mahony. While the new Oriental Poppies introduced in past years are more in the lighter shades, this one is without doubt the darkest colored in cultivation. It was raised some years ago and its color is of the darkest carmine-purple imaginable, much nearer to mahogany than any other flower. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
orientale, Mary Studholme. The pure salmon flowers with silvery shade and a touch of carmine at the base of the petals are of the most striking effect. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
orientale, Oriental King. Novelty of great merit. An exceedingly fine garden plant, because of its strong stems of upright habit, carrying large crimson-scarlet flowers, which seem to consist of one perfect flower within a large and equally perfect one. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
orientale, Princess Victoria Louise. Beautiful new variety, with pure rose flowers. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
orientale, Queen Alexandra. New variety with beautiful clear rose-salmon flowers. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
orientale, Hybrids. Showy perennials, with immense scarlet and red flowers 6 to 8 inches in diameter, on long stems borne well above the foliage. 18 inches. June. 15 C . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Iceland Poppies (Papaver nudicaule)

No collection of Poppies would be complete without the Iceland (Papaver nudicaule), and, with perbaps the exception of the Shirley, certainly none of the other varieties are grown in such quantities for cut-blooms.
Single, Mixed. 15 cts , each, $\$ \mathrm{~F} .50$ per doz.
Double, Mized. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
PLATYCODON. These are sometimes called Campanulas, to which they are closely allied. Form neat plants, bearing a succession of flowers on upright stems.
grandiflora coerulea. Fine blue flowers. 18 inches. June to October. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$ per doz.
grandiflora alba. White. 18 inches. June to October. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.


Oriental Poppy

PRIMULA Cashmeriana. Flowers light blue with yellow eye. Io to 12 inches. June. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1$ per doz.
Japonica. Variously colored flowers of crimson, maroon, lilac, rosy pink or white, with a different-colored eye. 10 to 12 inches, Spring. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
veris (Cowslip). Embracing a fine range of color. Io to 12 inches. Spring. 10 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{I}$ per doz.

## PYRETHRUM

Hybridum f1. pl. Too much cannot be said in favor of these grand hardy perennials. Their main season of blooming is in June, but if the old flower stems are removed they will give a fair sprinkling of flowers in the autumn. The bloom is similar to that of an aster, and ranges in color from pure white and the various shades of pink and red to deep purple. Splendid for cutting, lasting a week in good condition.
Aphrodite. White.
Vance. Cream-tinted flesh,
Captain Nares. Brilliant
Uzziel. Rose.
Paul Journie. Pink.
William Krumper. Dark red. crimson.

## 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz.

Single Flowering. These splendid Pyrethrums have met with a steady gain in popularity; their free habit combined with the beautiful single blooms make them much in demand.
General French. Brilliant crimson.
Sims Reeves. Light pink.
Gazelle. Purple-crimson.
Comet. Bright carmine.

## 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl. Fair Maids of France. Forms a branching bush 2 feet high; flowers double, pure white. May and June. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
RUDBECKIA. Golden Glow. So well known it needs but little description; flowers double, yellow, cactus dahlia-like and are borne on stems 6 to 8 feet high, in great profusion. August and September. ${ }_{5} \mathrm{cts}$ each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
purpurea. Giant Purple Coneflower. Flowers about 4 inches across, of a peculiar reddish purple, with a remarkably large, cone-shaped center of brown forms bushy plants 3 feet high, and blooms from July to October. I5 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
SCABIOSA Caucasica. One of the handsomest hardy plants, with flowers of a beautiful soft lilac color; fine for cutting. 18 inches. All summer. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
SPIRAEA, Gladstone. A beautiful species producing dense blooms of feathery white flowers in June. I8 inches. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.
SWEET WILLIAM. Double mixed, variegated, margined. i8 inches. Io cts. each, \$I per doz.
TRITOMA. They are hardy if given protection, but the most satisfactory method of wintering is to bury the roots in sand in a cool cellar.
Express. New ; very fine variety. 15 cts . each, $\$ \mathrm{l} .50$ per doz.
Pfitzeri. The Everblooming Flame Flower. The freest-flowering variety in cultivation; in bloom from August to November, with spikes from 3 to 4 feet high and heads of bloom over 12 inches long, of a rich orange-scarlet, producing a grand effect either planted singly in the border or in masses. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Tuckii. Color bright salmon-red; one of the earliest-flowering varieties during July and August. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
TROLLIUS. Globe Flower. Hardy perennials, flowering freely from May until August. 2 to $2^{1 / 2}$ feet.
Japonicus, Excelsior. Very deep orange flowers. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Caucasicus, Orange Globe. A new variety, with large, deep orange-colored flowers. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
VERONICA longifolia subsessilis. Rich blue flower-spikes; a very handsome plant. 15 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
VIOLA odorata, La France. The largest and best sweet violet in cultivation. It has been introduced from France. The flowers are dark blue, with a steely cast, and have a diameter of $15 / 4$ inches. The stems are longer than those of any other variety. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100.
YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. Among hardy ornamental foliage and flowering plants this can be classed at the head of the list. Its broad, sword-like foliage and tall, branched spikes of large, fragrant, drooping creamy white flowers during June and July make it an effective plant for all positions. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz, $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## WATER LILIES

These are well known and highly appreciated, and as indispensable as hardy perennial and other decorative plants. They furnish a decorative effect as no other plants can. Associated with ornamental subtropical plants, they lend a most pleasing and charming effect to the landscape. They are also valuable as cut-flowers, especially the tender varieties, both day- and night-bloomers. The daybloomers furnish superb flowers on long stems in red, white and blue colors. The night-blooming varieties possess a charm distinct from all others, the colors varying from pure white to pink, with shades of red, carmine and crimson, which are very brilliant under artificial light. They are of simple culture, requiring a moderately rich soil, water and sunshine. The hardy varieties should be planted in May in this latitude, and on until the middle of August. The tender Water Lilies should be planted about the first of June, when warm, settled weather is assured. Keep the pond filled with water to supply loss by evaporation, but springs and running streams must be avoided, as they lower the temperature of the water to a dangerous degree.

## HARDY NYMPHÆAS

Aurora. A unique variety; flowers soft rosy yellow on the first day, changing to deep red on the third day; stamens orange; useful for growing in tubs. 75 cts . each.
Candidissima. A vigorous and desirable variety; flowers goodsized and pure white; an early and free bloomer. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Eugenia de Land. This grand variety belongs to the Odorata group and is unequaled by any other of the same genus. Flowers extra large, of true Odorata type, floating, petals long and stellate; color an exquisite shade of deep rose-pink of iridescent hues, with yellow stamens. Vigorous and free-flowering plants. \$3.50 each.
Fulva. Flower yellow, shaded pink on first day, changing to orangered; stamens orange; leaves blotched chestnut. \$I each.
Gloriosa. A superb variety with flowers 4 to 6 inches across, of a deep carmine-rose color, A free, continuous bloomer and a very desirable variety. \$3 each.
Grazillea. Flowers orange-red; sepals striped red; stamens orange; leaves deep green, spotted maroon. Hybrid' of French origin. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Gladstoniana. Flowers dazzling white, 6 to 8 inches across; petals concave and broad. A free and continuous bloomer and one of the finest white Lilies in cultivation. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Helen Fowler. A new seedling with fragrant flowers 3 to 5 inches across, of a very deep pink color; a strong grower and a continuous bloomer. A desirable variety. 75 cts . each.
James Brydon. A superb variety, being a free grower, with rosy crimson flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter. $\$ 2$ each.
Lucida. A free grower and a good bloomer. Flowers large, starshaped, rosy vermilion, darker center; stamens orange, leaves blotched reddish brown; a magnificent variety. \$1.50 each.
Laydekeri lilacea. Flowers 3 to 5 inches across, rosy lilac, shaded bright carmine, with a tea rose fragrance. 75 cts. each.
Laydekeri purpurata. A free-blooming variety ; flowers mediumsized, rosy crimson with reddish orange stamens. 75 cts. each.
Marliacea albida. A vigorous variety; flowers large, of sparkling whiteness, stamens light yellow, sepals flushed pink fragrant and produced freely and continuously through the season. Very desirable. 50 cts . each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Marliacea carnea. Similar to the preceding save in color, which is of a soft flesh-pink, deepening toward the base of the petals. 75 cts . each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Marliacea chromatella. A free and vigorous grower; flowers 4 to 6 inches across, bright canary-yellow; stamens deep yellow; leaves deep green, beautifully blotched with brown. One of the best. 75 cts . each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Marliacea rosea. Resembles $N . M$. carnea in habit and growth; flowers large, deep rose color; young leaves purplish red, changing to deep green. One of the very best pink hardy Water Lilies for cutting. \$1 each, \$1o per doz.


Hardy Nymphaeas

Marliacea ignea. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across; color deep carmine. A free bloomer of great merit. $\$ 3$ each.
Marliacea rubra-punctata. Flowers deep rosy purple, spotted carmine; stamens orange-red. A very choice variety, and a free, continuous bloomer. \$3 each.
Odorata. This is the fragrant Pond Lily of the northeastern United States; flowers white, 3 to 5 inches in diameter; stamens yellow; leaves dark green above, under surface deep red to reddish green; splendidly adapted for planting in quantity in natural ponds. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Odorata, W. B. Shaw. Flowers large, of a rich rose pink color and very fragrant. A strong grower and continuous bloomer. 75 c . ea.
Odorata, Luciana. An exquisite variety. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across, of pure rose-pink, with delightful fragrance. 75 cts. each.
Odorata exquisita. Flowers of a very intense rose-carmine, 3 to 5 inches across. Very attractive. \$I each.
Odorata sulphurea. Flowers fragrant, 4 to 5 inches across; sul-phur-yellow, standing well above the water. A desirable variety. 50 cts . each.
Pygmaea. The smallest Water Lily in cultivation. Flowers white, $11 / 2$ to 2 inches across. A free bloomer. 75 cts. each.
Pygmaea, Helvola. A yellow Pygmæa; a very dainty Lily and very free-flowering. 75 cts . each.
Paul Hariot. A grand and magnificent flower of largest size; clear yellow with delicate shadings of red at base of petals; distinct and continuous flowering. A splendid variety and should be in every collection. \$3.50 each.
Robinsoni. Large floating flowers of a dark orange-red color. A free bloomer and should be in every collection. \$1 ea., \$10 per doz.
Sioux. Large flowers of rich brassy yellow, shaded red; petals lanceolate; stamens deep yellow; bronzy green foliage, spotted reddish brown. French novelty. \$3 each.
Seignoreti. Bears an abundance of pale yellow flowers, shaded pink and carmine; orange-yellow stamens; foliage spotted chest-nut-brown. \$1.50 each.
Tuberosa rubra. A new hybrid with flowers 5 to 7 inches across, of a beautiful shade of rosy red. Has a rich fragrance, but is a rather shy bloomer. \$r. 50 each.
Tuberosa maxima. Flowers medium size, cup-shaped; pure white with strong fragrance. 20 cts. each.
Tuberosa rosea. Flowers of an exquisite shade of pink, 4 to 5 inches across, standing well out of the water. Desirable. 50c. each.
Tuberosa Richardsoni. Flowers white, 6 to 8 inches across, forming with its numerous petals a perfect globe when fully open. The most beautiful white Lily; fragrant. 50 cts . each.
William Doogue. Amagnificent Lily, Flowers cup-shaped, 5 to 6 inches across and fragrant; of a beautiful shell-pink color. A continuous bloomer and very desirable. \$I each.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



## TENDER NYMPHAAS

## Day-Blooming

Capensis. Cape Blue Water Lily. Flowers rich sky-blue, 6 to 8 inches across; sepals green outside, whitish within, flushed blue. A very desirable species and useful for cutting. 75c.ea., \$7.50 per doz.
Coerulea. Flowers 3 to 6 inches across; buds conical-pointed; sepals thickly marked with black lines and dots; petals 14 to 20, lanceolate, acute, light blue above, lower half dull white; stamens yellow. Free grower and bloomer. 75 cts each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Gracilis. A Mexican species of great merit, and the only white day-flowering tropical species in cultivation. Leaves green, 15 to 17 inches across; flowers white, 6 to 8 inches across; stamens deep yellow; distinct and free-flowering, the flowers standing a foot or more out of the water, and possessing a delicate fragrance. Desirable for cutting. \$2 each.
Mrs. C. W. Ward. A hybrid of $N$. gracilis. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across, on stout stems high above the water; color deep rosy pink with golden yellow stamens. A desirable and handsome variety. $\$ 2$ each.
Pennsylvania. An improved $N$. pulcherrima, the flowers being much larger in size and of a deeper, richer blue; possessing all the good points of that grand free and continuous flowering blue Nymphæa. \$2.50 each.
Pulcherrima. A most beautiful hybrid; flowers light blue, io to 12 inches across; stamens yellow, sepals marked with black lines and dots, as are also the leaves on the under surface. A continuous bloomer and one of the best. Price $\$ 2$ each.
William Stone. A hybrid of N. gracilis. This variety has flowers 5 to 6 inches across, of a rich violet-blue stamens purple with yellow center. Blooms stand well out of the water, open early and remain open all day. Desirable. $\$ 2$ each.
Zanzibariensis. A superb variety of the deepest purple. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across; very free-flowering, with strong fragrance. Very desirable. \$1.50 each.
Zanzibariensis azurea. Similar to the above, but the flowers open wider and are of a lighter blue color. 75 cts , each.
Zanzibariensis rosea. Flowers rose, of various shades; otherwise like the preceding. 75 cts , each.

## Night-Blooming

Bissettii. Flowers 8 to 10 inches across, of a beautiful rose-pink color; petals broad and slightly concave, forming a cup-shaped bloom. Free in flower. \$5 each.
Dentata. Flower 8 to 12 inches in diameter, of the purest white; open horizontally. A free bloomer. 75 cts . each.
Dentata, Improved. A seedling of Dentata, with fiowers 6 to 8 inches across; pure white with broad petals. A free bloomer and desirable. 75 cts. each.
Dentata magnifica. Flowers 8 to 12 inches in diameter, creamy white, with very wide petals slightly concave, giving the bloom a cup-shaped appearance; stamens pure yellow. \$2 each.
Devoniensis. Flowers 8 to to inches across, of a bright rosy red color, borne on stout stems well above the water. The plant blooms very freely and is one of the most desirable varieties. 75 cts. each.

NIGHT-BLOOMING NYMPHAEAS, continued
Deaniana. A strong grower; leaves bronzy green; flowers pink, sepals deep rose-pink. \$1.50 each.
Frank Trelease. Flowers 8 to 9 inches across, of a rich, dark, glowing crimson; foliage dark bronzered. A superb night bloomer. $\$ 2$ each.
George Huster. A free-growing and free-blooming plant. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across, of a brilliant crimson. A desirabie acquisition. \$2 each.
Jubilee. Flowers of a great substance, creamy white, flushed with pink at base, 6 to 8 inches across. Quite desirable. \$1 each.
O'Marana. Flowers of the largest size ; petals of a reddish pink with nearly white stripes up the center. A vigorous grower and a free-flowering variety. \$I.50 each.
Rubra. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across, of a deep purplish red. A free bloomer and desirable. 60 cts . each.
Rubra rosea. One of the best red night-bloomers in cultivation. Flowers 8 to io inches across, rosy carmine; petals broad at base, but pointed. $\$ 1$ ea. Sturtevantii. An exceedingly beautiful flower, 8 to 12 inches across; color bright red. One of the very best Nymphæas, but requires liberal treatment and a hot summer to bring it to perfection. \$2.50 each.

## NELUMBIUMS

These are stately plants with bold, massive, peltate leaves on stout stalks 4,5 or more feet high and 2 to 3 feet across. The flowers are also large and magnificently grand in appearance. They are of easy culture ; can be grown in a natural or artificial pond, boxes or tubs, but require liberal treatment. They are perfectly hardy, provided the tubers are kept free from frost. They are impatient of removal and should not be transplanted before the beginning of May. Tubers hold good about a month or six weeks; after then, when growth is accelerated by the warm weather, pot-grown plants can be furnished at prices quoted.
Album grandiflorum. Flowers pure white, large and very beautiful and fragrant; very choice. $\$ 2.50$ each.
Pekinensis rubrum. Flowers brilliant rosy carmine, 10 to 12 inches across; very vigorous, and free-flowering. $\$ 4$ each, potplants $\$ 5$ each.
Shiroman. This superb variety surpasses all others in stateliness and size; a model of perfection. Flowers pure white, large and very double; a vigorous grower and free-flowering. $\$ 3$ each, potplants $\$ 4$ each.
Speciosum (Egyptian Lotus). Exquisite flowers of a beautiful rose color; vigorous and free-flowering. $\$ 1.50$ each, pot-plants $\$ 2.50$ each.

## VICTORIA REGIA

## Royal Water Lily

Victoria Lilies require much space to develop their monstrous leaves, which are often 5 feet across, with upturned rims 5 to 7 inches. $V$. regia requires a high temperature for development, otherwise the season may close without a flower being seen. $V$. Trickeri succeeds well under the ordinary treatment for tender Nymphæas, but should not be planted out, or shipment made before warm, settled weather is assured, usually about the middle of June. Regia. The well-known species. Plants $\$ 7.50$ and $\$$ ro each.
Trickeri. This species is of vigorous and rapid growth and produces its marvelous flowers at an early stage. A single plant often has from io to 15 well-developed leaves and frequently two flowers open at the same time. The flowers are white when first open, changing to deep rose the second day and have a strong fragrance not unlike a ripe pineapple. The flowers open at night, the same as the night-blooming Nymphæas. Plants $\$ 7.50$ and $\$ 10$ ea.

## MISCELLANEOUS AQUATICS

APONOGETON distachyun (Cape Pond Weed). Flowers pure white, produced on forked spikes, very fragrant. 50 cts each.
CYPERUS alternifolius (Umbrella Palm). A very attractive plant in water, or planted in moist ground. 15 cts . and 25 c . ea. C. Papyrus (Egyptian Paper). A very ornamental plant by the waterside. The triangular stems attain a height of 6 to 8 feet, surmounted with a tuft of long, thread-like leaves. 25 cts . and 50 cts . each.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S STERLING PLANTS

## HARDY SHRUBS

Our shrubs are all large, carefully selected plants, and can be sent by express only, purchaser paying express charges. Special prices given on quantities.

Price of all shrubs on this page, unless otherwise noted, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Calycanthus floridus (Strawberry Shrub)

An interesting shrub, having a rare and pleasant fragrance of wood and flowers; its blooms are abundant and of a peculiar chocolate color. 2 to 3 feet.

## Cydonia (Japan Quince)

Manlei. Beautiful orange-colored flowers; a distinct shade; fine. Japonica atrosanguinea. A handsome variety, with semi-double scarlet flowers.

## Caryopteris Mastacanthus (Blue Spirea)

A pretty autumn-blooming plant, producing clusters of fragrant blue flowers.

## Cornus (Dogwood)

Sibirica. A rare and remarkable variety with bright red bark in winter.
Sibirica variegata. A very pretty variety having variegated foliage. Spathei. Foliage pale yellow and green.


Deutzia gracilis

## Deutzia

Gracilis. Of a dwarf, bushy habit; the racemes of white flowers completely cover the plants, making it one of the most attractive shrubs of the season, blossoming in June.
Lemoinei. The branches are entirely covered with erect panicles of large, snow-white flowers, quite distinct from all other Deutzias; one of the best dwarf varieties; fine for forcing.
Pride of Rochester. It excels all the older sorts in size of flower, length of panicle, profuseness of bloom and vigorous habit.
Wateri. A new free-flowering, double white varietv.

## Daphne

Mezereum, White. Small, erect branches; clusters of pink fowers in March
Mezereum, Red. Very pretty red flowers.

## Exochorda

Grandiflora. Pearl Bush. A fine shrub, producing large white flowers in May.

## Flowering Currants

The Flowering Currants are gay, beautiful shrubs in early spring, and of the easiest culture. White, Red and Yellow-flowering.

## Forsythia

Viridissima. Bright yellow flowers, which appear early in the spring.
Suspensa. Yellow flowers; drooping habit.

## Genista

Sagittalis. A fine dwarf perennial; pea-shaped, yellow flowers, in a terminal spike.

## Honeysuckle, Upright (Lonicera)

The following varieties are of erect, shrubby habit; valuable for their showy fruit. The climbing sorts will be found under head of Hardy Vines and Creepers, page 98.
Lonicera Morrowii. A very fine variety from Japan; valuable for its handsome red fruit.
L. Tatarica rosea. Pink flowers, which contrast beautifully with the foliage.
L. Tatarica alba. Forms a high bush, with creamy white, fragrant flowers.
L. Tatarica grandiflora. A beautiful shrub, producing large red and white flowers.

## Hydrangea

Arborescens grandiflora (Hills of Snow). This superb new Hydrangea is a variety of the hardy native species, H. arborescens, commonly found wild in most of the states east of the Mississippi river. The variety Grandiflora is likewise absolutely hardy, and is, moreover, of easy culture and an exceedingly prolific bloomer. A five-year-old plant has produced one hundred and twenty-six perfect blooms at one time. The size of the flower is one of the striking features of this shrub. Twelve-inch blooms are frequently found on young plants, while the average size on mature plants is usually 6 inches or more. The color of the flower is a pure snow-like white, without the creamy and later pink tints that are characteristic of the $H$. paniculata grandiflora. The length of time this whiteness is retained depends somewhat on local conditions, but is usually from four to five weeks, when the flowers begin to change slowly and gradually to a light green color, and by October the foliage and fowers are of a similar shade. The flower clusters remain intact long after the leaves have fallen, and frequently throughout the following winter. Extra, 2-year-old plants, 75 cts . each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.; extra, 3 -year-old plants, $\$$ r each, \$1o per doz.; extra, 5 -year-old plants, $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15$ per doz.
Paniculata grandifiora. One of the most popular shrubs in cultivation, blooming at a time when few other shrubs are in flower. The immense panicles of pure white flowers, which appear in August, turn to a delicate pink, remaining until late in the autumn. Spikes of flowers have been known to measure 12 inches long by 22 inches in circumference. Extra-strong plants, 5 to 6 branches. Standards about 5 feet high, extra fine, 75 cts. each, $\$ 8$ per doz.
Hortensis (Garden Hydrangea). A well-known variety used for porch decoration and Easter forcing. The flower-heads are large, showy and of a pretty pink tint, which may be changed to blue by the use of iron-filings in the soil.
Otaksa. Of vigorous growth, especially in rich, moist soil, heavy, dark green foliage ; large heads of beautiful rose-pink flowers, blooming freely when quite young. 50 cts . each, $\$ 4.50$ per doz.

## Hibiscus (Rose of Sharon)

This has become one of the most popular flowering shrubs, coming in flower, as it does, in July or August, when few shrubs are in bloom. The entire plant is covered with beautiful double flowers, which, at a distance, look like roses. They make a very pretty flowering hedge. Three years old, in ten separate varieties, single and double, in white, blush, shaded, blue, purple, red, violet, pink, shaded, yellow.

## Hypericum

Moserianum. The showiest of all the varieties and a novelty of decided merit. Of dwarf, half-pendulous habit; fine for massing; elegant, glossy foliage; the largest blossoms of the whole family having orange-yellow petals and a beautiful red mass of stamens in the center and are produced freely from mid-summer until hard frost.

## Kerria

Japonica. A slender, green-branched shrub, covered with a profusion of globular yellow flowers from July to October.
Variegata. A dwarf variety from Japan, with small, green foliage, edged with white. One of the prettiest and most valuable of dwarf shrubs.

## Lilacs

Our pot-grown Lilacs will produce 10 to 15 flowers the first season. Charles X. A strong, rapid-growing variety, with large, shining leaves; trusses large, reddish purple. Pot-grown, extra fine, \$1.25 each, $\$ 12$ per doz.
Marie Legraye. Large panicles of white flowers, valuable for forcing. The finest white Lilac. Pot-grown plants, \$1.25 each, \$12 per doz.
Souv. de L. Spaeth. Panicles long; individual flowers large, single; dark purplish red; the finest of its color. Pot-grown plants, \$1.25 each, \$12 per doz.
Standard, or Tree-shaped, 7 feet high, best named varieties, $\$ 2.50$ each, $\$ 25$ par doz.

## Mahonia (Ashberry)

Aquifolia. A native shrub of medium size, with large, shining, prickly leaves, similar to those of the famous English Holly, which turn scarlet in the fall; bright yellow flowers in May, succeeded by bluish berries.
Japonica. A new variety from Japan, with very broad, spiny foliage of a light green color; yellow flowers in May.

## Prunus

Triloba (Double-flowered Plum). Native of China. A highly interesting and desirable addition to hardy shrubs; the double flowers are of a delicate pink, upward of an inch in diameter, thickly set on the long, slender branches; flowers in May.

## Syringa (Mock Orange)

Coronarius (Garland Mock Orange). This is the popular wellknown variety; very sweet, and one of the first to flower.
Grandiflorus (Large-flowered Syringa). Has very showy, large flowers, slightly fragrant; branches somewhat straggling.
Foliis aureis (Golden-leaved Syringa). A very pretty plant of medium size, of golden yellow foliage. It keeps its color the entire season, and will be found valuable for creating pleasing and striking contrasts with purple-leaved shrubs.
Nanus (Dwarf Syringa). Of low habit; makes a dense, compact bush, rarely produces flowers; useful as a dwarf shrub.
Lemoinei erectus (Lemoine's Erect Syringa). A charming variety of upright growth; flowers small, yellowish white, fragrant, completely covering the plant.
Double Deutzia-flowered. A fine double-flowering variety.


Weigela rosea


Viburnum plicatum

## Symphoricarpos

Racemosus. Snowberry. A well-known shrub, with small pink flowers and large white berries that hang on the plant through part of the winter.

## Sambucus (Elder)

Golden Elder. One of the most showy shrubs grown, on account of its golden foliage. Very desirable for ornamenting lawns.
Laciniata. A valuable variety, with elegantly divided leaves; one of the best cut-leaved shrubs.
Weeping. A fine drooping variety.

## Spiraea

Fortune's Rose. Has large panicles of deep rosy blossoms; grows freely and blooms nearly all summer; fine.
Anthony Waterer. A fine new dwarf Spirea with dark crimson flowers. One of the finest shrubs of recent years. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Van Houttei. Without doubt the finest variety in the collection. At the flowering season in May and early June, the plant is covered with a mass of large white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance.

## Viburnum (Snowball)

Sterile (Guelder Rose: Snowball Tree). A well-known favorite shrub of large size, with globular clusters of pure white, sterile flowers the latter part of May.
Plicatum (Japan Snowball). From North China. Of moderate growth; handsome plicated leaves; globular heads of pure white neutral flowers early in June. It surpasses the common variety in several respects. Its habit is better, foliage much handsomer, flowers whiter and more delicate. One of the most valuable flowering shrubs. 75 cts . each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Tomentosum. The single form of the beautiful Japan Snowball ( $V$. plicatum). Flowers pure white, borne along the branches in flat cymes, in the greatest profusion, early in June. Perfectly hardy, vigorous and free-blooming.

## Weigela

Nana foliis variegatis (Variegated-leaved Dwarf Weigela). Of dwarf habit, and possessing clearly defined, silvery variegated leaves; flowers nearly white. It stands the sun well, and is one of the best dwarf variegated-leaved shrubs.
Rosea (Rose-colored Weigela). An elegant shrub, with fine rose-colored flowers, introduced from China by Mr. Fortune, and considered one of the finest plants he has discovered; of erect, compact growth; blossoms in June.
Amabilis, or splendens. Of robust habit, large foliage and pink flower; blooms freely in the autumn; distinct and beautiful.
Eva Rathke. A charming new Weigela, with brilliant crimson flowers; a beautiful, distinct, clear shade.
Mme. Van Houttei. Clear carmine flowers; showy and handsome.
Conquete. Flowers deep pink; the largest of all the Weigelas.
Mont Blanc. Flowers very large, pure white; hardy and vigorous.
La Perle. Large, creamy white flowers, edged with light rose.
Price of all shrubs on this page, unless otherwise noted, 50 cts each, $\$ 5$ per dozen

## FRUIT AND VINE PLANTS

## GRAPES

Agawam. Red or maroon. Bunch usually loose, shouldered; berries large; skin thick; flesh pulpy, meaty, juicy, of a rich, peculiar aromatic flavor; ripens about with Concord; a good keeper. Vine a strong, rank grower, hardy and productive; should be pruned, leaving long canes. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Brighton. Red. Bunch medium to large, long, compact; shouldered; berries medium; skin thin; flesh tender, sweet, with scarcely any pulp; quality best. Vine a vigorous grower, healthy, hardy and productive; one of the best early red Grapes. The flowers have reflexed stamens and do not always fertilize fully unless planted with Concord, Worden, Martha or other varieties which blossom at the same time. Ripens with Delaware. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Catawba. Dark red when fully ripe. Bunch large, moderately compact, shouldered; berries medium to large; skin thick, tough; flesh somewhat pulpy, with rich, vinous flavor, of best quality for both table and wine. Vine a good grower, hardy, with healthy foliage; very productive and profitable where it succeeds and matures well. Ripens too late for high latitudes. 3oc. ea., $\$ 3$ per doz.
Concord. Black. Early. Decidedly the most popular Grape in America, and deservedly so. Bunch large, shouldered, compact; berries large, covered with a rich bloom; skin tender, but sufficiently firm to carry well to distant markets; flesh juicy, sweet, pulpy, tender. Vine a strong grower, very hardy, healthy and productive. For general cultivation the most reliable and profitable variety. 30 cts . each, $\$ 3$ per doz.
Diamond. White. Bunch large, compact, shouldered; berries large, round; skin thin, but tough; flesh tender, juicy, with but little pulp. Vine is a good grower, with thick, healthy foliage; hardy and productive; of fine quality. Ripens a little before Concord. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Delaware. Red. Bunch small, compact, sometimes shouldered; berries small; skin thin, but firm; flesh juicy, very sweet and refreshing, of best quality for both table and wine ; ripens with Concord or a little before. Vine hardy, productive, a moderate grower; requires rich soil and good culture. Is regarded by many as the best American Grape, all things considered. It should be in every garden and vineyard. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3$ per doz.
Eaton. Black. Similar in foliage to Concord. In growth, health, hardiness of vine, and in every respect its equal, while in size of bunch and berry it is much larger and more attractive. Leaf large, thick, leathery, covered on the under side with a thick brownish yellow down. Bunch very large, compact, double shouldered; berries very large, many i inch in diameter, round, black, covered with a heavy blue bloom, adheres firmly to the stem; skin thin, but tough; pulp tender, separating freely from the seeds and dissolving easily in the mouth; very juicy. Ripens with Concord or a little earlier. 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Green Mountain. White. Bunch medium to large, shouldered; berries medium, greenish white; skin thin, tough; pulp tender, sweet, with few seeds; of excellent quality, free from foxiness; very early. Vine vigorous, healthy, hardy and very productive. A fine Grape, identical in every way with Winchell. 40 cts. each, $\$ 4$ per doz.
Moore's Early. Black. Bunch rarely shouldered; not quite so large as Concord; berries larger and very much like it in flavor and quality. Vine a moderate grower; very healthy and hardy; foliage thick, leathery, somewhat resembling Concord, except on the under side, which is covered with a yellowish brown down. Produces a fair, and, with high cultivation, a heavy crop. Ripens so early as to be nearly out of market before Concord is ripe and is, therefore, a very popular early market variety. Succeeds best on rich soil. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Niagara. White. Bunch very large and handsome, often shouldered; compact; berries large, round; skin thin, tough, does not crack, and carries well; has not much pulp when fully ripe; melting, sweet, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes ; ripens with Concord, 35c. ea., $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Pocklington. Pale green, usually with tinge of golden yellow where exposed to the sun ; bunch large, very compact; berries very large, covered with a beautiful white bloom; flesh juicy, sweet, with considerable pulp. 30 cts . each, $\$ 3$ per doz.
Worden. Black. Bunch large, sometimes shouldered, compact; berries very large, skin thin. Superior to the Concord in the following points: It is better in quality, has a larger berry, a more compact and handsome cluster and ripens five to ten days earlier. 50 cts each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

Collection 1 each of the above 12 varieties $\$ 3$

## RASPBERRIES

## Red Varicties

Cardinal. This wonderful berry is a surprise in the fullness of its merits, great growth, extreme hardiness and wonderful product iveness. It will grow ten feet high and bear accordingly, producing its choice, rich, red, pure-flavored fruit in marvelous abundance. Leading horticulturists who have seen the berry say it is one of the wonders of the century. ro cts. each, $\$ \mathrm{r}$ per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Cuthbert. Deep, rich crimson, large to very large, very firm. One of the very best market varieties. Season medium to late. A remarkably strong, hardy and productive variety. 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Miller. Bright red, large, round, of fine quality. One of the firmest and best shippers for early market. Vigorous, hardy, immensely productive. 60 cts . per doz., $\$ 4.50$ per 100.

## Black and Purple Varieties

Cumberland. Black. Very large; very similar to Gregg in quality and firmness; in hardiness and productiveness it is unexcelled. 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100.
Gregg. Black. Has been for many years the leading market berry Large, firm, of good quality, ripening late. Exceedingly productive, 75 cts. each, $\$ 6$ per ioo.
Munger Raspberry. Is beyond doubt the finest, latest and largest fancy market berry in existence. Many are substituting for this variety. Do not allow it, as there is no other Black Cap half so good. Send to us and get genuine Munger, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100 .

## CURRANTS

Cherry. A strong-growing variety. Fruit of the largest size, deep red. 10 cts. each, $\$$ per doz., $\$ 7$ per ioo.
Moore's Ruby. Bush upright, strong-growing; cluster medium to large; berries above medium, juicy, sweet and good; clear ruby color. io cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.
North Star. Bush very vigorous, upright, somewhat spreading ; clusters medium length; berries vary from small to medium or above; dark red; comparatively mild acid. Hardy; productive. io cts, each, \$r per doz., \$7 per ioo.
Victoria (Ruby Castle). Bush a very strong, upright grower foliage rather pale bronze-green ; clusters above medium length ; berries medium or above, bright red, with mild acid pulp. One of the most valuable late varieties. Very productive. 10 cts . each, $\$$ per doz., \$7 per 100
Wilder (President Wilder). Bush upright, vigorous; clusters above medium length; berries large to very large, averaging large; bright red; excellent, with mild subacid flavor. Ripens early and remains bright and firm until very late, ro cts. each, \$1 per doz., $\$ 7$ per 100.
Black Naples. Bush very vigorous, upright, moderately productive; fruit varies from small to large, averaging above medium; pulp acid, with strong flavor. An old and well-known variety. io cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100 .
White Imperial. Bush vigorous and very productive; clusters large; berries very large, sweet and most delicious. This is the best of the White Currants. 10 cts . each, $\$$ I per doz., $\$ 7$ per 100.

## BLACKBERRIES

Dorchester. Medium ; fruit firm, sweet and high-flavored. A vigorous grower, producing large crops.
Kittatinny. A stout, erect and vigorous-growing kind. Fruit large and delicious.
Wilson's Early. Very good, large, firm and sweet; hardy and productive, and one of the earliest in fruit.
Mersereau. A mammoth early berry; very sweet and melting, without core, and an enormous yielder.
Iceberg. One of Luther Burbank's introduction, color white, a novelty.

10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100
GOOSEBERRIES
Downing. Pale green, large, prolific and good. Best for home and market use. \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100
Smith's Improved. Large, pale, greenish yellow; skin thin. Excellent quality. \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100 .
Red Jacket. Bush vigorous, upright and productive. Fruit varies in size from medium to above medium. Color pale red. \$r per doz., \$8 per 100 .
Golden Prolific. Good grower; hardy; productive. Fruit large golden yellow; excellent. $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York

## SELECTED FRUIT TREES

We recommend Northern-grown fruit trees to our customers, as they will be found to give better satisfaction than Southern-grown or Western-grown trees. We furnish excellent clean trees, which, if planted carefully, are almost sure to succeed. Trees, when received, should be planted at once in rich, prepared soil, the roots being carefully separated and spread. If dry weather follows planting, the trees must be watered and mulched. Branches of last season's growth should be well cut back, thus encouraging the vigorous growth of new healthy shoots.


## Apples

## SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Harvest. Pale yellow; medium size. August. Red Astrachan. Crimson; large; fine. August. Sweet Bough. Pale yellow ; very rich. August.

## AUTUMN VARIETIES

Fall Pippin. Yellow; delicious. October.
Gravenstein. Striped. September to November.
Maiden's Blush. Yellow, with red cheek. October.

## WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Red; large; excellent.
Ben Davis. Yellow and red; large and luscious.
Fameuse, or Snow Apple. Very fine.
King. Crimson; extra large and fine.
Northern Spy. One of the best ; large.
Rhode Island Greening. Excellent.
Roxbury Russet. Medium size; splendid. October. Price: XX, each $\$ 1$; XXX, each $\$ 1.50$

## Crab Apples

Red Siberian. Yellow and scarlet; medium.
Yellow Siberian. Deep yellow; medium; fine.

## Cherries

Black Tartarian. Purplish black: very rich. June.
Governor Wood. Yellow, with red cheek. June
Yellow Spanish. Pale yellow, with bright red cheek; large and juicy.

Price: XX, each 75 cts.; XXX, each $\$ 1.25$

## Peaches

Champion. Freestone; white and red; large and juicy. Excellent new sort. August.
Crawford's Early. Freestone; yellow and red. September.
Crawford's Late. Freestone; very large. October.
Elberta. (New.) Freestone; large, handsome, golden yellow and crimson; very productive. The best early sort for market.
Hale's Early. Freestone; rich and juicy. August.
Price: XX, each 50 cts ; $\mathbf{X X X}$, each 75 cts.

## Pears

SUMMER VARIETIES
Bartlett. A splendid summer variety. September.
Clapp's Favorite. Yellow and red; large. August.
Price: XX, each $\$ 1$; XXX, each, $\$ 1.50$

## AUTUMN VARIETIES

Belle Lucrative. Green; sweet; large. September.
Louise Bonne. Large; long; melting. October.
Seckel. Small; one of the sweetest. September.

## WINTER VARIETIES

Beurre d'Anjou. Large; unsurpassed flavor. November.
Duchesse d'Angouleme. Very large; rich.
Lawrence. Medium; delicious quality.
Price: XX, each $\$ 1$; XXX, each $\$ 1.50$

## Plums

Bradshaw. Large; purple; sweet. August.
Coe's Golden Drop. Large ; oval; yellow. September.
Damson. Small; for preserving. October.
Imperial Gage. Large; oval; green; very sweet. September.
Jefferson. Yellow and red; fine. August.
Lombard. Violet-red; medium. September
Pond's Seedling. Violet; large and juicy. September.
Smith's Orleans. Purple; very rich. September.
Price: XX, each 75 cts ; $\mathbf{X X X}$, each $\$ 1.25$

## Quinces

Apple or Orange. Large; round; yellow.
Champion. Extra large; pyriform.
Price: XX, each $\$ 1$; XXX, each $\$ 1.50$

# English Pot-Grown Grape-Vines, Nectarines, Peaches and Other Fruit Trees 

We import all these plants on advance orders only, and have each individual order packed separately for our customers. Our growers, Messrs. Thomas Rivers and Sons, are considered the most reliable and best growers. Varieties and prices on application.

## Foreign Fruit Trees

The following list of fruits have been imported by us and grown on in our nursery, and can be relied upon to give satisfaction. If stock is desired for open-ground planting for espaliers, etc., we can strongly recommend same.

| Each | Each |
| :---: | :---: |
| Apples, 10 varieties, dwarf pyramidal form, 7 -year-old........\$3 50 | Pears, standard form, extra-fine shape. 7-year-old............ $\$ 350$ |
| Apples, standard form, extra-fine shape. 7 -year-old.......... 350 | Cherries, standard form, extra-fine shape...................... 350 |
| Pears, 10 varieties, dwarf pyramidal form. 7 -year-old........ 350 |  |
| To prevent San José Scale, or check it if your trees are already | sted, use "Scalecide," a dormant spray that should be applied any wth. Price per gallon $\$ 1$, 5 gals. $\$ 3.25$, Io gals. $\$ 6,50$-gal. barrel $\$ 25$. |

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S GENERAL SUPPLIES

## Miscellaneous Garden Supplies

Asparagus Buncher, "Acme." No. I makes bunch 3 to $31 / 2$ in. diameter, length adjustable 7 to 9 in .; No. 2 makes bunch 4 to $4^{1 / 2}$ in. diameter, length adjustable 7 to 9 in. $\$ 2$.
Asparagus Knives. English Saw-tooth, \$1; American V-Shaped, 30 cts . American Straight Edge, 30 cts
Baskets, Rustic Hanging. Unexcelled for style, finish and durability.


Baskets, Wire Hanging-
Each Doz.
8-inch................... $\$ 025$ \$2 75 12-inch...................... $\$ 0$ 40 40 oc
Baskets, Imported English Garden-
No. 2. $111 / 2$ in 6 in. . so $40 \$ 450$
No. 4. 15 in. $8 \frac{1}{2}$ in.. 60675 No. 5. $17^{1 / 2}$ in. $9^{1 / 2}$ in.. 75850
Baskets, Orchid- Doz. 100
4-inch ................. $\$ 35^{50} \$ 2400$
4 -inch
$400 \quad 2750$
6 -inch ................. 450 3150
Boxes, Cardboard, Flower (Gre Depth Length Width 100
No. 1. 3 in. 18 in. 5 in... $\$ 300$
No. 2. $3^{1 / 2}$ in. 21 in. 7 in... 500
No. 3. 4 in. 24 in. 8 in... 700
Boxes, Violet. No. 5. 8 in deep Ir in long $5^{x / 2}$ in wide 87 per ioo. No 10. 6 in. deep, 9 in . long, 5 in . wide, $\$ 5$ per 100.

Bozes, Corrugated Cardboard. Very heavy and durable; extensively used by florists for shipping cut-flowers.
No. Length Width Depth Doz. $100 \mid$ No. Length Width Depth Doz. 100
A. 20 in. 7 in. 4 in. . $\$ 120 \$ 900$ D. 36 in. I4 in. 8 in. $\$ 300 \$ 2200$
B. 28 in . $8 \mathrm{in}, 5 \mathrm{in}$. 150 II 00 E. 48 in . 14 in .8 in .43502800
C. 30 in. 12 in. 6 in. . 2001600

Carnation Supports. Model Extension, 2-ring, 50 cts. per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100; 3-ring, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 3.50$ per 100
Clips, Eureka. For fastening rose and chrysanthemum wire stakes. 75c. per box of $500, \$ 1.40$ per box of 1,000.
Corn Knife. For cutting corn stalks or heavy grass. 35c. ea., $\$ 3.50$ per doz
Dibble, Garden. For transplanting cabbage, celery, etc. Small size, steel point, 35 cts .; larger size 40 cts . ; large size, brass point, 60 cts .

## Flower Pots, Pans, Vases, Saucers and Stands

Flower Pots Standard. Best on the market. Doz. 100

|  | Doz. | 100 | 6-inch | \$0 75 | \$4 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-inch | . \$0 10 | \$0 60 | 7 -inch | .. 125 | 750 |
| $21 / 2$-inch | . 12 | 80 | 8 -inch | - 150 | 1000 |
| 3 -inch | 15 | 110 | 9-inch | 200 | 1500 |
| 4 -inch | 35 | 200 | ro-inch | 275 | 20 co |
| 5 -inch | 45 | 270 | 12-inch | 600 | 4000 |
| Flower Pot S | cers- | Doz. |  |  | Doz. |
| 4 -inch |  | \$0 25 | 9-inch |  | \$0 85 |
| 5 -inch |  |  | 10-inch |  | 100 |
| 6 -inch |  | 35 | ri-inch |  | 125 |
| 7 -inc |  | 40 | 12-inch |  | I 50 |
| 8 -inc |  | 50 | 14 -inch |  | I 75 |
| Round Lily Pans- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Height Width |  | Doz. | Height Width |  | Doz. |
| 4 -inch 8 -inch. |  | \$1 00 | 7 -inch 14 -inch |  | \$4 00 |
| 5 -inch ro-inch. |  | 150 | 8-inch 16-inch. |  | 800 |
| 6 -inch 12-in |  | 200 | 9-inch 18 -inch |  | 00 |
| Square Seed Pans- Doz. Doz. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 -inch $\times 6$-inch |  | \$3 00 | Io-inch $\times$ Io-inch |  | \$500 |
| 8 -inch x 8 -inch |  | 400 | 12-inch $\times 12$-inch |  |  |
| Flower Vases (Waterproof) Fiber Ware. Order by number. Inside |  |  |  |  |  |
| measurements. |  |  | Diam. | Depth | Doz. |
| Diam. | Depth | Doz. | No. $000.9-\mathrm{in}$. | 29-in. | \$33 on |
| No. o. 8-in. | 13-in.. | \$6 60 | No. oo. 9-in. | 22-in. | .25 co |
| No. 1, $5^{1 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. | 10-in.. | 570 | No. 11. $5^{5 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. | 18-in. | 660 |
| No. 2. $4^{1 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. | 9-in. | 500 | No. 22. $4^{1 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. |  | . 570 |
| No. 3. 4 -in. | 6-in... | 420 | No. 33. 4-in. | 12-in. | - 500 |
| No. 4. 3 -in. | $4^{1 / 2}$-in..... | - 330 | No. 44.3 -in. | 9-in. | 420 |
| Flower Pot Saucers (Waterproof) Fiber Ware- Each Doz. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Each | Doz. | 9 -inch. | \$0 22 | \$2 10 |
| 4-inch | . \$0 12 | \$1 25 | Io-inch |  | \$20 |
| 5 -inch | 15 | 150 | 12-inch |  | 250 |
| 6 -inch | 17 | 1 60 | 14-inch. | 30 | 350 |
| 7 -inch |  | 180 | 16-inch | 45 | 450 |
| 8 -inch | 21 | 200 | 18-inch | 50 | 5 00 |

Length Width Each Doz. No. 6. $20^{1 / 2}$ in. $10^{1 / 2}$ in. $\$ 090 \$$ ro 00 No. 8. 26 in. 14 in.... I 251400 No. 9. 28 in. 15 in.... I $50 \quad 1700$ 8-inch.................... \$5 50 \$45 oo 10-inch.................. 6504800 , lock corners)-

Depth Length Width yoo No. 4. 5 in, 28 in. 8 in..... $\$ 900$ No. 4. 5 in, 36 in. 8 in...... 1200


Rustic Hanging Basket





Acme Asparagus Buncher


Flower Vase


Orchid Box


Corrugated Flower Boxes


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York




Two-pronged Weeding Hoe


Electric Hose


Hose Cart No. 1


Rolling Stands For Heavy Plants-
Outside diam. Diam. at

|  |  | Cas | utsi | Dia bot | Caster Each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-in, | Io-in. | 3 -in. \$0 60 | 18 | 15 | 4-in. . \$1 |
|  | II-in | 3 -in. $\quad 70$ | 20-in. | 17 | 4-in. |
| 16-in. | 13 -in | 4-in.. 90 | -i | 20-1 | 5 -in. . I 3 |

16-in. 13 -in. 4-in.. 90 22-in. 20-in. 5 -in. . I 35 Flower Pot Brackets. Made of steel, artistic in design, finished in black. Saucers are absolutely secured by spring clasp. Each No. IA, Length of arm 8 -in. Clasp will hold 5 -in. pot....... 8030 No. 2A. Length of arm 10-in. Clasp will hold 6-in. pot...... 40 No. 3A. Length of arm 12-in. Clasp will hold 7 -in. pot...... 45
Flower Pot Handles and Hangers, Krick's Perfect - Doz. No. o. Will fit from 2 - to $3^{1 / 2}$-in. pots................................ $\$ 0$.
No. 1. Will fit from $3^{1 / 2}$ - to $5^{-i n}$. pots
30
No. 2. Will fit from 5 - to 8 -in. pots ................................. 4
No. 3. Will fit from 8 - to 12 -in. pots
Fork, Strawberry. Useful for weeding or general garden use. Io-inch. 25 cts.
Hay. Finest quality steel; oval-shaped tines, solid steel shank, patent ferrule long and strapped. 2-tine, 50 cts, each, $\$ 5.75$ per doz.; 3 -tine, 6oc. each, $\$ 7$ per doz.; 4-tine, $70 c$, each, $\$ 8$ per doz
Manure. Long or short handles. 4 -tine, D, handles, best material. 8 cts. each ; 5 -tine, D. handle, best material, \$I each.
Spading. 4-tine, D. handle, best material, \$1 each: 5-tine, D. handle, best material, $\$ 1.25$ each.
Fruit-Picker, Perfect. Galvanized wire, to fit any sized pole. 35c
Fumigators and Vaporizers. (See page in8.)
Garden Set, Ladies'. 3 pieces, \$1.
Garden Line. Best braided linen. Ioo ft., 50 cts . Reels, 60 cts .
Gardeners' Gloves. Heavy goat, for protecting hands. \$I per pair.
Glass Cutter. Steel wheel, 25 cts.; diamond, $\$ 3$ and $\$ 4$
Glazing Points, Van Reyper's. 65 cts. per $1,000, \$ 3$ for 5,000 .
Model. 40 cts. per lb
Seibert's Never-Rust Glazing Pegs. 50 cts. per lb.
Glazing Putty, Twemlow's Old English. Will not crack or peel. One gallon glazes 300 lineal feet. qt. 55 cts., gal. $\$$ r. 75 .
Grass Hook, Little Giant. Forged steel shank. 50 cts .
Imported English Riveted Back. Small size, 50 cts ; medium size, 55 cts.; large size, 60 cts.
Grafting Wax. 1/4 1 lb . 10 cts., $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 15 cts., 1 lb .25 cts ; postpaid, 40 c
Hoes, Draw or Garden. Extra-quality, cast steel, oil tempered polished blade. 5 -inch blade, 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.60$ per doz.; 6-, 7 and 8 -inch blade, 45 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.
Acme. Very popular tool for gardeners and fiorists for drilling, cultivating and weeding. Double prong, $4^{1 / 2-i n c h}$ blade. 50 cts .
English Scuffle. 5 -inch, 50 cts.; 6 -inch, 55 cts.; 7 -inch, 60 cts.; 8 -inch, $65 \mathrm{cts} . ; 9$-inch, 70 cts.; 10-inch, $75 \mathrm{cts} . ; 12$-inch, 85 cts. Handles io cts. extra.
Weeding. Two-prong. A very useful tool for general garden work. 35 cts. each, $\$ 3.60$ per doz.
Grub. Strong for grubbing out roots, etc. $3^{3 / 2}-1 \mathrm{~b} .85 \mathrm{cts}, 4^{-1 \mathrm{lb}} . \$ \mathrm{r}$, $4^{1 / 2}-1 \mathrm{~b} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25$, including handle
Warren. These Hoes are unequaled for hoeing, weeding, cultivating, making drills, covering seed, etc. Small size, 65 cts.; medium, 70 cts.; large, 75 cts .
Hose, Garden or Greenhouse-
Electric. Cut in any length. 20 cts. per ft
Wayahead. Seamless tube Hose-not a complaint from 10,000 feet sold last season. Cut in any length. 18 cts . per foot
Greenhouse. A good Hose for either inside or outside use, 25 ft . $\$ 4,100 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 16$.
Wearlong. A very good cheap-price Hose that has given excellent satisfaction. $25-\mathrm{ft}$. lengths, $\$ 3$; ICO ft . $\$ 12$.
All oitr Hose is guaranteed for the season, and any piece found defective will be replaced immediately
Hose Coupling, Plain Faucet. With this attachment any hose may be connected with the kitchen faucet. 50 cts.; by mail, 55 c .
Hose Menders, Cooper's Brass. $1 / 2-$ and $3 / 4$-inch, 75 c . per doz; ; r-inch, 85 cts . per doz.
Cauldwell's. Practical, simple and perfect. Box of 6 tubes, 20 bands and pliers, 75 cts.; by mail, $\$ 1$. Give size of hose when ordering. Extra tubes, $3 / 4$-inch, 3 cts. each, 20 cts . per doz.; extra pliers, 30 cts. each.
Little Wonder. 3 cts . each, 30 cts . per doz.
Hose Nozzles, Graduating Spray. Will throw a fine or coarse spray. 40 cts. each.
Boston. Copper face, 50 cts . each.
Fairy. Brass, 50 cts . each.
Seneca. Give fan-shaped spray. \$1.25 each.
Boss. Very effective for use on red spider. \$I each.
Shubert. Best made for general all-round use. Solid brass. \$2.50.
Mistry Jr. Can be used for spraying whitewash. \$i each.
Hydrant Swivel. Turns in any direction, preventing hose from kinking. For $3 / 4$-inch hose, 90 cts.; by mail, $\$$ I.
Hose Cart, No. 1. For lawn or garden; very simple in construction: easily manipulated and almost unbreakable. \$3.
Hose Reel, K. C. All metal, tubular frame, corrugated drum to allow circulation under hose. \$2.

Horse Roots. These boots are made from our own special design, and after two years' practical test, by an expert greenkeeper, have been pronounced by him as being the best-patterned boots made. Price, per set (4 boots), $\$ 9$ :
Hotbed Mats. Burlap, for protecting coldframes and hotbeds. Warmly lined with waste wool and cotton, which are quilted in to hold position.

Each Doz.
No. 1. $40 \times 76$ in Burlap both sides..................... \$1 co $\$ 1000$
No. 1. $76 \times 76$ in. Burlap both sides..................... I 40 1500
No. 2. $+0 x 76$ in. Waterproof Duck and Burlap....... 12512 oo
No. 2. $-6 x-6$ in. Waterproof Duck and Burlap....
No. 3. $40 \times 76$ in. Waterproof Duck on Both sides...
No. 3 . $6 \times 76$ in Waterproof Duck on Both sides... $250-2500$
Hotbed Sash. Well made from clean cypress, glazed and painted two c 'ts white paint. $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 40$ per doz.
Double $\mathbf{G}$ ass Sash. Two layers of glass with an air-space of one inch between. $\$ 5$ each, $\$ 55$ per doz.
Knives, Turf Edging. For cutting edges of walks, flower-beds, etc. 50 cts. each
Solid Welded Steel Edging. Socket handle; made of the very best steel; imported English. Price, with handle, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
Pruning-
No. 1, horn h
No. 2, ""
No. 3, "
No. 4, ebony
No. 5, "
$\qquad$ Each No. , horn handle
blades
I blade $\qquad$
No. 4, ebony
Budding


Labels, Wooden, Pot or Garden-


Labels, Zinc ( able and ir distinct. ${ }^{+}$ ten. These are unsurpassed being neat dur

| No. | Doz. | 100 | No. | Doz. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1-43 / 4 \times 3$ 3/2 | ...\$0 25 | \$1 25 | 6-2 $1 / 4 \times 2$ | \$0 20 | \$1 |
| $2-4 \times 23 / 4$ | 20 | 110 | 7-23/4x ${ }^{7 / 8}$ | 15 |  |
| 3-4 $\mathrm{x}_{3}$ | 20 | 110 | 13-23/4 $\times 11 / 4$ | 15 |  |
| 4-5 X1 | 20 | 110 | $14^{-11 / 2 \times 151 / 4}$ | 15 |  |
| $-3^{1 / 2} \mathrm{X}^{2} / 2$ | 25 | 130 | $15-4 \frac{1 / 4}{} \times 4^{3 / 4}$ | 15 |  |

Melon Nets. \$1.50 per doz.
Mole Trap, Olmstead's Improved. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.
New Model. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15$ per doz
Reddick's. \$i each, \$10 per doz
Out-of-Sight. 75 cts. each, $\$ 8$ per doz.

## Paper-

Wax. $24 \times 36$. Ream .... $\$ 3$ oo 18x24. Ream........... 200
Tissue. $24 \times 36$. Ream .. I oo
Paper Pots, Neponsett. Very economical; waterproof; can be nested closely for shipping. $2 \mathrm{~T} / 2$-inch ... \$0 10 $\$ 05^{2}$ \$400
$\begin{array}{lllll}3 \text {-inch } \ldots . . . & 12 & 70 & 6 & 00 \\ 31 / 2 \text {-inch } & 14 & 90 & 7 & \text { co }\end{array}$

Manilla. 24×36. Ream... \$2 00 Wrapping. $40 \times 48 \ldots \mathrm{Lb}$.
-
$\qquad$ Doz. 100 1,000
$\qquad$ \$o 20 \$1 $20 \quad \$ 800$ 5-inch ........ 25
30

Indelible Ink. 25 cts. per bottle.
Post-hole Diggers. Lock leather. \$1. 75 each
Augers. \$2 each
Pruners, Waters' Tree. Best pruner on market. 4 ft., 75 cts $6 \mathrm{ft} ., 85 \mathrm{cts}$; 8 ft ., $\$ \mathrm{I} ; 10 \mathrm{ft}, \$ \mathrm{tr}$ I5; 12 ft ., $\$ 1.25$.
Peat and Moss-
Orchid Peat. $\$ 2.50$ per bbl.
Rotted Fibrous Peat. $\$ 2.50$ per bbl.
Sphagnum Moss, Green. $\$ 2.50$ per bbl., $\$ 3$ per bale
Raffia, Natural. For tying. 25 cts. per lb., $\$ \mathrm{r} .1 \mathrm{o}$ for 5 lbs .
Rakes, Wood Hay Rake. 12 teeth. 30 cts. each, $\$ 3$ per doz
Wood Lawn Rakes. 24 teeth. 35 cts . each, $\$ 3.50$ per doz
Gravel Short Teeth. 12 -teeth 40 cts., 14 -teeth 50 c ., 16 -teeth 60 cts 18-teeth 70 cts .
Steel Garden. Bow handle. 11-teeth 70c., 13-teeth 75c., 15-teeth 800 Steel Garden. 1o-teeth 50c., 12-teeth 55 c ., 14 -teeth 60 c ., 16 -teeth 65 c
Saws, Pruning, Plain One Edge. 12 -in. 40 cts., 14-in. 50 cts. 16 -in. $60 \mathrm{cts} ., 18$-in. 70 cts., $20-\mathrm{in} .80 \mathrm{cts}$., 22 -in. 90 cts .
Pruning, Double Edge. 12 - in. 40 cts., I4-in. 50 cts ., I6-in. 60 cts. 18 -in. 70 cts., $20-\mathrm{in} .80$ cts., 22 -in. 90 cts.
Little Giant Pruning Hook and Saw, Combined. Can be attached to pole any length. \$r.50.


## STUMPP \& WALTER CO., 50 Barclay St., New York



Scythes. Imported English, riveted back, also solid back. 32-in. \$r.40, Little Giant. $\$ 1.50$-in. $\$ 1.60,38$-in. $\$ 1.70$.
Little Giant. Solid steel, 28 -in. \$1.15, 30-in. \$1.25, 32-in. \$r.35, 34-in. \$1.40.
Snath and Handle. Patent best quality. 90 cts .
Stones. English Talacre Quarry. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Rifles. Emery coated. 15 cts each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Scissors, Grape Thinning, English. Best steel. 75 cts .
American Flower Gathering. 75 cts.
Shears, Pruning. Kunde Shears are the best and strongest solid steel shears made. \$3.
French. $5^{1 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. $\$ 1.25,61 / 2-\mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35,8$-in. $\$ 1.45,9-\mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75$
Wiss. Solid steel. 9 -in. $\$ 2$, Io-in. $\$ 2.50$
S. \& W, Co.'s Special. Steel blades, malleable handles. 50 cts.

Ladies' Nickel Plated. $5^{1 / 2}-\mathrm{in}$. 90 cts., $61 / 2-\mathrm{in}$. $\$ 1$.
Branch, or Lopping. Three sizes, $\$ 2.50, \$ 2.75$ and $\$ 3$.
Grass. Full nickel, solid steel. 6 -in. blade 75 cts., 7 -in. blade $\$$ r.
Grass, Imported English. Best procurable. $61 / 2-\mathrm{in}$., bent. $\$ 1.25$.
Border and Grass Edging. 10 - in. blades $\$ 2.50$, with wheel $\$ 2.75$.
Lawn. so-in. blades, with two wheels, $\$ 2.75$.
Hedge. Imported English laid blade. 8 -in. \$1.25, 9-in. \$r.50, 10-in. \$2; 8 -in. notched, $\$ 1.50,9$ - in. notched, $\$$ r.75, 10 -in. notched, $\$ 2.25$.
Shovels, Ames'Long and D-Handles. Long-strapped, round or sq. \$1.50. Sickle's'Pointed and Square. \$1.
Silkaline. Largely used for tying, in bouquet work. Fine, medium and coarse. Per spool 25 cts., $\$$ r. 50 per box of 8 spools.
Spades, Ames' Long and D-Handles. \$r. 50 .
Seeder, Cahoon's. Improved broadcast seed-srwer. Will sow all kinds of grass and grain seed, from four to eight acres per hour at a common walking gait. $\$ 4$.
Stakes, Plant, Tapering Green-


Chinese Cane. These are genuine Chinese canes, very strong and
heavy
IOO I,000
5 feet, heavy...... \$2 00 \$1600
Japanese Cane-
$5^{1 / 2}$ to 6 feet......... $\$ 1$ oo $\$ 800$
Dahlia Poles-
3 feet .............. \$0 75 Doz. $\$ 600$ $31 / 2$ feet ............... 90 700
Galvanized Wire- $\quad 100$ 1,000
feet ................\$1 75 \$12 50
$3^{1 / 2}$ feet ............... 2001450
6 feet, heavy.......... $\$ 2_{2}^{100} 5_{2}^{1,000} \$ 2000$
7 feet, heavy ............. 2 25 75 2500
100 1,0006 to 8 feet6 to 8 feet.............. $\$ 1$. 50 \$12 0010 to 12 feet................ 600
4 feet ...................... $\$ 100 \quad \$ 800$
5 feet ..................................... I 30 10 00
$\qquad$
$4^{1 / 2}$ foo 1,000
5 feet ...................... $2 \quad 75 \quad 2000$

4 feet .............. 225 16 oo 6 feet ..................... $325 \quad 2500$
Tomato Supports, Wire. 32 inches high, 14 inches in diameter, made of heavy steel wire. I5 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100 .
Perfection Patent Wood. 36 inches high, and 12 inches wide. Can be taken apart and stored. 25 cts . each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Trowel, Solid Steel. Hand-forged. 6-in. $35 \mathrm{cts} ., 7$-in. 40 cts .
Maynard. Best trowel made. 6-in. $75 \mathrm{cts}, 7$-in. \$1.
Transplanting. Solid steel. 25 cts . each.
Slim Jim. Excellent for transplanting. 10 -in. 15 cts., 13 - in. 25 cts.
Steel Garden. Cheap, light and useful. 25 cts , each, $\$ 2.75$ per doz
Plant Tubs. New York Cedar. Made of the very choicest seasoned cedar, highly finished with black hoops; will last twice as long as cypress tubs.
Diameter Height Price

No. 1 . 12 in.... IO $1 / 2$ in.... $\$ 1$ Io No. 2. 13 in.... 13 in... I 40 No. 3. 14 $4^{1 / 2}$ in....I 5 in... I 70
No. $14^{1 / 2}$ in.... 15 in... 170 No. $5 \cdots 22^{1 / 2}$ in.... $18 \frac{1}{2}$ in.... 240 Cedar Tree. Very heavy; particularly adapted for large, heavy plants. Outside $\begin{gathered}\text { Length of } \\ \text { diameter staves }\end{gathered}$ Price $\begin{gathered}\text { Outside } \begin{array}{c}\text { Length of } \\ \text { diameter } \\ \text { Staves }\end{array} \text { Price }\end{gathered}$ No. $0 . . .27$ in..... 24 in..... $\$ 6$ oo No. $5 . . . . .16$ in..... 14 in..... $\$ 3$ oo No. 1...25 in..... 22 in..... 500 No. $6 . . . .14$ in.... 12 in..... 250 No. $2 \ldots 23$ in.... 20 in..... 450 No. $7 . . . .{ }^{2} 13$ in...... II in..... 2225 No. 3...21 in..... 18 in..... 4 00 No 4 ... 18 in.... 16 in.... 350
Torch, Asbestos. 35 cts. each; by mail, 45 cts.
Watering Pot, Haw's Pattern. No. 0,3 -qt., shelf, 9 -inch spout, one pot rose and extra joint, \$2. No. 2, 4-qt., japanned, 2 roses, $\$ 3$. No. 3. 6 -qt., japanned, 2 roses, $\$ 3.50$. No. 4,8 -qt., japanned, 2 roses, $\$ 4$. No. 5 , 10-qt., japanned, one rose and spreader, $\$ 4.50$.
Watering Pot. Heavy galvanized, round and oval; each can has two roses-one fine and one coarse.

| 6-quart, round................ $\$ 200$ <br> 8 -quart, round................ 225 |
| :---: |
|  |  |

6-quart, oval. $\$ 25$
8-quart, round.................. 225
Io-quart, round...................... 25250
12-quart, round........... 25
$\qquad$ 250

10-quart, oval............................ 3 30
Weeders, Hazeltine. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2.25$ per doz.i postage 5 cts . extra.
Excelsior Finger. Claw fingers. 10c. each, \$i per doz.; postage 5 sc . ex.
Eureka Hand. Short handle. 25 c . ea., $\$ 2.75$ per doz.; postage 1oc. extra.

## STUMPP \& WALTER CO.'S GENERAL SUPPLIES

## Sprayers for Applying Insecticides and Fungicides



## AUTO-SPRAY

Convenient, durable, efficient Our patented leader of spray apparatus for small uses. Will do better work and do it easier than any other similar article. Useful with Bordeaux and all solutions, also in applying cold water paints or whitewash. Holds four gallons. Illustration shows our new "Auto-Pop" attachment which doubles the efficiency by saving half the solution and labor. Our "Anti-Choke" Nozzle, cleaned at every operation of "AutoPop," can never clog. Tank made of galvanized steel or brass. Highgrade hose. Heavy self-contained pump, all brass. Nipple connections, nozzle, etc., turned from solid brass rod with full threads. Castings for handle, etc., all malleable. No continuous pumping as in the cases of the Knapsack Sprayer, no continuous pumping or slopping as in the case of the bucket pump. A few strokes of plunger compresses enough air to cover a quarter acre of potatoes or similar crop. The operator simply holds the nozzle. Also used for spraying disinfectants. A practical machine for potatoes, tobacco, small fruits, vineyards, poultry-houses, greenhouses, etc. Extension pipes useful for spraying tall trees. Detailed descriptive circular on request.
"Auto-Spray," No. I, Brass
Tank, with Stop Cock ...... $\$ 675$ "Auto-Spray," No. I, Brass
Tank, with "Auto-Pop," ... 7 "Auto-Spray," No. 1, Galvanized Tank, with Stop Cock.,
"Auto-Spray," No. I, Galvanized Tank, with "Auto-Pop"
"Auto-Pop," supplied separately
 Tin, 50 cts.; brass, $\$$ i.


## S. \& W. CO.'S "FRUITALL" SPRAY PUMP

The "Fruitall" illustrated herewith has been designed especially to meet the demand for a low-priced sprayer combining the necessary durability, efficiency and strength.

Outfit C. Sprayer with agitator and one lead 15 feet $x / 2$-inch discharge hose, with "Mistry" or "Mistry Jr." spray nozzle. Price, without barrel, \$13.50.
Outfit D. Sprayer with agitator and two leads, 15 feet each, " $1 / 2$-inch discharge hose, with "Mistry" or "Mistry Jr." spray nozzle. Price, without barrel, \$16.

If Agitator is not wanted, deduct 75 cents from the list. We supply barrel and mount sprayer on same, for $\$ 3.50$ extra list, but the barrel is not furnished unless specially ordered.


## AUTO-SPRAY, WHITEWASH AND PAINT MACHINE

This is warranted the most powerful and most durable machine in its class.

Tank.-Extra heavy galvanized steel; holds 8 gallons, and has reinforced cover. Pump.-All brass but handle-fittings; cylinders extra heavy, $1 x / 2$ inches in diameter, both air and pump; ball valves and hree-ply hose
Weight. - Net 20 pounds, shipping 35 pounds. Uses.-Suitable for spraying insecticides and fungicides on trees, shrubs and vines, as well as the application of whitewash or cold-water paints, and will do the work of five men with brushes.

Price, complete with 8 feet of hose, $8-\mathrm{ft}$. iron extension and one Vermorel nozzle suitable to all classes of spraying. \$12.

## COMPRESSED-AIR SPRAYER

The most perfect hand compressed-air sprayer made. Holds one quart. Tin, 75 c .; brass, $\$ 1.50$.

## S. \& W. CO.'S BUCKET SPRAY PUMP

Bordeaux Brass Garden and Spray Pump is especially designed for spraying in gardens and greenhouses. Has adjustable foot-piece to fit different size buckets, with 3 ft . $3 / 8-\mathrm{in}$. hose and spray nozzle. $\$ 3.75$.
S. \& W. CO.'S TRUCK, LEAF-RACK AND WATERBARREL COMBINATION
When we consider the almost innumerable uses to which our combined truck, leaf-rack and water-barrel can be put, its handiness and the immense amount of time and hard labor saved by its use, it is not a matter of surprise that it is steadily growing into popular favor. It is one of those articles that cause the user to wonder how he ever did without it, as it really becomes indispensable when once used. Price, truck and barrel, as in cut, with
 $21 / 2$-in. tire wheels, \$11; with handy cart box, length $37 \times 231 / 2$ in. wide by 8 in. deep, $\$ 3$ extra; with leaf-rack, 42 in . long by 28 in. wide by 21 in. deep, $\$ 5$ extra. Price, complete with truck, water-barrel, box and leaf-rack. \$19.


BELLOWS, WOODASON'S
Powder, small size .............. \$1 25
Liquid, small size .................. I 50 large size

225
Double Cone Powder Bellows. For dusting plants with dry powders for insects and fungus. \$3.25.
SYRINGES
No. jo. Barrel 18 in. long, one coarse

## and one fine spray

rose and one stream jet with patent valve and elbow joint. \$6.
No. 11. Similar to No. 10, without patent valve. $\$ 4.75$.
No. G. Barrel 16 in. long; diameter $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., open rose, one spray rose and jet, one side attachment with angle joint. $\$ 450$.

No. 2. Barrel $131 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. long; one coarse and one fine spray and one stream rose; solid brass. $\$ 4.50$.

No. A. Barrel 12 in . long; one spray and one stream rose. \$2.50.
No. H. Barrel 16 in . long, $11 / 2$ in. diameter with fixed spray rose.
Sheet brass. \$2.75.
Abol Syringe. An excellent brass hand syringe with angle necik attachment. No. 6, price $\$ 7.50$.

## FERGUSON'S COMB'N SPRAYER AND SYRINGE

Three roses-fine, medium and coarse. Recommended as regards syringing under the foliage of plants where force is needed to keep down red spider, etc. Substantially made of brass and can be screwed on the end of any hose same as an ordinary nozzle. \$3.

## PLANET JR. GARDEN TOOLS

Space will not permit illustrating and describing all of the "Planet Jr." tools; but we will gladly send fully illustrated catalogue free, for the asking, to any address. Remember, "Planet Jr." machines are the recognized standards throughout the world, and are guaranteed by the manufacturers.

No. 11 "Planet Jr." Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Plow and Rake
Price, with attachments, as in cut, \$9
Weight, 37 lbs .


The Planet Jr. Double Wheel Hoes are the greatest cultivating tools in the world for the onion and small sugar-beet grower, and also for every grower of garden crops from drilled seed. They do more and do it better and easier than can possibly be done in any other way ; are particularly adapted for straddling one row of plants, cultivating soil as they go along and bringing soil close to plant on both sides.
Attachments: I pair 6 -inch hoes, I pair 4 -inch hoes, 2 pairs hollow steel cultivator teeth, I pair plows, 2 3-tooth rakes, 2 -tooth rakes, 2 leaf-lifters.
The hoes are the most valuable of all the wheel-hoe attachments; are oil-tempered and polished. Use the 4 -inch for 6 -, Io- or 12 -inch rows; the 6 -inch for rows 12 inches and upward.
The plows are invaluable; use them with points together for opening furrows for manure, seed, etc.; then exchange sides for covering; use them also for plowing away from or toward the crop, both sides at once.
The cultivating teeth for deep or shallow work, and for marking out.
Leaf-lifters save time and enable fine work to be done close to the row without additional labor, when plants are large or leaves are flat on the ground.

## No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

This Wheel Hoe is invaluable for use in a 11 small crops. Its variety of work is almost incredible. It has II - inch

## STEEL FRAME

 wheels, which cance apart ; malleable frame, with ample

No. 16 "Planet Jr." Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow
Price, with attachments, $\$ 5.85$. Weight, 27 lbs .


We offer these Single Wheel Hoes as the highest type of their class. They have a great variety of tools, which adapt the implements to a large variety of work, and there is scarcely any garden culture of which they are not capable. They are a trifle lighter to handle than the double wheel hoe and are also particularly adaptable for use by man, woman or child, the handles bengg adjustable in height. The frame is convenient and strong, with quick-change device by which tools may be changed without removing nuts.
Attachments : I pair 6 -inch hoes, 3 cultivator teeth, I 4 -inch rake, 17 -inch rake, i large garden plow, i leaf-guard.

## No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

This latest and best single wheel hoe has a set of tools such as have been found to work in the very best manner. It has II-inch wheel with broad face; is very light, strong and easy running. It has adjustable handles and
 quick-change frame; the frame changes in height, and the wheel may be attached to the other side of the frame, when both sides of the row may be hoed at one passage. Price, \$6. Weight, 22 lbs.


## The "Fire-Fly" Garden Plow

This tool is most useful in small gardens, opening furrows for manure or seeds, and covering them quickly. Chicken raisers will find it very useful in plowing up the scratching yards. The moldthe scratching yards. The moldsteel; the depth is quickly changed. Price, \$2.35.

No. 14 "Planet Jr." Double Wheel Disc Hoe, Cultivator and Plow
Price, with attachments, as in cut, $\$ 8$. Weight, 38 lbs.
One set disc hoes, I pair $3^{-}$ prong cultivator teeth, I pair plows, ${ }^{1}$ pair


## Farmers' No. 19 Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

This new and attractive implement is especially designed for the farmer's garden work, though it offers to every one, with either field
or garden, a cheap
 and effective tool for all hand wheel hoe operations.

The Wheel is high and is made with stiff steel rim and spokes, and a combination steel and malleable iron hub. The wheel arms are steel and the frame of the tool is attached adjustably to the wheel arms, so that the height of the handles may be readily changed to suit man or boy.
The Standard is slotted to make regulation of depth easy, and, by means of an adjustable malleable filling piece, the same standard is made to carry perfectly all the steels that come with the machine. Price, \$3.75.
"Planet Jx."" No. 13 Double Wheel-Hoe
"Planet Jr." No. 18 Single Wheel-Hoe, one pair 6-inch hoes only..

350
"Planet Jr." No. 17 y $1 / 2$ Single Wheel-Hoe ................. 450
"'Planet Jr."' Grass Edger .
625
No. 38 "Planet Jr." Single Wheel Disc Hoe,
Cultivator and Plow
Price, complete, \$7. Packed weight, 29 ibs. I set discs, I pair 3 -prong cultivator teeth, I plow, I leaf-lifter.


## LAWN REQUISITES



PENNSYLVANIA HIGH-WHEEL
15-in.. \$12 00..grass catcher.\$1 70| 19 -in..\$1400..grass catcher.\$1 90 1 7 -in.. I3 00.

## PHILADELPHIA STYLE E. High-wheel, 10-inch

15-inch. $\$ 900$. grass catcher. $\$ \mathrm{I} 70 \mid 19$-in.. $\$ 1100$. grass catcher. $\$ 190$ 17 -inch. 1000 ..

## VICTORY. Ball-bearing, High-grade Mower

Ball-bearing, ro-inch wheels, triple gear, four-bladed reel. A 24inch mower can be operated as easily as a 16 -inch of the old style, and lawn mown in one-quarter of the time.


## EASY BORDER AND TERRACE MOWER



## CHAIN ROLLER GOLF MOWER

Specially designed for borders and golf greens. Will cut close enough and clean enough to satisfy the most fastidious golfer, Runs easier than any other ever built. It will stay in perfect order longer than any other, and we warrant it. Net prices
12-inch ...... ............... . $\$ 10$ oo | $_{10}$-inch
\$12 00
14 -inch.
II 00 - 18 -inch
1300
H. W. UNIVERSAL. With Ball Bearings A first-class, high-wheel Lawn Mower at a popular price. Four revolving knives giving continuous
 cut; 9-inch driving wheels; drop forged steel self-locking pawls; flexible lower knife; self-sharpening. Made of best materials and fully warranted.
14-inch.............................. $\$ 5$. 50
I6-inch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6 oo
18-inch ............................ . . 650 20-inch ........................... 700


The "Velvetlawn" Seeder

COLDWELL'S HIGH-WHEEL IMPERIAL MOWER
14-inch ........................ . $\$ 8$ oo $\mid 18$-inch
\$10 00 16-inch ......................... 9 00 20 -inch $\qquad$ II O

## BANNER LAWN MOWER

A first-class, low-priced mower for general use.
\$2 90 16-inch
$\$ 350$
14-inch

## S. \& W. Co.'s Grass Catchers

To fit all Lawn Mowers.

12- to 16 -inch cut.<br>\$1.25 each | 16 - to 22 -inch cut.<br>\$1.50 each

## New Apollo Rotary Lawn Sweeper

2 -inch sweep
\$ro oo | 28 -inch sweep
. $\$ 1200$

## The Dunham "Water-Weight" Lawn Roller

The Dunham "Water-Weight" Roller with handle weights is the most satisfactory and serviceable roller ever produced for general purposes. The handle weights (shown in the illustration) are to counterbalance the weight of the handle and keep it in an upright position off the ground, otherwise the wooden handle bar would soon rot and metal handle frame become incrusted with rust. Insist upon a roller having handle weights, as they also add speed and ease of operation to the roller. The "Water-Weight" Roller can be filled with water or sand to the required weight. The smallest model weighs 120 pounds empty, 260 pounds filled with water and 360 pounds filled with sand. The Dunham "Water-Weight" Roller is electric welded, making the water section one solid drum. No rivets are used-it cannot leak. The rolling surface is perfectly smooth. All Dunham Rollers are roller-bearing. The axles are high carbon steel, perfectly round and revolve in roller-bearings of the same style as used in automobile construction. Actual tests have proved

Fill with Water or Sand that the Dunham Roller-bearing Roller can be operated with $44 \%$ less energy or power than is required to run any other roller. The "Water-Weight" feature enables the weight of the Dunham Roller to be adjusted to the conditions of the soil to be rolled and the strength of the operator. The Dunham "Water-Weight" Roller can be filled without standing it on end. Even the largest size can be operated by one man. Diam. Length $\begin{aligned} & \text { Weight Filled with } \\ & \text { inches inches Sections Empty water sand Price }\end{aligned}$

 Prices on 2 -section "Water-Weight" Lawn Rollers, in larger sizes, on request.

## The "Velvetlawn" Seeder <br> AN EXCELLENT NEW MACHINE FOR SEEDING OLD OR NEW LAWNS

Puts seed in old sod or new ground securely. Covers and roils same
A machine without a competitor. From early sowing to even growing
POINTS WHY THIS MACHINE IS WITHOUT A COMPETITOR
Will sow, cover and roll seed to any desired depth in a strip 16 inches wide, as fast as a man can walk. Cutting action of the discs relieves old sod of root-bound condition. The discs cultivate the grass roots. Each disc automatically conforms to inequalities in the soil. The operator can drill any amount of seed desired. The "Velvetlawn". Grass Seeder puts the seed in the ground, not on top. Birds, wind and rain will have no ill effect when the seed is drilled into the soil. Every feed is a force feed, every feed sows the same amount. Each seed trench contains an equal quantity. "Velvetlawn" Grass Seeders are equipped with adjustable handle, thus insuring ease of operation for any height of man. The discs do not tear the soil, they cut it. All the seed being planted at an even depth in the soil, the plants must all come up at the same time, and make uniform growth. Machines equipped with press wheels, roller or scrapers for same price, at option of purchaser. This Seeder is also adapted for sowing or drilling carrots, lettuce, onions or radishes.

Price, F. O. B. New York, $\$ 15$.
We can also supply "Velvetlawn" Fertilizer Sower. Also onehorse "Velvetlawn" Clover and Grass Seeder, price cheerfully sent on request.

## REMEDIES FOR INSECTS AND FUNGUS

All remedies listed below by the pound, which are non-poisonous, can be sent by mail, if $\mathbf{1 5}$ cents is added to cover postage; all remedies otherwise listed are not mailable, unless specially noted.

## To-Bak-ine Products

Will positively kill green and black fly, thrips, mealy bug, red spider and other insects on flowers, plants, trees, etc.
To-bak-ine Fumigating Paper. For quick and effective fumigation. Box 75 cts., by mail 85 cts.
To-bak-ine Liquid. For spraying and vaporizing. I/4pt. 75 cts ., 1/2pt. $\$ 1.35, \mathrm{pt}$ \$2.50, gal. $\$ 16$.
Aphine. The insecticide that kills plant lice of every species. Qt. \$1, gal. \$2.50.
Aphis Punk. By mail, 75 cts. per box, 12 rolls.
Arsenate of Lead. For all leaf-eating insects. Guaranteed not to injure the foliage. Three pounds will do the work of four pounds of other brands, and will not readily wash off. Guaranteed to contain an average of $20 \%$ arsenic. Lb. 25 cts., 2 lbs. 40 cts ., 5 lbs . $90 \mathrm{cts} ., 12^{1 / 2} \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.10,25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 4$. IO , 50 lbs . $\$ 8$.
Avenarius carbolineum. You can double the life of wood against decay by painting it with this wood preservative. Thirty-five years' continuous use has proven its value under all soil and climatic conditions. A chemically treated distillate of coal tar with permanent antiseptic properties, non-evaporative, always liquid and ready for use. Paint silos, stain shingles, dip fence-posts, spray poultry houses. Complete details in Bulletin 33
Fungicide. The properties of high and permanent antiseptic value in an oily form make it a much-valued remedy for preventing insect attack, destroying fungous growth, curing canker, black rot and other diseases on trees. Special directions in Circular 47.
Vermicide. Ever remaining in the wood and destroying as well as preventing all germ life, makes it the most lasting and efficacious insecticide to prevent chicken lice and mites and the appearance of any vermin in stables, barns and pens. Neither horses, mice, rabbits, nor other animals will attack trees or any woodwork painted with Avenarius Carbolineum. Sprayed in stables it deodorizes and prevents spreading of disease among livestock. Circular 43 gives particulars. Sold under a guarantee to be as represented. Gal. $\$ 1.25,5$ or 1o gals., $\$ 1$. ro per gal.; half-barrels, 90 c . per gal.; barrel, 85 c . per gal. Cattle Comfort." Protects horses, cattle, dogs, etc., from flies, gnats, mosquitos, horse-flies and other insects; is healing to sores, destroys head-lice on fowls, etc. Qt .45 cts .
Copper Solution, Ammoniated. One quart of solution to 25 quarts of water. Qt. \$1.
Tree Oil. The best insecticide in the market for greenhouse and house plants; it frees plants of nearly all insects to which they are subject. $1 / 2$-pt. tin 40 cts., pt. 75 cts ., qt. $\$ 1.25,1 / 2 \mathrm{gal}$. $\$ 2.25$, gal. \$4. Directions for use on each can.
Fir Tree Oil Soap. A formula of the above Fir Tree Oil, prepared in soap form and preferred by some. It will do all claimed for the fluid preparation. $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tins 25 cts ., 2 lbs. 75 cts ., 5 lbs . $\$ 1.7 \mathrm{o}$, 10 lbs. \$3.25.
Flour of Sulphur. For mildew. Lb, io cts., 5 lbs. 40 cts ., 10 lbs . 60 cts ., 100 lbs. $\$ 5$
Gishurst's Compound. 50 cts. per box.
Grape Dust. For mold, mildew or rust mites, either in greenhouses or open air. 5 lbs. 40 cts , $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6$.


Hellebore, Powdered. Good for exterminating currant worms. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} .15 \mathrm{cts}$., 1 b .25 cts., 5 lbs.
Kerosene Emulsion. Qt. 50 cts., gal. $\$ 1.25$, Lemon $\$ 5.50$
Lemon Oil. Odorless and poisonless; i to 30 to 50 parts of water. Destroys mealy bug, scale, thrips, red spider, black and green fly, caterpillar, etc. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. 25 cts., pt. 40 cts ., qt. 75 cts ., $1 / 2$ gal. $\$ 1.25$, gal. $\$ 2$.
Nicoticide. 4 -oz. can 70 cts ., $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25$, m -pt. can $\$ 2.50$.
Nikoteen. Pt. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$. $. ~ . ~$
Paris Green. Lb, 40 cts., 5 1bs. \$1.75
Pyrox (Bowker's). The one best and safest all-round spray which kills all leafeating insects and prevents blights and all
fungous troubles, without injury, on fruit trees, grape-vines, currant bushes, potatoes, canteloupes, cucumbers and other garden vegetables, also on rose bushes, shrubbery, etc. It is a creamy paste which looks like paint and "sticks like paint." It needs only to be mixed with cold water and it is ready to apply. Once tried, always used. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ 1$, io lbs. $\$ 1.75$, 25 lbs. $\$ 4$, 50 lbs . $\$ 7.50$.
Rose Sulpho-Tobacco Soap. For plants, trees, cattle, poultry, etc. Package 10 cts ., $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. package 25 cts .
Rose-leaf Extract of Tobacco. Pt. 30 cts., qt. 50 cts., gal. $\$ 1.50$, 5 gals. $\$ 5$.
Scalecide. A very excellent spray for San José scale ; spray spring and fall. Gal. \$1, 5 gals. $\$ 3.25$.
Scotch Soot. Genuine imported. One of the best fertilizers for stimulating healthy growth of dark green foliage, and it will free the soil of slugs, grubs and cut-worms. $10 \mathrm{lbs} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.50$, 100 lbs. $\$ 4$.
Slug Shot. 5 lbs .30 cts ., io lbs. 50 cts. , $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5$
Tobacco Stems. Indispensable for fumigating greenhouses and conservatories for the destruction of green and black aphis and other insects. Bale, ioo lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
Kilmdead. The best of all the tobacco dusts for dusting or fumigating. Lb. 1oc., 5 lbs. 40 c ., 25 lbs . $\$ 1.25$, 50 lbs. $\$ 2.25$, $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 4$.
Whale Oil Soap. Lb. 20 cts., 5 lbs. 75 cts .
Worm Eradicator. The worm will immediately rise to the surface of the ground of flower bed, or will fall off the trees, fruits or flowers, and in a few minutes will die. 25 -cent bottle makes 5 gallons of liquid, 50 -cent bottle makes ro gallons of liquid, \$I bottle makes 25 gallons of liquid
X-L-All Liquid Insecticide. Destroys mealy bug, scale, thrip, red spider, green and black fly, caterpillars, blight and all insect pests in the garden; it is perfectly safe to use on tender plants. For the winter dressing of vines, figs, peaches and other fruit trees, it has been proven to be the safest and most valuable preparation in the market. It requires no washing off the plants, as it will be found to leave the foliage bright and clean and much improved in appearance. Qt. $\$ \mathrm{I}$, $1 / 2 \mathrm{gal}$ \$1.75, gal. $\$ 3.50$.
X-L-All Vaporizing Compound. Bottle containing sufficient to fumigate 10,000 cubic feet, $\$ 2.25$; 20,0co cubic feet, $\$ 4$
Quick Bordeaux. Is entirely different from all ordinary prepared fungicides, due to the unique manner in which the chemicals are placed in the bags, whereby they keep fresh and strong as long as kept dry. Directions for use ; instruct the least experienced man about the place to hang one bag of Quick Bordeaux in a $50-\mathrm{gallon}$ barrel of water and squeeze it until the contents are dissolved. One man and one barrel only are required. Will stick to foliage. Lb. can 25 cts., makes 5 gallons spray; $5-\mathrm{lb}$. can $\$ 1$, 10-lb. bag $\$ \mathrm{I} .25,50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6,100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1 \mathrm{I}$.
"Target Brand"' Weed Killer. Is a most effective solution of high-grade chemicals, combined by secret process. The dilution is I to 50 parts of water, made so easily that a boy or child can attend to it. A remedy that not only reduces the amount of labor, but does it at about one-tenth the cost. A gallon, diluted, is sufficient to cover a space 100 to 150 square yards. Application is best made with a watering can to insure uniform distribution, the most advisable time being after a rain, which is when weeds start to sprout and grow, "Target Brand Weed Killer" effectively destroys the roots as well as the top growth, and single applications last almost an entire season. Qt., makes 51 quarts, 50 cts .; $3 / 2$ gal lon, makes $25^{1 / 2}$ gallons, 75 cts.; gallon, makes 51 gallons, $\$ 1.25$; 5 gallons, makes 255 gallons, $\$ 5$.

## Fumigators and Vaporizers

Fumigator, "Eureka." For fumigating with tobacco stems. Each No. I holds $1 / 2$ peck stems . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{11} 50$ No. 2 holds I peck stems 2
No. 3 holds $1 / 2$ bushel stems ............................................ . . 250
Vaporizer, Campbell's Patent Sulphur. Designed to va-
porize sulphur in greenhouses without danger. Host useful
for killing mildew and other fungous diseases
No. I For houses up to 5,000 cubic feet of space.
No. 2 For bouses up to 10,000 cubic feet of space 750
Glass Balls for above. Per box of $6,15 \mathrm{cts}$.
Yellow Powder. Per tin, 20 cts .
Hollow or Solid Wicks for either size. 15 cts.

## FERTILIZERS

## S. \& W. Co.'s Bone Fertilizers

No. 1 Bone Dust for Quick Acting. A fine ground bone of the best quality that is immediately available. As a top50 cts., 25 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{r}, 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{~F} .75,100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3$, ton $\$ 50$. No. 2 Bone Dust for General Use. A bone dust about pinhead size with a fair percentage of bone flour. Excellent for
 No. 3 Crushed Bone for Vines and Trees. Largely used for vine borders, trees and shrubs. About the size of a bean. $\$ \mathrm{I} .75,100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3$, ton $\$ 45$.
S. E W. Co.'s Charcoal. Excellent for mixing with vine borders. Three sizes, No. I, Powdered; No. 2, Medium; No. 3 , Lumps, 3 to 4 inches. Per' bag, 50 lbs., $\$ 1.25$, any size.
S. © W. Co.'s Potato Manure. This brand is our ufactured from a bone and meat basis, and is high in analysis and a strictly high-grade fertilizer. It is a brand that has given universal satisfaction for all root crops, and it is unequaled for potatoes, gardening or truck farming. $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.75,100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3,500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 12$, $\mathrm{r}, 000 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 22.50$, ton $\$ 42$.
S. \& W. Co 's General Garden Fertilizer. This fertilizer is for general garden work for vegetables, fowers and fruits. Io lbs. sufficient for space $15 \times 15.500 \mathrm{lbs}$. to the acre. 5 lbs . 25 cts., ro lbs. 45 cts., 25 lbs. $\$ 1$, 50 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .75$, ioo lbs. $\$ 3$, ton $\$ 45$
S. \& W. Co.'s Corn Fertilizer. $\begin{aligned} & \text { This is a brand } \\ & \text { which many } \\ & \text { farm- }\end{aligned}$ ers prefer to use that have sufficient quantities of stable manure for broadcast application, using this brand in the hill or drill. We have many interesting testimonials as to its quality for growing splendid crops of corn. 50 lbs . $\$ \mathrm{I} .75$, 100 libs. $\$ 3,500 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 11, \mathrm{I}, 000 \mathrm{lbs}$, $\$ 20$, ton $\$ 37$.

## PREPARED HUMUS CONCENTRATE

A lawn and general-purpose fertilizer. Richer in plant food and better than sheep manure at less cost per ton. All the good qualities of manure in concentrated form with freedom from stench and weed seeds. It adds humus to the soil. Increases the water-holding power. Aids in resisting drought. Promotes beneficial soil bacteria. In short, an ideal general-purpose fertilizer and fertility renewer. Price, per ton, in $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bags
Carloads of 20 tons, price on application.

## GENERAL LIST

ASHES, CANADA HARDWOOD. $x$ to 2 tons per acre, as one heavy application will help much more than the same quantity would applied in fractions. Bbl. of about $200 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 3$, ton of $2,000 \mathrm{lbs}$., in bbls., $\$ 24$; by car, $\$ 22$ per ton.
BON ARBOR. A complete plant food. High in nitrogen, potash and phosphoric acid. $3 / 2$-lb. package makes 15 gallons liquid, 25 c ., r-lb. package 50 cts., 5 - lb . package $\$ \mathrm{r} .80$. Circular on application.
"BONORA," "NATURE'S PLANT FOOD." 5 lbs. making $\$ 40$ gallons, $\$ 2.50,1 / 4-\mathrm{lb}$. package 25 cts ., $\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{lb}$. package 50 cts . Circular and further information on application.
BOWKER'S AMMONIATED FOOD FOR FLOWERS. Made especially for plants grown in the conservatory, house or garden; clean, free from offensive odor. Full directions with each package. Small size, 15 cts., large size 25 c.; by mail, 20c. and 30c.
CLAY'S CELEBRATED FERTILIZER. In bags, 1 cwt. ( 112 lbs .) $\$ 7,1 / 2 \mathrm{cwt}$. $(56 \mathrm{lbs}$.) $\$ 4,1 / 4 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 28 lbs ) $\$ 2.25,1 / 8 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 14 lbs .) $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$.
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